

NOAA CIOERT Cruise Report

South Atlantic MPAs and Deepwater Coral HAPCs: Characterization of Benthic Habitat, Benthic Macrobiota, and Fish Communities

**NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* Cruise 14-08
FGBNMS *Mohawk* ROV
June 18-27, 2014**

Funding: NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program (CRCP)
South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC)
NOAA CRCP-Fishery Management Council Coral Reef Conservation
Cooperative Agreements

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HARBOR BRANCH

FLORIDA ATLANTIC UNIVERSITY

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EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

A 10 day research cruise was conducted by NOAA National Marine Fisheries, June 18 to 27, 2014, on the NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* with the new Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary (FGBNMS) *Mohawk* ROV. Collaborators included the Cooperative Institute for Ocean Exploration, Research, and Technology (CIOERT) at Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute, Florida Atlantic University (HBOI-FAU), College of Charleston, and University of North Carolina at Wilmington (ROV operations).

Recently, the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC) established eight deepwater Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) along the outer continental shelf off the southeastern U.S. This cruise was the final cruise of a 3-year grant to document and characterize the benthic habitats, benthic biota, and fish populations within and adjacent to the MPA protected areas within the jurisdiction of the SAFMC.

This 2014 Cruise Report provides detailed quantitative characterization of the benthic habitat, benthic macrobiota, and fish populations for each of the 29 ROV dives performed. Appendix 1 provides a species list and percent cover of benthic macrobiota observed at each dive site. Appendix 2 provides a species list and densities of fish species observed at each dive site. Appendix 3 provides a SEADESC Level II Report for each dive site. The SEADESC Level II report includes:

- cruise and ROV dive metadata and objectives
- figures showing each ROV dive track overlaid on multibeam sonar maps
- ROV dive site data (start and end coordinates, time, and depth)
- plots of temperature profiles for each ROV dive
- images characterizing the habitat and biota
- summary of dive notes and habitat descriptions
- quantitative analyses of photo transects at each dive site using CPCe 4.1[®] Coral Point Count for percent cover of benthic macrobiota and substrate types
- quantitative analyses of video transects at each dive site for fish densities by species.

Twenty-nine ROV dives were conducted resulting in a total bottom time of 39.4 hours, covering ~25 km, at depths from 40 to 168 m. A total of 2,429 *in situ* digital images were taken which included quantitative transect images, general habitat, and species documentation images (as well as 234 still screen grabs made from the Hi-Def video). Forty-three shipboard CTD casts were made at the multibeam sites. A temperature/depth sensor recorded each ROV dive.

A total of 11 multibeam sonar surveys provided new maps covering a total area of 158.14 km² at depths ranging from 45 to 180 m. These sites had never been surveyed previously with multibeam sonar. Georeferenced maps were made for each of the sites and were ground-truthed with the ROV dives.

The data from this cruise will be combined with previous cruise data collected to characterize and document the habitat, benthic communities, and fish populations within the shelf-edge MPAs along the southeastern U.S. from North Carolina to south Florida. These data establish baseline information to be referenced and compared to future research cruises to identify the

long-term health and status of these important ecosystems. These data will be made available to the SAFMC, NOAA Fisheries, NOAA DSCRTP, NOAA CRCP, NOAA Mesophotic Reef Ecosystem Program, and NOAA Marine Sanctuaries to assist management on these habitats and key species.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

We gratefully acknowledge funding for research support and ROV operations by the NOAA Coral Reef Conservation Program (CRCP) and the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (CRCP Fishery Management Council Coral Reef Conservation Cooperative Agreements- Grant #: NA11NMF4410061). We also acknowledge the NOAA Office of Ocean Exploration and Research (OER Grant #: NA09OAR4320073), the NOAA Deep Sea Coral Research and Technology Program (DSCRTP), and the NOAA Office of Marine and Aviation Operations (OMAO) which provided support for ship time.

We thank the NOAA Cooperative Institute for Ocean Exploration, Research, and Technology (CIOERT) at Harbor Branch Oceanographic Institute, Florida Atlantic University (HBOI-FAU), and the Robertson Coral Reef Research and Conservation Program at HBOI. The crews of the NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* and FGBNMS ROV (Lance Horne and Jason White) are especially thanked for their support and efforts which made this cruise a success.

DELIVERABLES AND DATA MANAGEMENT

This Cruise Report and SEADESC Level II Report are the deliverables for this NOAA CRCP/SAFMC grant. To date, all data have been archived as required; these data include shipboard data, raw and processed multibeam sonar data, CTD, ROV navigation data, ROV video and digital images, ROV dive annotations, and HBOI Microsoft Access at-Sea Database (Table 1). A complete set of original data are archived by the Principal Investigators at NOAA Fisheries, Panama City (Stacey Harter) and HBOI-FAU (John Reed).

The NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* survey department, under the direction of the Operations Officer, has archived all multibeam data at the National Geophysical Data Center. This archive will be conducted in consultation with the Principal Investigator to ensure there is not unintentional release of sensitive data to the public.

Table 1. NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise (June 18-27, 2014) data archives (Principal Investigators- Stacey Harter, Andrew David, NOAA NMFS, Panama Lab; John Reed, HBOI-FAU).

Source	Description	Format
Ship	Multibeam (MB) sonar- raw	PDS
Ship	MB- processed files (corrected for tides and sound velocity)	CARIS, HDCS,XYZ (ASCII)
Ship	MB- GeoTIFF	TIFF

Ship	CTD	CSV
ROV	ROV video- digital copies of all ROV dives	External hard drives, DVD
ROV	ROV digital still images	JPEG; External hard drives, DVD
ROV	Event log	CSV
Science	ROV dive track polygons	ArcGIS shapefile
Science	Cruise database	Access MDB

CIOERT/NOAA COLLABORATION

The primary focus of this research cruise is to advance NOAA OER goals while complementing the management objectives of NOAA CRCP, NOAA DSCRTP, NOAA Mesophotic Reef Ecosystem Program, NOAA CIOERT, and the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council.

For this cruise, collaborators included NOAA NMFS (Andrew David, Stacey Harter, Heather Moe, Steven Mathews; Panama City), College of Charleston (Friedrich Knuth), NOAA CIOERT at HBOI-FAU (John Reed, Stephanie Farrington), and UNCW (Lance Horn, Jason White).

SCIENTIFIC PARTICIPANTS

Stacey Harter	Chief Scientist, Principal Investigator	NMFS-Panama City Lab
Andrew David	Co-Principal Investigator	NMFS-Panama City Lab
Stephanie Farrington	Biological Scientist, Data Manager	HBOI-FAU, CIOERT
Friedrich Knuth	Multibeam Sonar Specialist	College of Charleston
Steven Mathews	Scientist	NMFS-Panama City Lab
LT Heather Moe	Scientist	NMFS-Panama City Lab
Lance Horn	Chief ROV Pilot	UNCW
Jason White	ROV Pilot	UNCW
John Bilotta	Teacher-At-Sea	University of Minnesota
Kayla Johnson	Multibeam Sonar Specialist	Independent Contractor

PROJECT OVERVIEW

The South Atlantic Fishery Management Council (SAFMC) and Department of Commerce through the Magnuson-Stevens Fishery Management Act have established eight deepwater Marine Protected Areas (MPAs) and five deepwater Coral Habitat Areas of Particular Concern (CHAPCs) in addition to the *Oculina* Coral HAPC along the outer continental shelf off the southeastern U.S. This project proposes to document and characterize the benthic habitat, benthic sessile biota, and fish populations within some of these protected areas and within the jurisdiction of the SAFMC.

In February 2009, the SAFMC implemented eight Type II MPAs between Cape Hatteras, NC and the Florida Keys to protect seven species of the deepwater snapper-grouper complex. The closures, however, will provide ecosystem-level benefits to the entire complex as well as protect the shelf-edge reef habitat they utilize. These consist of five species of grouper: snowy grouper (*Hyporhodus niveatus*), yellowedge grouper (*H. flavolimbatus*), warsaw grouper (*H. nigrurus*), misty grouper (*H. mystacinus*) and speckled hind (*Epinephelus drummondhayi*), and two species of tilefish: golden tilefish (*Lopholatilus chamaeleonticeps*) and blueline tilefish (*Caulolatilus microps*). The deepwater shelf-edge MPAs are known to contain reef habitat exploited by these five species of grouper as well as deep mud banks used by the two tilefish species. These species are considered to be at risk due to currently low stock densities and to life history characteristics which subject them to substantial fishing mortality.

Bottom-tending fishing gear has been shown to have deleterious effects upon reefs and is now prohibited in the MPAs. These sites were designated by the Council to protect spawning grounds of reef fish. As such, decisions to create future area closures will be based upon the efficacy of these areas and the lessons learned during their implementation. Additionally, the MPAs contain extensive areas infested with the invasive lionfish, whose population continues to rapidly expand. Future monitoring will assist in evaluating the effects of this invasion on the ecosystem. Area closures constitute a politically charged issue that is unlikely to retain support without evidence indicating increases in the target species. This project will benefit coral reef ecosystems directly by improving our understanding of the impact of fishing activities on both fish and invertebrate species.

The proposed monitoring program for the MPAs will ensure the Council remains well informed of changes within reef fish populations and coral habitats associated with these MPAs. NOAA NMFS conducted preliminary examinations of five of these potential MPA sites in April-May 2004, June 2006, August 2007 and July 2008. Post-closure data were also collected in November 2009, May 2010, July 2012, and July 2013. The MPAs afforded the opportunity to obviate the criticisms of comparing MPAs with adjacent open-to fishing areas by examining the MPAs for four years prior to the closures. Since monitoring began in 2004, this project has produced population density estimates of targeted reef fish species within the boundaries of five of the eight MPAs and adjacent control areas, before and after closure.

GOALS

The primary goal of the cruise is to gather additional data on habitat and fish assemblages in the South Atlantic MPAs as part of a long term sampling program to document changes in these areas before and after implementation of fishing restrictions. Efficacy testing of this management tool will aid fishery managers in future use of area restrictions for the protection of valuable habitat and fishery resources.

This project is in direct support of Fishery Management Council activities associated with the characterization of protected shelf-edge and deepwater coral ecosystems and the efficacy testing of existing Marine Protected Areas. It directly addresses the following CRCP National Goals and Objectives: obtain ecological information for coral reef fishes and spawning aggregations.

Activities may include: a) studies that identify, map and characterize fisheries habitat (including essential fish habitat, habitat areas of particular concern, and spawning aggregation sites) in U.S. coral reef ecosystems, and assess the condition of the habitat; b) studies associated with coral reef areas that are currently, permanently, or seasonally closed to fishing, or that may merit inclusion in an expanded network of no-take ecological reserves; and c) multibeam or sidescan sonar mapping and ground-truthing, habitat characterization, and monitoring of such areas, including deeper coral reefs, banks and beds.

Ultimately the primary benefits of these data are to characterize and document the habitat, benthic and fish communities within the shelf-edge MPAs along the southeastern U.S. from North Carolina to south Florida. These data may then be compared to previous and future research cruises and to areas adjacent to the protected areas to better understand the long-term health and status of these important deepwater coral/sponge ecosystems. These data will be of value to the SAFMC, NOAA Fisheries, NOAA DSCRTP, NOAA CRCP, NOAA Mesophotic Reef Ecosystem Program, and NOAA Sanctuaries for management decisions on these habitats and managed key species.

OBJECTIVES

The primary objective of the three research cruises (2012, 2013, and 2014) were to gather additional data on habitat and fish assemblages in five of the newly designated shelf-edge, South Atlantic Grouper/Tilefish Marine Protected Areas (MPAs). The data from these cruises are part of a long-term sampling/monitoring program to document changes in these areas before and after fishing restrictions were implemented. Efficacy of this management tool will aid fishery managers in future use of area restrictions for the conservation of valuable habitat and fishery resources. Specific objectives include:

- Conduct remotely operated vehicle (ROV) transect surveys of habitat and fish assemblages
- Collect bathymetric data with the ME-70 multibeam mapping system on the ship to locate hard-bottom features and potential ROV dive sites
- Conduct total water column Conductivity-Temperature-Depth (CTD) profiles.

OUTREACH AND EDUCATION

The goal of the expedition's education and outreach is to promote ocean literacy, knowledge of deep coral ecosystems, and the challenges of exploring deep ocean frontiers for public and classroom audiences. Related outreach/education activities included: NOAA Teacher-at-Sea and web materials for <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/bilotta.html>.

METHODS

ROV Operations

The new Flower Garden Banks National Marine Sanctuary (FGBNMS) *Mohawk* ROV (operated by UNCW, Lance Horne and Jason White) was used for the first time on these cruises. ROV transect locations were selected by four methods:

- analysis of the limited multibeam bathymetric and acoustic backscatter maps produced within the preceding decade
- reef locations provided by colleagues
- sites found during previous years of this survey
- analysis of areas mapped on the current cruise.

ROV dives ranged from 1 to 4 hours in length, covering an average length of 1.5 km. The ROV was equipped with a high-definition digital video camera (using fiber optic cable) mounted on tilt bar, a fixed digital still camera, and a temperature/depth recorder. The ROV was not outfitted with a manipulator and no samples were collected.

ROV Video Camera

Video was recorded continuously throughout each dive from surface to surface with a high-definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels). The camera was typically angled down ~30° to view both near and far to the horizon for fish aggregations and habitat, and had 10-cm parallel lasers for scale. High-definition video was recorded to external hard drives and used as the primary data source for viewing by the science team and quantitative analysis of the fish populations. A second standard definition copy was also recorded to a hard drive as well as to DVD for backup and easy viewing on any computer's DVD drive. The standard definition format had an On-Screen Display (OSD) video overlay which recorded time, date, ROV heading, and ROV depth, and was used as the "pilot" view. A microphone was used for continuous audio annotations by the PIs describing events, habitat, and biota which were recorded onto the video recordings and transcribed into a Microsoft Access 2010 database.

ROV Digital Still Camera

Still images were taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota. The Kongsberg OE14-408 high-definition digital still camera, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels, was pointed down 90° from horizontal and contained two lasers at 10-cm parallels for scale. Still images were captured approximately every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Each photo filename was coded with corresponding EDST time and date code (using Stamp 2.8 by Tempest Solutions®) which was imported into MS Access and linked to the ROV navigation data for site specific data of coordinates and depth and then imported into ArcGIS™ 10.0.

ROV Navigation

The *Mohawk* ROV uses an integrated navigation system consisting of Hypack Max 2014 software on a 64-bit, 3.4 GHz, rack-mounted computer running Windows 7. Additionally, data from an

ORE Offshore 4410C Trackpoint II USBL Acoustic Tracking System, Northstar 951XD differential GPS, and Azimuth 1000 digital compass, along with the *Mohawk* ROV data feed to this computer. The Trackpoint II system communicates acoustically to an ORE Offshore 4377A transponder with depth telemetry on the ROV to provide slant range, bearing, and depth from the support vessel. This system allows the ROV to assign latitude and longitude while in operation. The integrated navigation system provides real time tracking and orientation of the ROV and the ship to the ROV pilot and the ship's bridge for navigation. Geo-referenced TIFF files obtained with multibeam sonar can be entered into Hypack as background files to display target sites and features of interest to aid in ROV and ship navigation. Hypack can also export ROV position data in real time as a NMEA data string. Ship and ROV positions in addition to the ROV depth, heading and altimeter data, are logged and processed after each dive day and provided to the scientist in an Excel spreadsheet file. All data documentation (digital images, HD video, dive annotations, and specimen collections) are geo-referenced to ROV position by matching the time and date to the ROV navigation files.

ROV Survey Protocol

The primary objectives of each dive were to document benthic habitat, benthic macrobiota, and fish populations, and to conduct photo/video transects which were used for quantitative analyses of the habitat and biota. The general protocol included:

1. Video transects were used for analysis of fish populations. Video transects kept the ROV as close to the bottom as possible ($<1/2$ m) with a speed over ground of $\sim 1/4$ knot.
2. Bottom paralleled, quantitative digital still images were captured approximately every 2 minutes throughout the dive during which the ROV hovered at a depth of ~ 1.3 m to provide similar field of view area for each image (~ 1.5 m²).
3. Still images captured from the photo transects were analyzed using CPCe[®] software to determine relative percent cover of benthic macrobiota and habitat types. Non-transect photos, such as to record a specific species, were not included in the quantitative analyses. Poor and unusable photos (blurred, black, off bottom) or overlapping photos were removed from the quantitative analyses.
4. Underwater video was viewed in real time on the support vessel by PIs familiar with the local deep-water fauna; audio annotations describing habitat, benthic biota, and fish were recorded onto the video and transcribed into a Microsoft Access database.
5. Field notes and video images were reviewed and summarized to identify habitats and biota. These summaries were compiled in ArcGIS format and used to produce a habitat maps.
6. All data documentation (digital images, video, and dive annotations) were geo-referenced to ROV position after the cruise by matching the date and time to the ROV navigation files in our CIOERT At-Sea Access Database.

Fish Analyses

Each dive was divided into transects based on benthic habitat characterization (see Protocol for Benthic Habitat Characterization below) so that each transect consisted of only a single habitat type. All fish were identified for each transect down to the lowest taxonomic level and counted. Transect volume (m³) was calculated by multiplying the transect length (m) by the estimated

field of view of the transect width (m), and the field of view of the transect height (m). Transect length was determined by using the ROV's tracking system and transect width and height was estimated for each dive using the paired lasers on the video camera. This varied with the visibility of each dive. Transect volume was then used to calculate the density (# of individuals m^{-3}) of each fish species.

Benthic Analyses

Percent cover of substrate type and benthic macrobiota was determined by analyzing the quantitative transect images with Coral Point Count with Excel extensions (CPCe 4.1[®], Kohler and Gill, 2006), and following protocols established in part by Vinick et al. (2012) for offshore, deepwater surveys in this region. Random points overlaid on each image were identified as substrate type and benthic taxa. Substrate categories included: soft bottom (unconsolidated sand, mud) and hard bottom which was subdivided into rock (pavement, boulder, ledge), rock rubble/cobble (generally, 5-20 cm), and framework coral (standing coral colonies). All benthic macrobiota (usually >3 cm) were identified to the lowest taxa level possible.

For this report we used the following terminology: hard bottom is sometimes referred to as live bottom due to the amount of living organisms attached to these substrates (SAFMC, 1998). Hard bottom provides anchorage for sessile or semi-sessile organisms (e.g., corals, octocorals, anemones, hydroids, sponges, algae). Coral is defined as hard corals (stony corals- Scleractinia) and other taxa with solid calcareous skeletons (e.g., Stylasteridae), as well as non-accreting taxa such as octocorals (Alcyonacea- "gorgonacea") and black corals (Antipatharia) (Lumsden et al, 2007).

Protocol for Benthic Habitat Characterization

This protocol defines the habitat categories that were used to define and characterize the benthic habitats for the shelf-edge reefs and MPAs off southeastern U.S. within the jurisdiction of the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council. The habitat categories were entered into the HBOI Microsoft Access at-Sea Database for each ROV dive site and used for Primer statistical analyses of the fish populations and benthic communities.

1. [*On/Off Reef*]: "On Reef" or "Off Reef"- Simple designation of when the dive is on Hard Bottom (=On Reef) vs Soft Bottom (=Off Reef). This designation is not for any individual photo, but for a zonation within the dive.
2. [*Habitat Zone= Geomorphology*]: This describes the geological feature; e.g., Ridge- West Slope, Ridge- East Slope, Ridge-Top, Soft Bottom. This category is used to plot the distribution of biota for each habitat zone at each dive site and to plot the dive track overlay on multibeam sonar maps in ArcGIS.
3. [*MPA Status*]: Dive site or transect is within a marine protected area (MPA) or is not within any MPA.
4. [*Depth*]: Depth range (m) of the dive.

5. [*Relief*]: LR= Low Relief (0- <1.0 m), MR= Moderate Relief (1-3 m), HR= High Relief (>3 m). This is modified from the SEAMAP designations of outer continental shelf benthic habitat. This category is dependent on the distance over which the depth change occurs. Relief is defined as the relative height of rock ledges, boulders, or rock outcrops. It can also indicate a region where a drop-off or slope of a mound or ridge occurs over a relatively short distance. This distance is generally in the range of 10-20 m, which is typically within the field of view of the ROV for observing fish schools.
6. [*Rugosity*]: LRu= Low Rugosity, HRu= High Rugosity. Rugosity here is defined as a degree of ruggedness of the rock bottom. This will be relative to the size of rock ledges, holes, crevices, which tend to provide the greatest fish habitat. High Rugosity on these shelf-edge reefs occurs primarily along the edges of the rock ridges where there are zones of fractured rock slabs, or zones of boulders or rock outcrops. Low Rugosity is the flat rock pavement typically found top of the ridges or at the base of the mounds and ridges. Low Rugosity also defines the rounded rock mounds and knolls found at some sites that are devoid of ledges and loose boulders. For the present, this will be a non-quantified relative term. Most of the multibeam sonar maps collected are of relatively low resolution (5-10 m) and cannot be used to quantify rugosity at this scale; high resolution (<0.5 m) contour multibeam maps would be needed to quantify this characteristic in the future.
7. [*Substrate*]: Table 2 is a modified subset of SEADESC Habitat Categories which was developed by the NOAA Deep-Sea Coral Program for use in analysis of deep-sea coral surveys (Partyka et al. 2007). The categories which are useful for characterizing deep coral habitat were modified to make them useful for the shelf-edge habitats. The presence of fauna was not included as it is quantified in the Point Count analyses. In the region of this survey, the habitat types included: rock pavement, pavement with ledges, pavement with sediment veneer, rock ledges and boulders, rubble/cobble, and soft bottom. This category is also used to plot the dive track overlay on the multibeam sonar maps in ArcGIS.

Table 2. Benthic habitat category codes (modified SEADESC).

ID	Code	Habitat Name	Habitat Description
1	S	Soft Substrate	Unconsolidated sand/mud, unlithified
2	SR	Soft Substrate/Rubble/Rock	Soft substrate (>50% cover) with rubble and/or rock
3	R	Rubble	Rubble/cobble (~5-20 cm sized rock or coral)
4	RL	Rock/Ledges	Rocks and/or ledges
5	P	Pavement	Rock pavement

6	C	Hard Corals	Live and/or dead colonial scleractinian coral; standing individual colonies, bushes, or thickets.
7	TH	Tilefish (blueline or golden; not sand tile)	Soft bottom with visually identifiable burrows
8	A	Artificial Substrate	Any artificial structure that provides habitat for fishes and/or invertebrates

Statistical Analyses

Multivariate analyses were used to determine differences in benthic fauna and fish assemblages among dives. All analyses were conducted in PRIMER 6 and based on guidelines of Clarke and Warwick (2001) and Clarke and Gorley (2006). The dive sites were compared by their Management Status (within the MPA boundaries vs outside the MPA, i.e., ‘no protection’). For the benthic analysis, CPCe percent cover data of the macrobiota were averaged by location inside and outside the MPAs (e.g., Inside Snowy Wreck MPA and Outside Snowy Wreck MPA). Then these data were square-root transformed to reduce the dominate influences of copious species to the similarity matrix. For the fish analysis, densities (# individuals m⁻³) of all species for each transect were analyzed. Density data were then averaged by location inside and outside each MPA and fourth-root transformed to reduce the effect of common species.

Similarities between samples for both fish and benthic biota (separately) were then calculated using S17 Bray-Curtis similarity. A non-metric multidimensional scaling ordination (MDS) plot and a dendrogram with group-average linking were created showing the results of a concurrently run Similarities Profile (SIMPROF). Similarity Percentages (SIMPER) was utilized to determine which species contributed to the dissimilarities among group pairs.

Multibeam Sonar Mapping

NOAA acoustic surveys using multibeam sonar (Reson 7125 SV2) for bathymetric data were conducted at ROV dive sites where multibeam maps were not available. The main objective of the sonar surveys was to provide background maps to guide ROV exploration at dive sites. Data was processed using CARIS and converted to GeoTIFF images.

RESULTS

Study Areas

The cruise took place on the continental shelf-edge of the South Atlantic Bight between Jacksonville, Florida and Cape Fear, North Carolina. Ten shelf-edge MPA sites and 19 adjacent non-protected sites were surveyed (Figs. 1-6; Table 4). Two dives (ROV 14-25, 14-26) were made to document two barges that were recently sunk in April 2014. These will make up the Artificial Reef MPA site off South Carolina. Although barren now, it will be monitored to follow the growth of biota and fish communities on these barges over time.

Cruise Summary

A total of 29 ROV dives were conducted, resulting in a total bottom time of 39.4 hours, covering ~25 km, at depths from 40 to 168 m (Table 3, Figs. 1-6). A total of 2,429 *in situ* digital images were taken which included quantitative transect images, general habitat, and species documentation images (as well as 234 still screen grabs made from the Hi-Def video). Forty-three shipboard CTD casts were made. A temperature/depth sensor recorded each ROV dive (Appendix 3). A total of 11 multibeam sonar surveys provided new maps covering a total area of 158.14 km² at depths ranging from 45 to 180 m. These sites had never been surveyed previously with multibeam sonar. Complete species list with percent cover of benthic macrobiota and densities of fish for each dive site are listed in Appendices 1 and 2. Each individual dive site is mapped and described in the SEADESC report (Appendix 3).

**South Atlantic MPA's
NOAA Ship Pisces Cruise 14-08
North Florida Sites**

NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_17N
GCS_North_American_1983
Datum: D_North_American_1983

- ★ Mohawk ROV
- Bathymetric Lines (m)
- MPA
- Proposed MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- United States

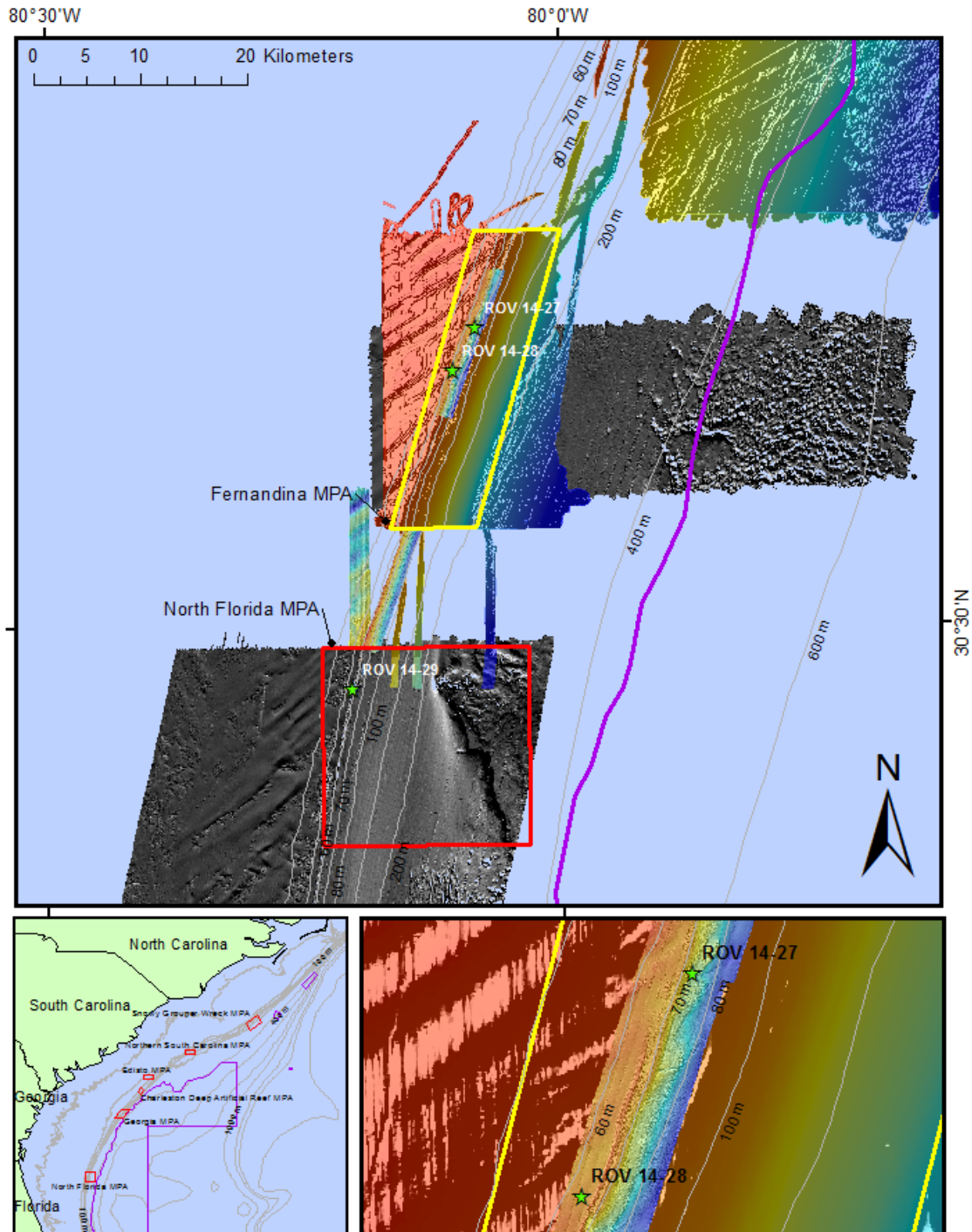


Figure 1. Locations of shelf-edge MPA sites and ROV dive sites off North Florida during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014.

**South Atlantic MPA's
NOAA Ship Pisces Cruise 14-08
Georgia Sites**

NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_17N
GCS_North_American_1983
Datum: D_North_American_1983

- ★ Mohawk ROV
- Bathymetric Lines (m)
- MPA
- Proposed MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- United States

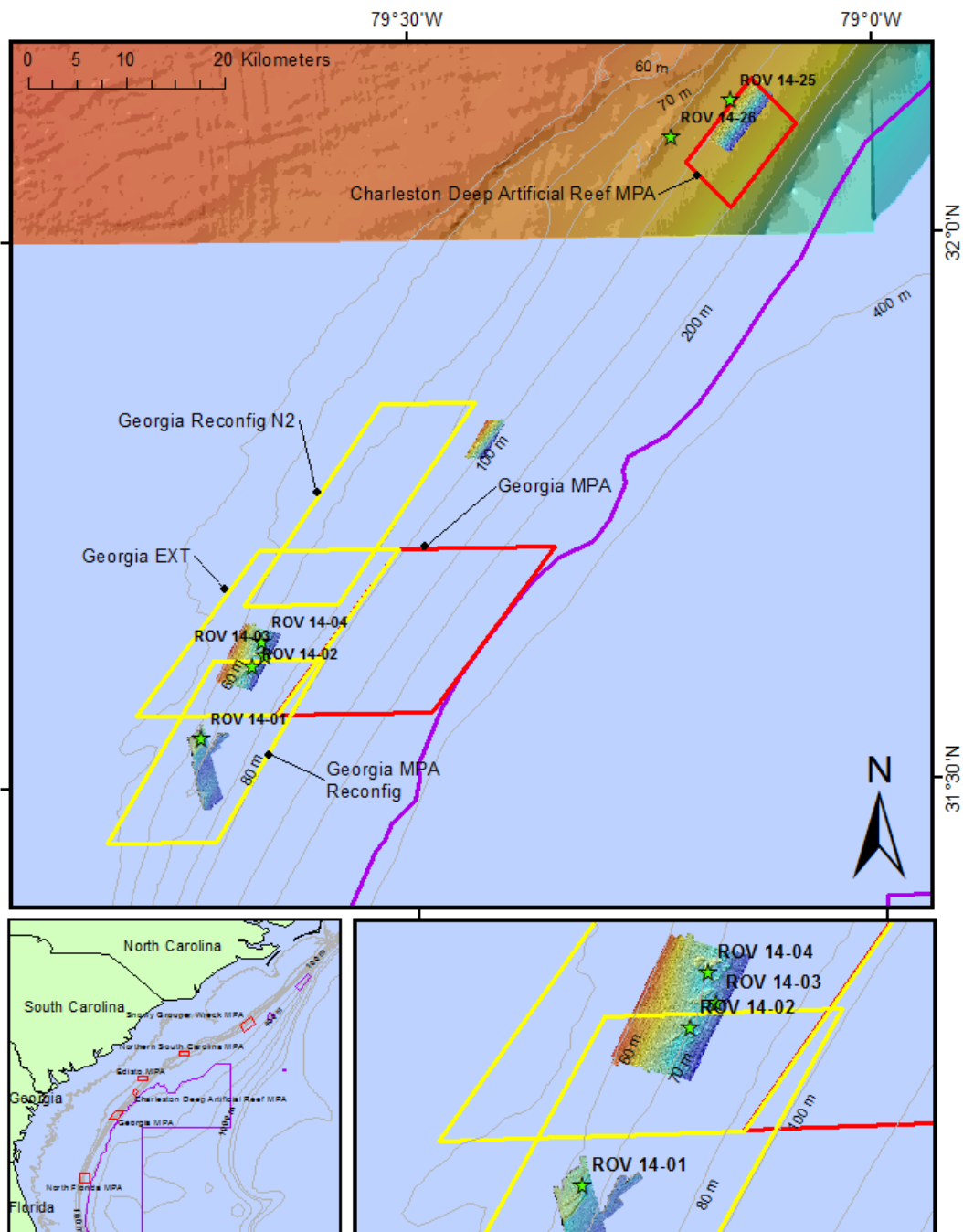


Figure 2. Locations of shelf-edge MPA sites and ROV dive sites off Georgia during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014.

**South Atlantic MPA's
NOAA Ship Pisces Cruise 14-08
South Carolina Sites**

NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_17N
GCS_North_American_1983
Datum: D_North_American_1983

- ★ Mohawk ROV
- Bathymetric Lines (m)
- MPA
- Proposed MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- United States

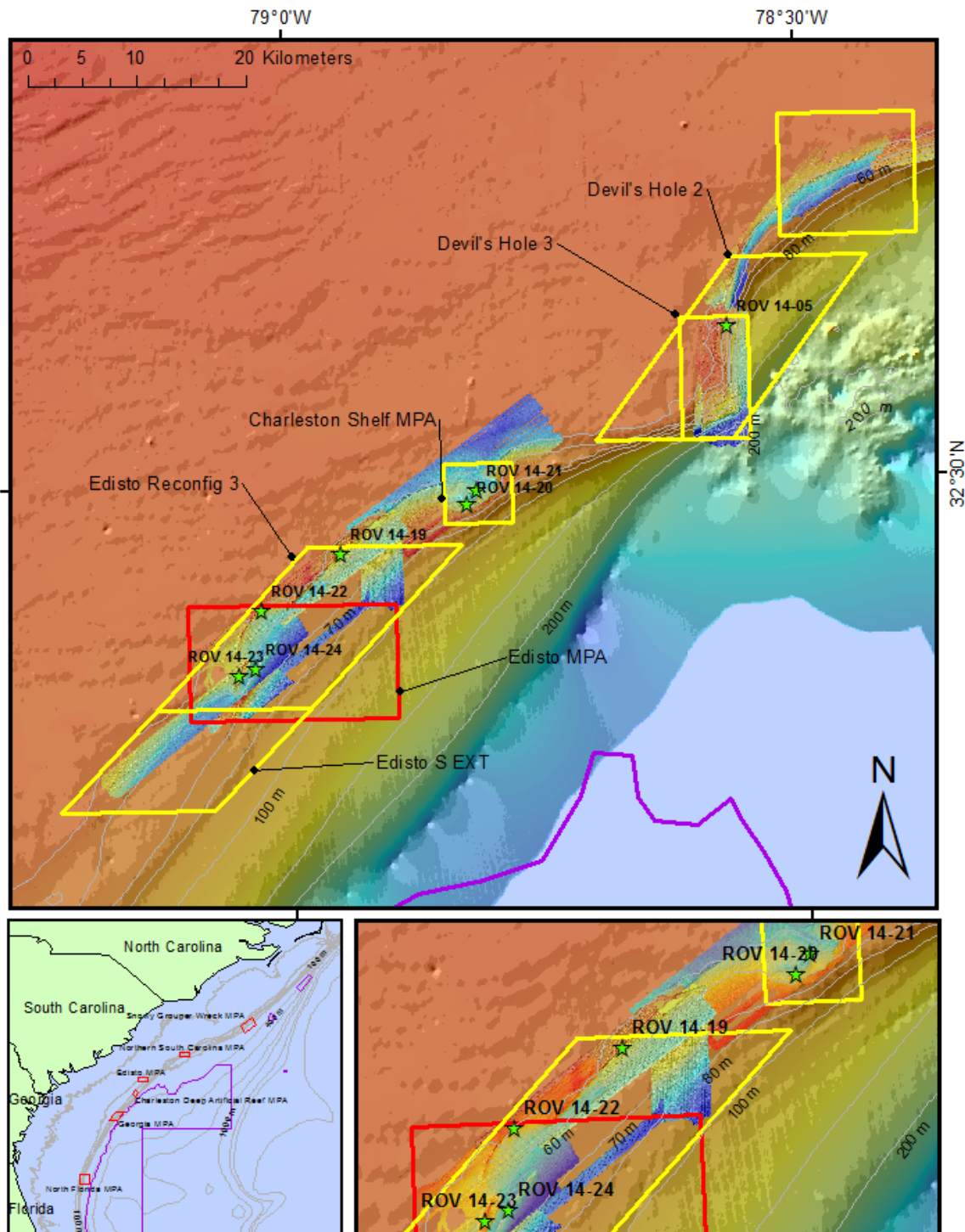


Figure 3. Locations of shelf-edge MPA sites and ROV dive sites off South Carolina during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014.

**South Atlantic MPA's
NOAA Ship Pisces Cruise 14-08
Northern South Carolina Sites**

NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_17N
GCS_North_American_1983
Datum: D_North_American_1983

- ★ Mohawk ROV
- Bathymetric Lines (m)
- MPA
- Proposed MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- United States

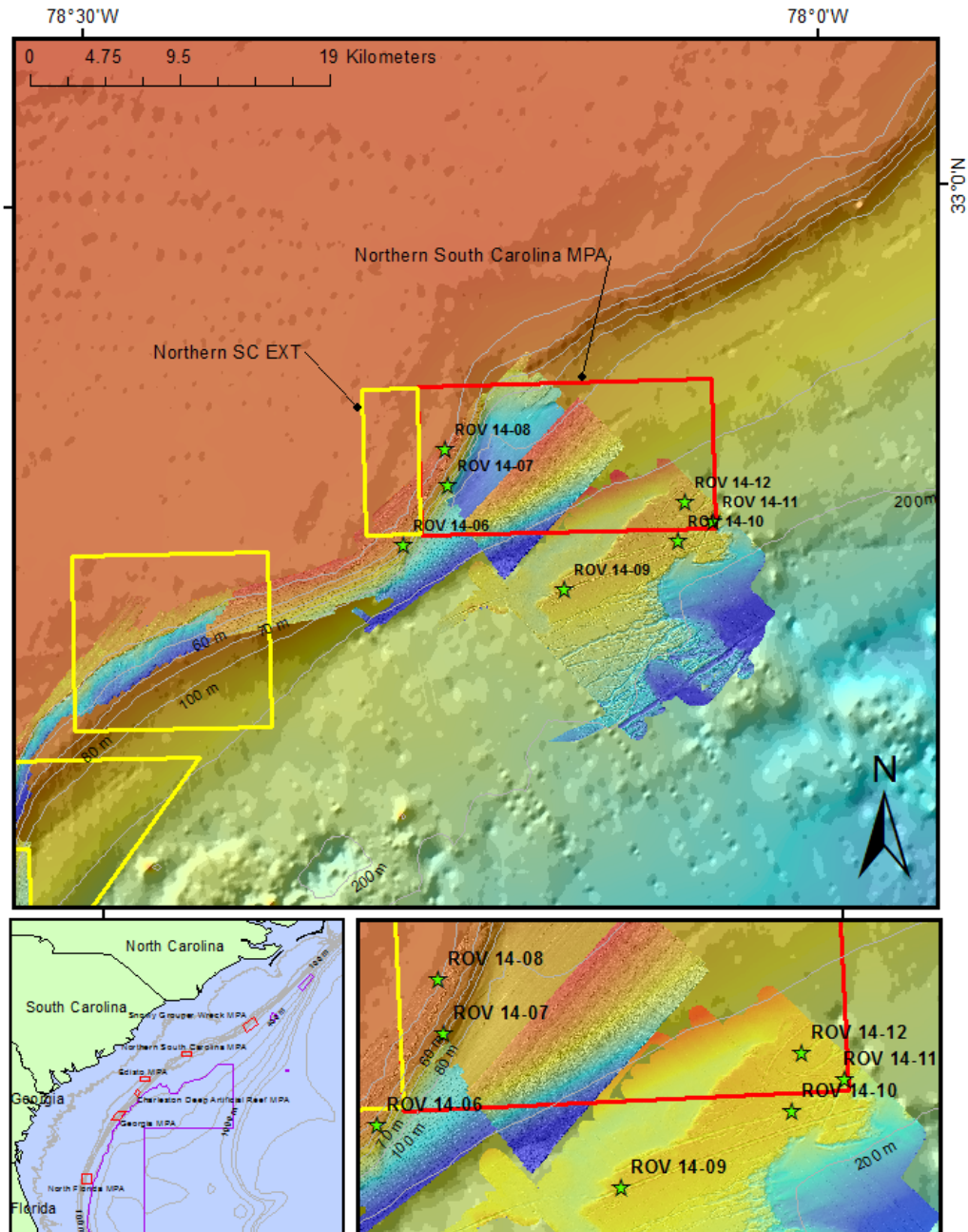


Figure 4. Locations of shelf-edge MPA sites and ROV dive sites off northern South Carolina during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014.

**South Atlantic MPA's
NOAA Ship Pisces Cruise 14-08
Southern North Carolina Sites**

NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_17N
GCS_North_American_1983
Datum: D_North_American_1983

- ★ Mohawk ROV
- Bathymetric Lines (m)
- MPA
- Proposed MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- United States

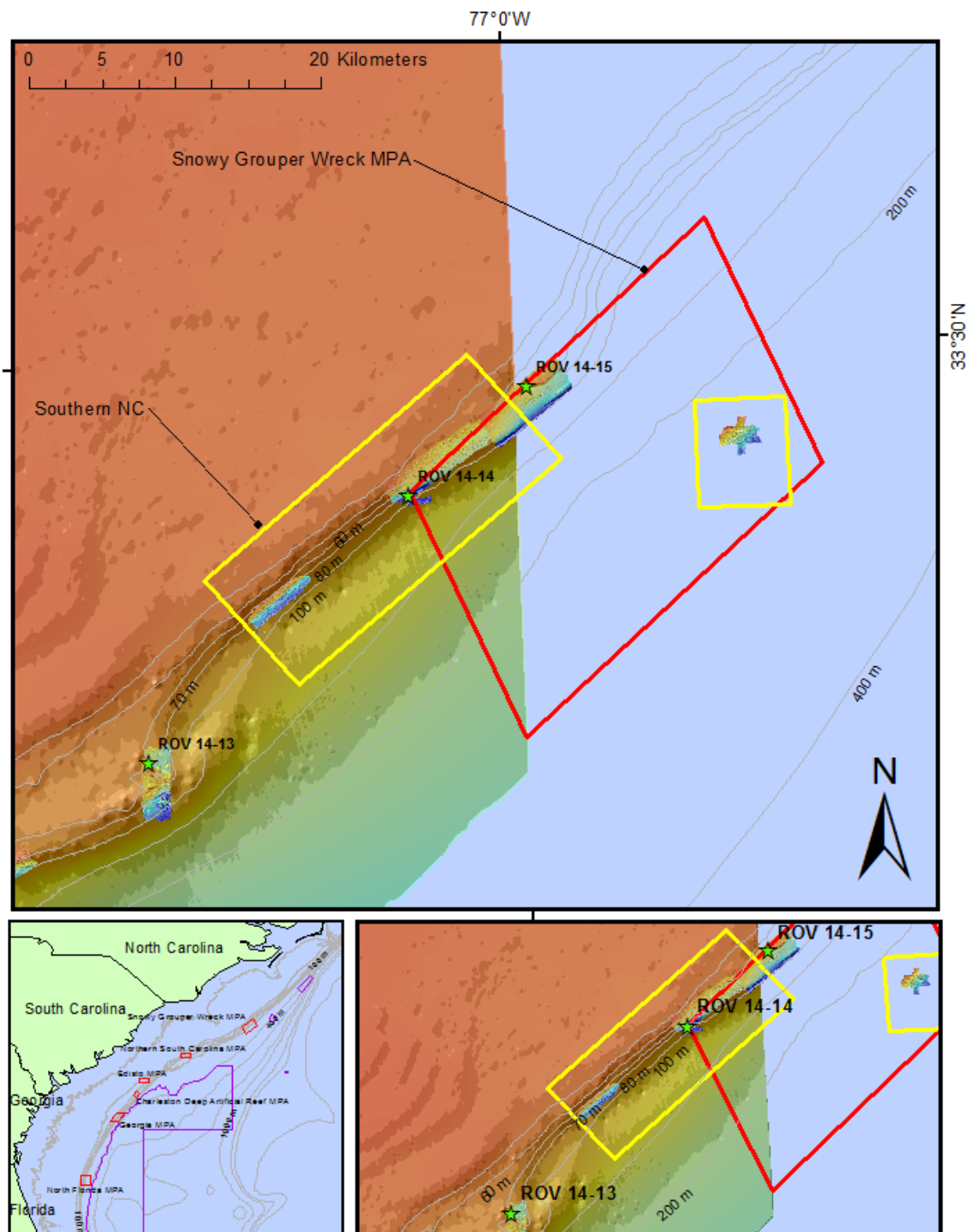


Figure 5. Locations of shelf-edge MPA sites and ROV dive sites off southern North Carolina during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014.

**South Atlantic MPA's
NOAA Ship Pisces Cruise 14-08
Cape Lookout Sites**

NAD_1983_UTM_Zone_17N
GCS_North_American_1983
Datum: D_North_American_1983

- ★ Mohawk ROV
- Bathymetric Lines (m)
- MPA
- Proposed MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- United States

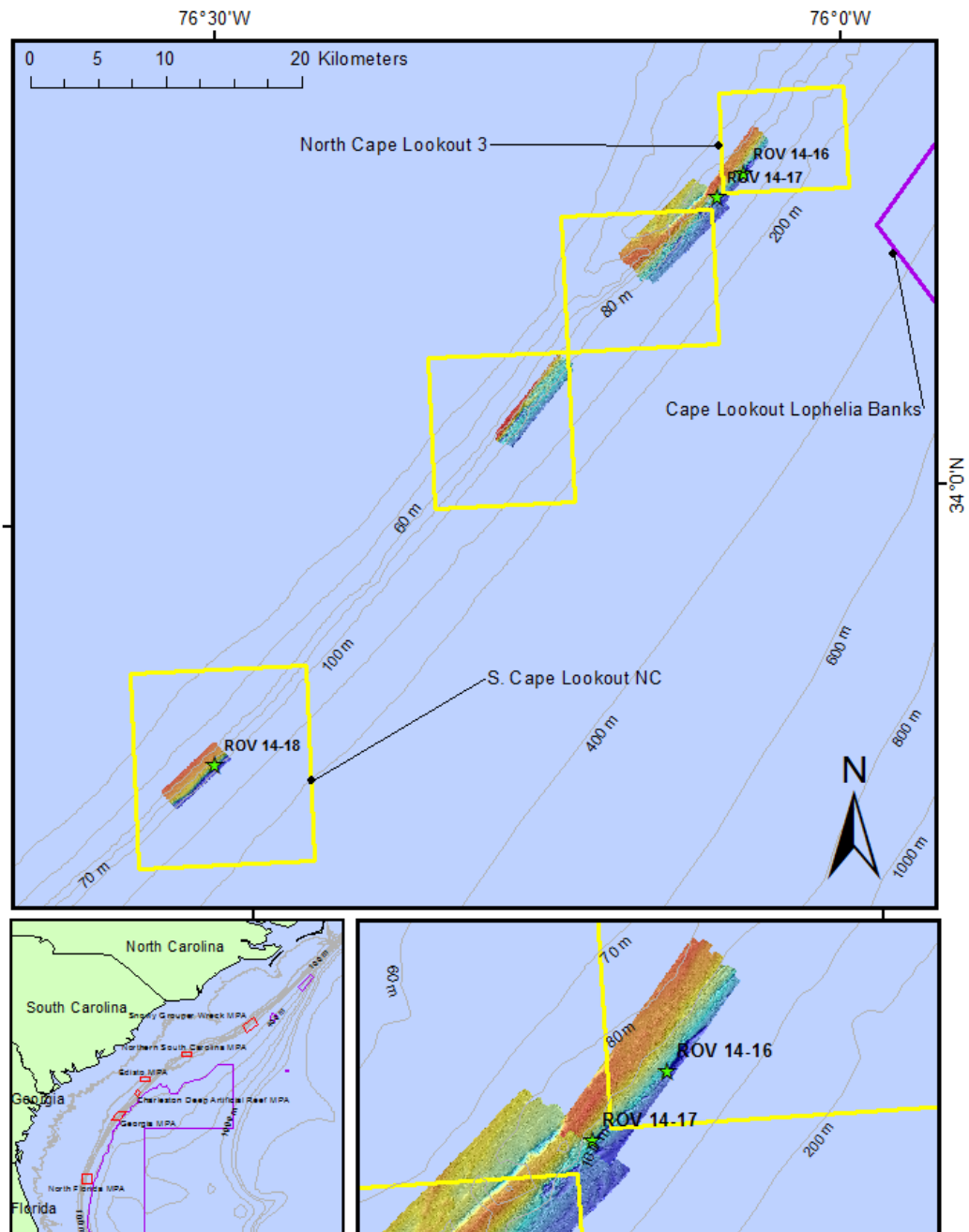


Figure 6. Locations of shelf-edge MPA sites and ROV dive sites off Cape Lookout North Carolina during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014.

Table 3. ROV dive sites and CTD casts during NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18 to 27, 2014. (Site Number= Day-Month-Year-Site).

Site Number	Method	Latitude	Longitude	Latitude	Longitude	Depth Range	Distance
		On Bottom		Off Bottom		(m)	(km)
18-VI-14-1	CTD 14-01	31.62	-79.70			62.28	
18-VI-14-2	CTD 14-02	31.64	-79.68			63.12	
19-VI-14-1	ROV 14-01	31.55	-79.73	31.54	-79.73	74 to 57.7	1.17
19-VI-14-2	ROV 14-02	31.60	-79.67	31.60	-79.68	72.3 to 47.4	0.92
19-VI-14-3	ROV 14-03	31.62	-79.66	31.62	-79.67	79 to 56.2	1.08
19-VI-14-4	ROV 14-04	31.63	-79.67	31.64	-79.66	72.3 to 59.6	0.77
19-VI-14-5	CTD 14-03	31.60	-79.69			59.23	
19-VI-14-6	CTD 14-04	31.61	-79.68			65.03	
19-VI-14-7	CTD 14-05	31.63	-79.66			66.36	
19-VI-14-8	CTD 14-06	31.82	-79.42			99.24	
20-VI-14-1	ROV 14-05	32.63	-78.57	32.64	-78.57	69 to 52.4	1.15
20-VI-14-2	ROV 14-06	32.80	-78.29	32.81	-78.28	72.2 to 53.5	1.40
20-VI-14-3	ROV 14-07	32.84	-78.26	32.84	-78.26	74 to 65.6	0.69
20-VI-14-4	ROV 14-08	32.86	-78.26	32.86	-78.25	51.6 to 44.2	0.79
20-VI-14-5	CTD 14-07	32.55	-78.60			91.96	
20-VI-14-6	CTD 14-08	32.60	-78.60			46.85	
20-VI-14-7	CTD 14-09	32.82	-78.24			108.35	
21-VI-14-1	ROV 14-09	32.77	-78.18	32.78	-78.18	164.2 to 155.1	0.60
21-VI-14-2	ROV 14-10	32.80	-78.11	32.80	-78.11	168.3 to 162.6	0.62
21-VI-14-3	ROV 14-11	32.81	-78.08	32.81	-78.10	167.6 to 155.7	1.45
21-VI-14-4	ROV 14-12	32.82	-78.10	32.81	-78.11	166.3 to 149.2	1.30
21-VI-14-5	CTD 14-10	32.85	-78.19			107.02	
21-VI-14-6	CTD 14-11	32.81	-78.22			133.94	
21-VI-14-7	CTD 14-12	32.86	-78.15			114.22	
21-VI-14-8	CTD 14-13	32.83	-78.18			136.09	
22-VI-14-1	ROV 14-13	33.25	-77.28	33.25	-77.27	85	0.50
22-VI-14-2	ROV 14-14	33.41	-77.08	33.42	-77.08	96.2 to 75.7	0.47
22-VI-14-3	ROV 14-15	33.48	-76.99	33.48	-76.98	65.8 to 48.4	0.70
22-VI-14-4	CTD 14-14	33.45	-77.01			114.69	
22-VI-14-5	CTD 14-15	33.48	-76.97			80.4	
22-VI-14-6	CTD 14-16	33.47	-76.99			68.7	
22-VI-14-7	CTD 14-17	33.47	-77.00			60.73	
23-VI-14-1	ROV 14-16	34.21	-76.08	34.22	-76.08	113 to 91.7	0.62
23-VI-14-2	ROV 14-17	34.20	-76.11	34.20	-76.10	108 to 95.3	0.89
23-VI-14-3	ROV 14-18	33.84	-76.53	33.84	-76.52	79.1 to 70.5	0.48
23-VI-14-4	CTD 14-18	33.82	-76.54			107.23	
23-VI-14-5	CTD 14-19	33.84	-76.53			68.58	
23-VI-14-6	CTD 14-20	34.20	-76.09			118.87	
23-VI-14-7	CTD 14-21	34.23	-76.07			72.97	
23-VI-14-8	CTD 14-22	34.22	-76.09			70.75	
23-VI-14-9	CTD 14-23	33.83	-76.56			57.78	
24-VI-14-1	ROV 14-19	32.44	-78.95	32.43	-78.96	55.3 to 47	1.43
24-VI-14-2	ROV 14-20	32.48	-78.83	32.48	-78.83	5153	0.05
24-VI-14-3	ROV 14-21	32.49	-78.82	32.48	-78.83	55.9 to 47.7	1.37
24-VI-14-4	ROV 14-22	32.40	-79.03	32.39	-79.04	54 to 47.8	0.81

24-VI-14-5	CTD 14-25	33.43	-77.20			34.8	
24-VI-14-6	CTD 14-26	33.26	-77.51			43.81	
24-VI-14-7	CTD 14-27	33.01	-77.90			104.44	
24-VI-14-8	CTD 14-28	32.77	-78.30			123.78	
24-VI-14-9	CTD 14-29	32.56	-78.69			41.7	
25-VI-14-1	ROV 14-23	32.34	-79.05	32.35	-79.05	51.3 to 40.4	0.72
25-VI-14-2	ROV 14-24	32.35	-79.03	32.35	-79.03	62.3 to 54.6	0.46
25-VI-14-3	ROV 14-25	32.12	-79.15	32.12	-79.15	101.4 to 82.9	0.16
25-VI-14-4	ROV 14-26	32.09	-79.22	32.09	-79.20	86.6 to 65.4	1.45
25-VI-14-5	CTD 14-30	32.13	-79.15			121.23	
25-VI-14-6	CTD 14-31	32.09	-79.23			75.97	
25-VI-14-7	CTD 14-32	32.16	-79.14			84.94	
25-VI-14-8	CTD 14-33	32.33	-79.03			71.14	
25-VI-14-9	CTD 14-34	32.32	-79.04			70.01	
26-VI-14-1	ROV 14-27	30.75	-80.08	30.74	-80.08	64.6 to 56.1	0.82
26-VI-14-2	ROV 14-28	30.71	-80.10	30.71	-80.10	57 to 40.9	1.06
26-VI-14-3	ROV 14-29	30.45	-80.20	30.44	-80.21	59.9 to 53.3	1.15
26-VI-14-4	CTD 14-37	31.50	-79.61			121.23	
26-VI-14-5	CTD 14-38	31.22	-79.79			142.02	
26-VI-14-6	CTD 14-39	30.79	-80.08			46.69	
26-VI-14-7	CTD 14-40	30.76	-80.08			52.94	
26-VI-14-8	CTD 14-41	30.77	-80.07			61.73	
26-VI-14-9	CTD 14-42	30.69	-80.12			48.9	
27-VI-14-1	CTD 14-44	30.70	-80.10			56.56	
27-VI-14-2	CTD 14-45	30.67	-80.13			50.6	
27-VI-14-3	CTD 14-46	30.58	-80.46			30.22	
27-VI-14-4	CTD 14-47	30.49	-80.83			26.31	
28-VI-14-1	CTD 14-24	33.63	-76.88			58.69	
28-VI-14-2	CTD 14-35	32.34	-79.01			79.37	
28-VI-14-3	CTD 14-36	32.05	-79.24			90.94	
28-VI-14-4	CTD 14-43	30.74	-80.09			53.45	

Table 4. List of ROV dive sites by state and MPA status (inside MPA or outside MPA).

Site	Dive #	Inside MPA	Outside MPA	Depth Range (m)
FLORIDA (Total Dives)	(3)			40-60
Fernandina	27,28		Y	40-64
North Florida MPA	29	Y		53-60
GEORGIA (Total Dives)	(4)			47-79
GA Ext	2, 3,4		Y	56-79
GA Reconfig	1,2		Y	47-74
SOUTH CAROLINA (Total Dives)	(16)			40-168
Charleston Shelf	20,21		Y	47-55
Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA (barges)	25,26	Y		64-101
Devil's Hole 2&3	5		Y	52-69

Edisto MPA	22,23,24	Y		40-62
Edisto Reconfig 3	19		Y	47-55
Northern S. Carolina Ext	6		Y	53-72
Northern S. Carolina MPA	7,8	Y		44-74
Northern S. Carolina MPA (iceberg scar)	11,12	Y		149-167
Outside Northern S. Carolina MPA (iceberg scar)	9, 10		Y	155-168
NORTH CAROLINA (Total Dives)	(6)			70-113
Outside Snowy Wreck MPA	13		Y	85
North Cape Lookout 3	16,17		Y	91-113
Snowy Wreck MPA	14,15	Y		48-96
S Cape Lookout	18		Y	70-79

Multibeam Sonar

A total of 11 multibeam sonar surveys provided new maps covering a total area of 158.14 km² at depths ranging from 45 to 180 m (Table 5). GeoTIFF maps were used to overlay targeted sites for the ROV dives which were especially helpful in ground-truthing the main geological features of the site.

Table 5. Multibeam sonar surveys conducted during *Nancy Foster* cruise, June 18-27, 2014 (F. Knuth, College of Charleston).

Name	Area (mi ²)	Area (km ²)	Min Depth (m)	Max Depth (m)	Features / Description
Barge1 - Deep Artificial Reef	0.06	0.16	93	101	sunken barge, some containers fell off
Barge2 - Deep Artificial Reef	0.04	0.11	62	87	sunken barge, mostly intact
Fernandina	9.41	24.37	48	75	hardbottom ridge traversing site from north to south
South Cape Lookout	3.55	9.20	64	115	some rugosity ranging from south west to north east
Devil's Hole	2.67	6.92	45	185	stripe adding on to previous mapping of site. Some rugosity in the center of the site
Edisto MPA	4.70	12.18	60	81	no real topographic complexity visible
Snowy Wreck MPA	6.60	17.08	56	122	plateau in north eastern section. sand waves in north western section.
North Cape Lookout	3.70	9.58	75	145	many ridges and topographic complexity spread throughout site.
Northern South Carolina MPA	18.28	47.34	100	179	no striking topographic features
Georgia Wreck	2.78	7.20	89	108	no wreck. No striking topographic features

West of Georgia MPA	9.26	23.99	60	77	various irregular plateaus spread throughout sites. approximately 10 meters in height.
Total Area	61.06	158.14			

CTD Operations

A total of 47 shipboard CTD casts were conducted at the multibeam sites; each ROV dive (except Dive 13) recorded temperature/depth profiles (ROV temperature plots are presented for each dive in Appendix 3).

SEADESC II Report: Characterization of Habitat, Benthic Macrobiota, and Fish Populations

A SEADESC Level II Report (Southeastern United States Deep-Sea Corals) is presented in Appendix 3. This provides the following data for each dive site: cruise and ROV dive metadata, figure showing each ROV dive track overlaid on multibeam sonar maps, plot of ROV temperature profile, dive track data (start and end latitude, longitude, depth), objectives, general description of the habitat and biota, and images of the biota and habitat that characterize the dive site. In addition, this SEADESC Level II Report provides quantitative analyses of each dive site including: 1) CPCe 4.1[®] analysis of percent cover of benthic macrobiota and substrate types, and 2) densities of fish populations (# individuals/m³).

Benthic Macrobiota and Habitat

Appendix 1 lists all of the benthic macro-invertebrates and algae that were identified from the quantitative photo transects at each dive site and their percent cover based on CPCe Point Count of the photo images. These analyses are also presented for each dive in Appendix 3. Some common taxa could be identified to genus or species level but many could only be identified to a higher level such as family, class, order or even phylum. Sponges, gorgonians, and black coral are especially difficult to identify without a specimen in hand. In these cases, a general descriptive taxa was used, e.g., “brown lobate sponge” or “unidentified Demospongiae”, which could consist of numerous species. These designations should not be considered equivalent to species level and should not be used for diversity (H') indices calculations. Many deepwater species in this region look nearly identical, such as fan sponges which are polyphyletic and actually may include different orders or classes.

A total of 95 taxa of benthic biota were identified from the quantitative photo transects and were used for CPCe percent cover analyses. These included 29 taxa of Cnidaria which included the following corals: 3- Scleractinia hard corals (*Oculina varicosa*, Scleractinia unidentified colonial, and Scleractinia unidentified solitary); 11- Alcyonacea gorgonians [Octocorallia] (*Bebryce* sp., *Diodogorgia* sp., *Ellisella* spp., *Ellisellidae*, *Leptogorgia* sp., *Muricea* sp., *Nicella* sp., *Telesto* sp., *Titanideum frauenfeldii*, and *Swiftia exserta*); and 5- Antipathidae (*Antipatharia atlantica*, *Antipathes* sp. A, *Tanacetipathes barbadensis*, *Stichopathes lutkeni*, and unidentified sp.). Alcyonian soft corals included *Anthomastus* sp. and *Chironophthya caribaea*. Non-coral

Cnidaria included Actiniaria, Corallimorpharia, Zoanthidea, *Virgularia presbytes* (sea pen), and Hydroidolina (hydroids).

Porifera were most species rich with 32 taxa; the dominant sponges included numerous Demospongiae taxa, including: *Agelas* sp., *Aiolochoira crassa*, *Aplysina* sp., Astrophorida, *Auleta* sp., *Callyspongia vaginalis*, *Chondrilla* sp., *Cinachyra/Cinachyrella* sp., *Clathria* sp., *Cliona* sp., Dictyoceratida, *Erylus* sp., *Geodia* sp., *Holopsamma* sp., *Ircinia campana*, *Ircinia* sp., *Ircinia strobilina*, *Leiodermatium* sp., *Neofibularia* sp., *Niphates* sp., Poecilosclerida, *Scopalina* sp., Spirastrellidae, *Spongisorites* sp., *Xestospongia muta*, *Zyzzya* sp., and numerous unidentified species of Demospongiae. Only one species of Hexactinellida (glass sponge) was identified, *Farrea* sp. Other fauna included Annelida, Mollusca, Arthropoda, Bryozoa, Echinodermata, and Ascidiacea. Algae were dominant at many of the sites and included Phaeophyta (dominated by *Dictyota* spp.), Cyanobacteria, Chlorophyta, and Rhodophyta (primarily crustose coralline algae); but these were not identified to species level.

Table 6. Fish densities from ROV video transects, and percent cover of benthic macrobiota and substrate from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects listed by state and MPA status (i.e., inside MPA or no protection) during 2014 NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise. Coral= Scleractinia hard coral, Octo= Octocorallia (gorgonacea), Porifera (sponges).

Site	Dive #	% HB	Fish- # spp.; Density (#/m ³)	% Cover Benthic Biota	% Cover Coral	% Cover Octo.	% Cover Antipat.	% Cover Porifera	% Cover Algae
Florida	(3)	23.63%	74;0.07	13.65%	0.00%	0.24%	0.61%	3.09%	1.87%
Fernandina	27, 28	17.49%	44;0.05	14.77%	0.00%	0.12%	0.04%	2.68%	2.40%
North Florida MPA	29	31.50%	44;0.10	12.20%	0.00%	0.40%	1.34%	3.62%	1.19%
Georgia	(4)	18.78%	47;0.05	3.16%	0.00%	0.53%	0.51%	0.82%	0.02%
Georgia EXT	2-4	16.92%	38;0.05	2.62%	0.00%	0.67%	0.31%	0.62%	0.00%
Georgia Reconfig	1,2	23.37%	44;0.06	4.49%	0.00%	0.19%	1.01%	1.33%	0.06%
South Carolina	(16)	33.82%	110;0.12	24.46%	0.07%	1.70%	0.67%	3.31%	10.41%
Charleston Shelf	20,21	24.53%	52;0.11	40.53%	0.05%	4.88%	0.33%	1.68%	19.97%
Charleston Deep Reef MPA	25,26	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
Devils Hole 2&3	5	30.55%	37;0.09	16.07%	0.00%	1.52%	0.87%	1.82%	1.73%
Edisto MPA	22-24	40.29%	71;0.26	38.09%	0.05%	1.81%	1.38%	5.10%	19.76%
Edisto Reconfig 3	19	47.52%	56;0.56	46.21%	0.35%	2.40%	1.62%	6.76%	20.25%
Northern S. Carolina EXT	6	17.28%	41;0.06	16.66%	0.00%	2.50%	0.31%	1.46%	4.89%
Northern S. Carolina MPA	7,8,11,12	23.23%	54;0.04	10.49%	0.02%	0.55%	0.02%	1.96%	4.35%

Outside Northern S. Carolina MPA	9,10	45.30%	23;0.03	6.83%	0.03%	0.64%	0.00%	2.51%	0.00%
North Carolina	(6)	45.34%	67;0.06	17.94%	0.00%	1.23%	0.46%	5.52%	5.24%
Outside Snowy Wreck MPA	13	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a
North Cape Lookout 3	16,17	56.68%	27;0.04	15.56%	0.00%	0.84%	0.06%	8.83%	0.12%
Snowy Wreck MPA	14,15	27.24%	55;0.10	21.52%	0.00%	1.05%	1.10%	1.10%	13.70%
South Cape Lookout NC	18	40.44%	23;0.03	19.41%	0.00%	2.93%	0.61%	2.43%	6.88%
Grand Total		32.40%	119;0.09	19.20%	0.04%	1.29%	0.61%	3.29%	7.14%

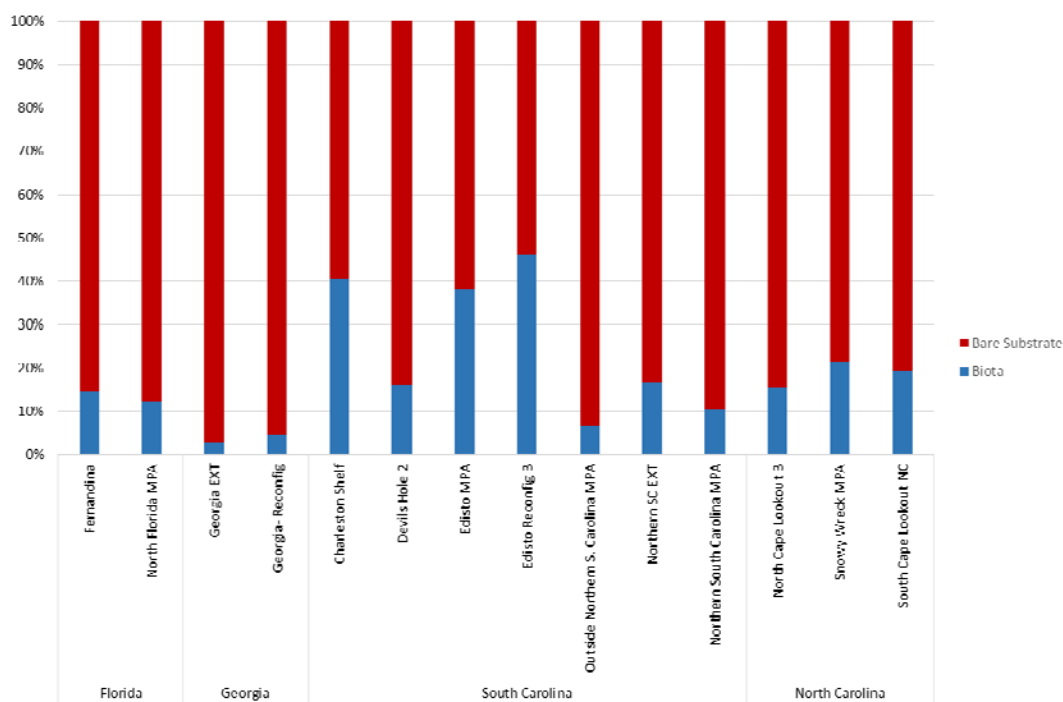


Figure 7. Percent cover of benthic macrobiota (blue) vs bare substrate (red) by MPA status and region from the 2014 NOAA Ship *Pisces* cruise.

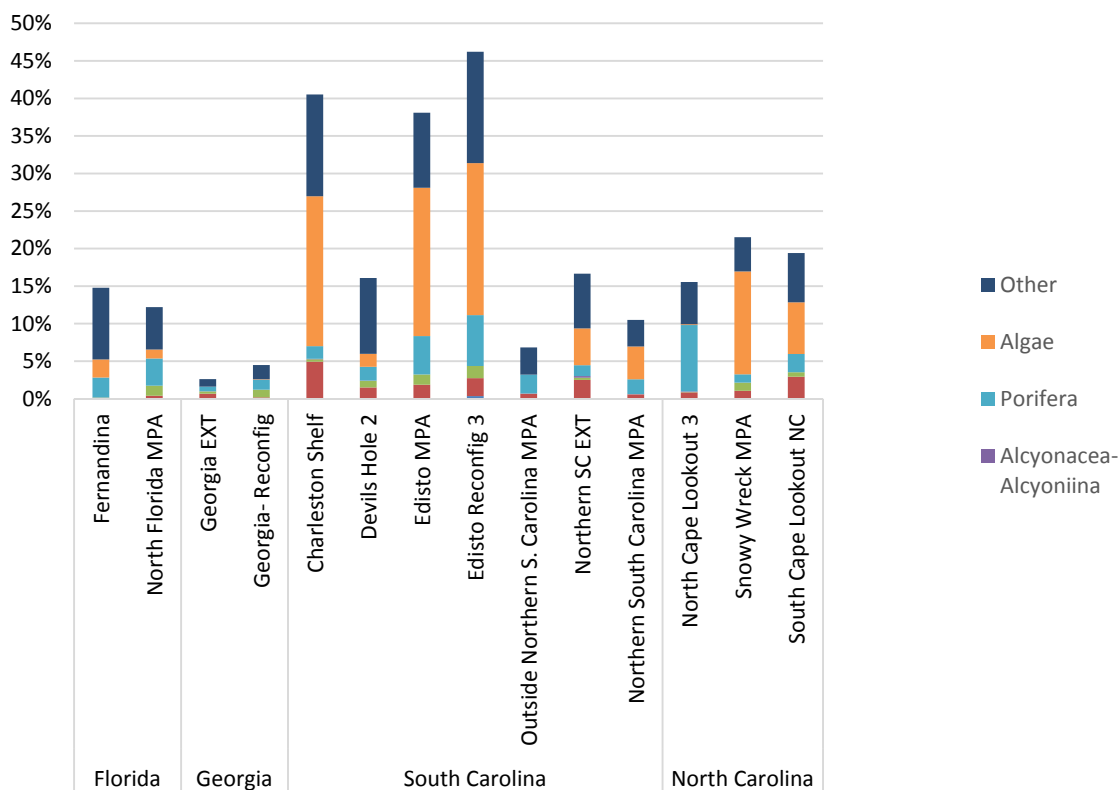


Figure 8. Percent cover of major benthic macrobiota taxa by MPA status and region from the 2014 NOAA Ship *Pisces* cruise.

CPCe Point Count analysis calculated the percent cover of bare substrate type and benthic macrobiota (Table 6, Fig. 7, Appendix 1). The range of biota cover ranged from 2.62% (Georgia EXT) to 46.21% at Edisto Reconfig 3, and averaged 19.2% for all sites. In general, the Georgia sites had the lowest cover of biota and the South Carolina sites the highest. The five MPA sites that were surveyed in 2014 ranged in cover of biota from 10.49% (Northern S. Carolina MPA) to 38.09% at Edisto MPA. The Charleston Deep Reef MPA site (Dives 25, 26) was the recently sunken barges which had no significant macrofauna and were not included in the point count analyses. Overall algae were the dominant cover averaging 7.14% for all sites (Phaeophyta- 3.11%; Rhodophyta- 2.09%; Chlorophyta- 1.4%) with a maximum cover of 20.25% at Edisto Reconfig 3 (Fig. 8). South Carolina sites had the greatest algal cover (10.41%) and Georgia the lowest (0.02%). Porifera averaged 3.29% cover for all sites, and had maximum cover at 8.83% at North Cape Lookout 3. Of the MPA sites, sponges were most dominant at Edisto MPA (5.10%). The mean cover of sponges was greatest at the N. Carolina sites (5.52%) and also lowest at Georgia (0.82%). Off hand, there is little obvious reason for the paucity of biota at the two Georgia sites (Dives 1-4; 3.16% average biota cover) other than they are not MPAs. They had the lowest cover of macrobiota of all sites. However the description of the sites (Appendix 3) does not indicate anything out of the ordinary. The ROV dive tracks overlaid on the multibeam show the dives to be on target, and on good ledge bottom habitat. However both the Georgia EXT and the Georgia Reconfig sites had some of the lowest percent cover of hard bottom (17.94% and 30.07%, respectively) of all the sites. But even though the Georgia Reconfig site had nearly double the amount of hard bottom available for settlement of sessile

biota, both sites had similar paucity of biota. Also confusing is that Northern S. Carolina EXT had the similarly low cover of hard bottom (17.23%) as Georgia Ext, but still had a reasonable amount of biota cover (16.66%). So it remains unexplained, why the paucity of macrobiota at the Georgia sites.

Coral Cover

Based on CPCe Point Count, the percent cover of hard corals ranged from 0 to 0.35% and averaged overall at 0.04% for all sites (Appendix 1, Table 6, Fig. 8). The South Carolina sites had the greatest coral cover (average 0.07%). Of the MPA sites, Edisto MPA had the greatest cover (0.05%). *Oculina varicosa* was the dominant species and was found mostly at Edisto MPA and Edisto Recon 3 (0.04%, respectively). However, deepwater azooxanthellate (white due to low light levels) *Oculina varicosa* colonies (>10 cm) were quite abundant at the North Cape Lookout 3 site (Dives 16, 17) which is a deepwater ledge habitat (110 m). The *Oculina* was common (41 counted) on the rock outcrops and ledges, quite healthy, but a few were standing dead colonies. At another deeper site, North Carolina, Snowy Wreck MPA site (Dive 14), a deep ridge (80-96 m depth) also had large, azooxanthellate (40 cm) *Oculina varicosa* colonies. Unfortunately, none of the points of the Point Count landed on the coral at these sites, so Appendix 1 indicates 0% coral. The deepest recorded depth for *Oculina varicosa* for all sites was 111.5 m.

Octocorals (gorgonians) consisted of at least 11 species and probably more. Many could only be identified to genus or family without a specimen in hand. Percent cover averaged 1.29% for all sites and was greatest at the South Carolina sites (average 1.70%). The Charleston Shelf site had the greatest cover of octocorals (4.88%) followed by 2.93% at South Cape Lookout NC Overall, *Diodogorgia* sp. was the most common species (0.36%), followed by *Ellisella* sp. (0.20%), *Nicella* sp. (0.16%) and *Telesto (Carijoa)* sp. (0.15%). Antipatharian black corals were present at most sites, averaging 0.61% overall cover, with a maximum of 1.62% at Edisto Recon 3. The South Carolina sites had the greatest cover (0.67%).

Benthic Biota and Habitat Relationships

Dive sites within and outside of each of the MPAs were compared using a multi-dimensional scaling plot of Bray-Curtis Similarity (with square-root transformation) for benthic macrobiota densities (Fig. 9). In general, there were 4 main groups. The Georgia Ext site is a clear outlier due to the low percentage of benthic biota as explained above (Fig. 7). North Carolina, North Cape Lookout 3 is also an outlier due to its much greater depth (91-113 m) which had much different fauna compared to the other shelf-edge reef sites that generally averaged 40-80 m depths. The Northern S. Carolina MPA site and adjacent non-MPA site were grouped as they were of similar depth (149-168) and were both iceberg scar habitat; thus the benthic species were similar. The remaining sites clustered together showing little difference between the MPA status (inside vs outside) and region (Florida to North Carolina). These surveys appear to provide good baseline data for the MPA sites which only have been of protected status for less than a decade.

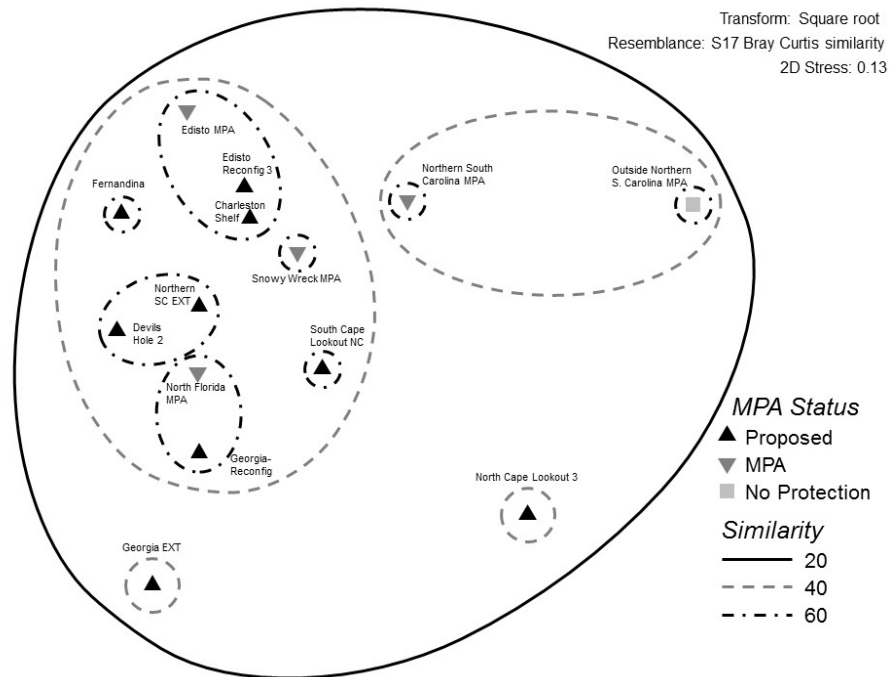


Figure 9. Multi-dimensional scaling (MDS) plot of ROV dives by protection status (i.e., MPA sites, non-MPA sites) based on Bray-Curtis similarity matrix calculated from square-root transformation of benthic macrobiota percent cover for the 2014 NOAA Ship *Pisces* cruise. Assemblage similarity at 20-60% are indicated.

Analysis of Fish Video Surveys

Appendix 2 lists all fish species identified from the quantitative video transects at each dive site and their densities (# individual m^{-3}). A total of 119 species were observed. Dives 13, 20, 25, and 26 were excluded from all analyses. Dives 13 and 20 were aborted shortly after launch because of a lack of ROV and ship control due to bad weather conditions (i.e., wind and current). Dives 25 and 26 were made on newly sunk barges that now make up the Deep Charleston Artificial MPA. Since they had been sunk only two months prior to diving on them, there were not many fish species present yet. ROV dives will be made in subsequent years on these barges so that a comparison of fish assemblages over time can be made.

Fish assemblages inside and outside each MPA were compared using a multi-dimensional scaling (MDS) plot of Bray-Curtis similarities using fourth-root transformed data of fish species (Figure 10; PRIMER 6.0). Six statistically different groups resulted from the SIMPROF test ($p < 0.05$). Letters in the figure indicate statistically significant groups. Fish assemblages were generally more similar by geographic region than they were by level of protection (inside vs. outside). Fish assemblages were more similar inside and outside North Florida MPA compared to all other sites. The same is true for the Edisto MPA. Fish assemblages outside the Snowy Wreck MPA formed a statistically significant group of their own. Fish assemblages inside the Northern South Carolina MPA and outside the Georgia MPA formed a distinct group as did fish assemblages outside the Northern South Carolina MPA and inside the Snowy Wreck MPA. So, why are the fish assemblages inside and outside both the Northern South Carolina and Snowy

Wreck MPAs significantly different from one another? Why didn't they group together like the North Florida and Edisto MPAs? SIMPER analyses were run to find out what species were responsible for these trends. For the Northern South Carolina MPA, differences were due to higher abundances of sunshinefish (*Chromis insolata*), cubbyu (*Pareques umbrosus*), purple reeffish (*Chromis scotti*), and rough-tongue bass (*Pronotogrammus martinicensis*) than outside the MPA. For the Snowy Wreck MPA, differences were due to higher abundances of tomtate (*Haemulon aurolineatum*) and creole-fish (*Paranthias furcifer*) inside the MPA and higher abundances of anthiids outside the MPA. Depth also played a major role in the composition of fish species as all the deep dives conducted both inside and outside the Northern South Carolina MPA formed a statistically significant group and, therefore, had a distinct assemblage of fish compared to the shallower dives.

Densities of fish species in the snapper-grouper complex were compared inside and outside for each of the MPAs (Table 7). No dives were made inside the Georgia MPA, so comparisons could not be made. Average densities of graysby (*Cephalopholis cruentatus*), scamp (*Mycteroperca phenax*), and amberjack (*Seriola* sp.) were higher inside the Snowy Wreck MPA compared to outside. Only blueline tilefish (*Caulolatilus microps*) densities were higher inside the Northern South Carolina MPA. Tomtate (*Haemulon aurolineatum*), white grunt (*Haemulon plumieri*), and porgies (Sparidae) were more abundant inside the Edisto MPA. Tomtate and vermilion snapper (*Rhomboplites aurorubens*) had higher densities inside the North Florida MPA. There were also fish species that had higher average densities outside each of the MPAs. At this point, analyses of this data are in the process of being conducted to determine if these differences are statistically significant. In this report, they are based strictly on raw densities.

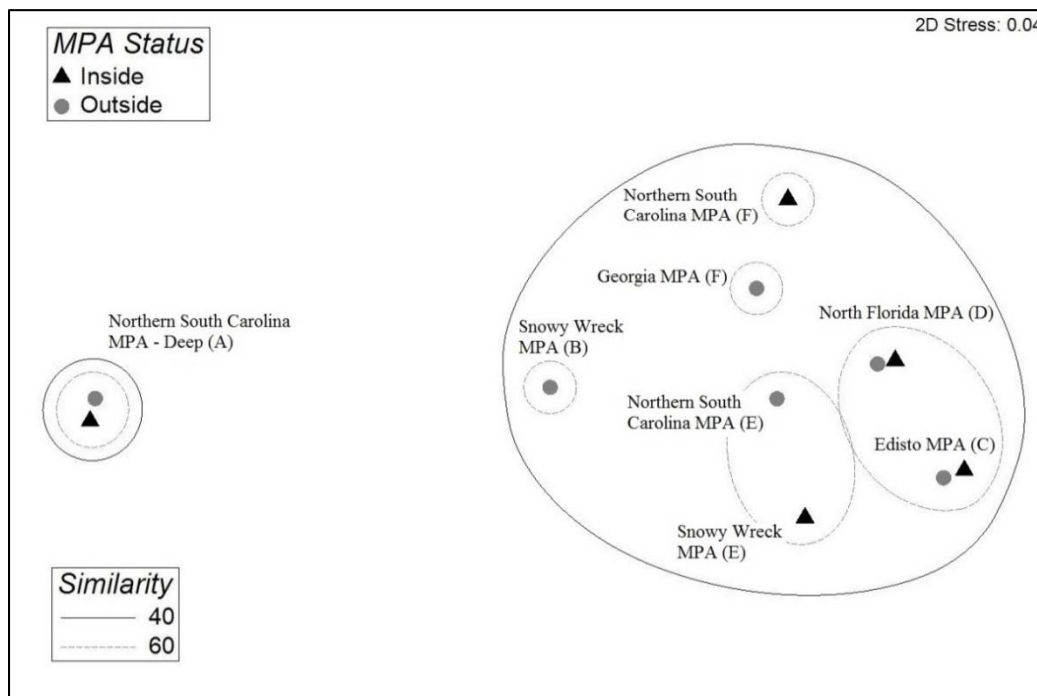


Figure 10. Multi-dimensional scaling (MDS) plot of ROV dive sites within and outside of the protected management areas (MPAs) based on Bray-Curtis similarity matrix calculated using fourth-root transformed data of fish species. Assemblage similarity at 40 and 60% are indicated. Statistically different groups (SIMPROF, $p < 0.05$) are indicated by letters.

Table 7. Densities for species of the snapper-grouper complex inside and outside each MPA. MPA names are abbreviated (NC= North Carolina or Snowy Wreck MPA, SC= Northern South Carolina MPA, ED= Edisto MPA, GA= Georgia MPA, FL= North Florida MPA). An “X” indicates a species had a higher density inside compared to outside the MPA. N/A indicates that species was not observed inside and/or outside that MPA and a comparison could not be made.

Scientific Name	Inside NC	Outside NC	Higher Inside NC	Inside SC	Outside SC	Higher Inside SC	Inside ED	Outside ED	Higher Inside ED	Outside GA	Inside FL	Outside FL	Higher Inside FL
<i>Balistes capricus</i>	2E-04		N/A	1E-04		N/A	0.0004	0.0005		0.0007	4E-04	0.0005	
<i>Balistes</i> sp.			N/A			N/A	0.0002	0.0004			1E-04		N/A
<i>Balistes vetula</i>			N/A	1E-04	0.0001		0.0002	0.0005			1E-04	0.0004	
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	7E-04		N/A	7E-04	0.0007		0.001	0.0021		0.0004	1E-04	0.0001	
<i>Caulolatilus microps</i>			N/A	5E-04	0.0003	X			N/A				N/A
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	5E-04	0.0002	X	1E-04	0.0001		0.0009	0.0012			1E-04		N/A
<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i>	2E-04		N/A			N/A		0.0006	N/A				N/A
<i>Epinephelus drummondhayi</i>	2E-04		N/A		0.0003	N/A			N/A				N/A
<i>Epinephelus morio</i>	1E-04		N/A			N/A			N/A				N/A
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	0.012		N/A		0.0097	N/A	0.1425	0.116	X	0.0012	0.024	0.0184	X
<i>Haemulon plumieri</i>			N/A	1E-04		N/A	0.0003	0.0001	X				N/A
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	0.004		N/A			N/A	0.0299	0.0454			0.013		N/A
<i>Hyporthodus niveatus</i>		0.0002	N/A	6E-04	0.0013				N/A				N/A
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	3E-04		N/A	2E-04	0.0008		0.0001	0.0003		0.0001	3E-04	0.0006	
<i>Lutjanus analis</i>			N/A			N/A			N/A		1E-04		N/A
<i>Lutjanus buccanella</i>	0.002		N/A			N/A			N/A				N/A
<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>			N/A			N/A			N/A	0.0007			N/A
<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>			N/A			N/A	0.0014		N/A				N/A
<i>Lutjanus jocu</i>			N/A			N/A	9E-05		N/A				N/A
<i>Lutjanus</i> sp.			N/A		0.0001	N/A	0.0002		N/A				N/A
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	5E-04		N/A		0.0001	N/A	0.0001	0.0002		0.0004			N/A
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	0.001	0.0003	X	2E-04	0.0009		0.0011	0.0011		0.0018	1E-04	0.0003	
<i>Mycteroperca</i> sp.	1E-04		N/A			N/A	0.0005		N/A				N/A
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	0.001	0.0006		0.001	0.0013		0.0015	0.0076		0.004	3E-04	0.0022	

<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	0.003		N/A		N/A	0.0301	0.0459		0.0019	0.024	0.0019	X	
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	2E-04	0.0001	X		0.0004	N/A	0.0003	0.0006		0.0015		0.0007	N/A
<i>Seriola fasciata</i>		0.0001	N/A		0.0063	N/A		N/A					N/A
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	0.002	0.0001	X	1E-04	0.0006		0.0003	0.0008		0.0001	1E-04	0.0009	
<i>Seriola</i> sp.		0.0002	N/A		0.0061	N/A	0.0001	0.0004		0.0014	1E-04	0.0001	
Serranidae	1E-04		N/A			N/A		N/A					N/A
Sparidae			N/A	1E-04	0.0001		0.0007	0.001	X	0.0009		0.0008	N/A

Lionfish Populations

Lionfish continue to have a strong presence in and around the south Atlantic MPAs. Densities inside and outside each MPA are presented in Figure 11. In years past, lionfish densities have been the highest off the two South Carolina MPAs. While the highest densities were observed inside the Edisto MPA this year, variances were also high, so there was no significant difference among MPAs ($P=0.72$). Densities inside and outside the remaining MPAs were fairly similar with the lowest densities being observed outside the Snowy Wreck MPA and inside the Northern South Carolina MPA. An ANOVA was run to compare lionfish densities inside and outside with all MPAs combined which was also not significant ($P=0.25$, Fig. 12).

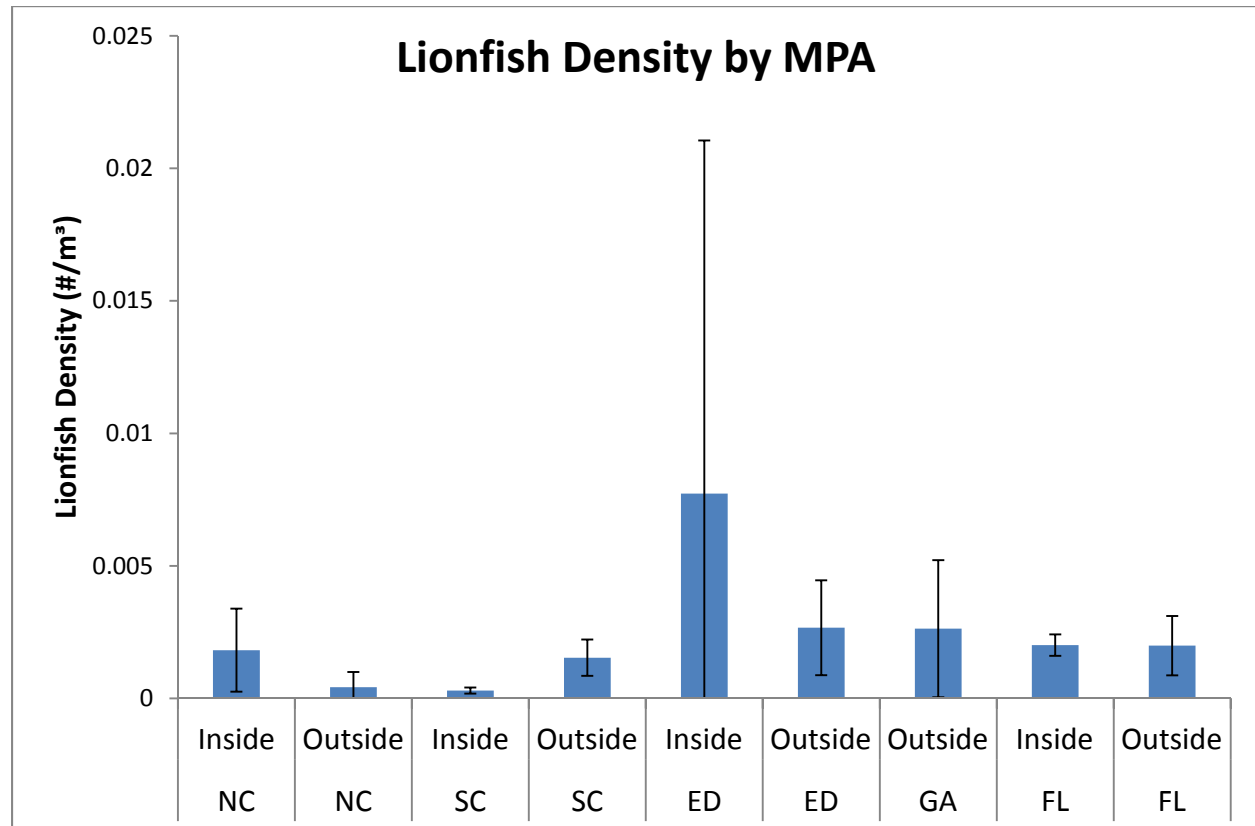


Figure 11. Density of lionfish (# individuals m^{-3}) from quantitative ROV video transects during 2014 NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise at sites inside and outside each shelf-edge MPA. MPA names are abbreviated (NC=North Carolina or Snowy Wreck MPA, SC=Northern South Carolina MPA, ED=Edisto MPA, and FL=North Florida MPA).

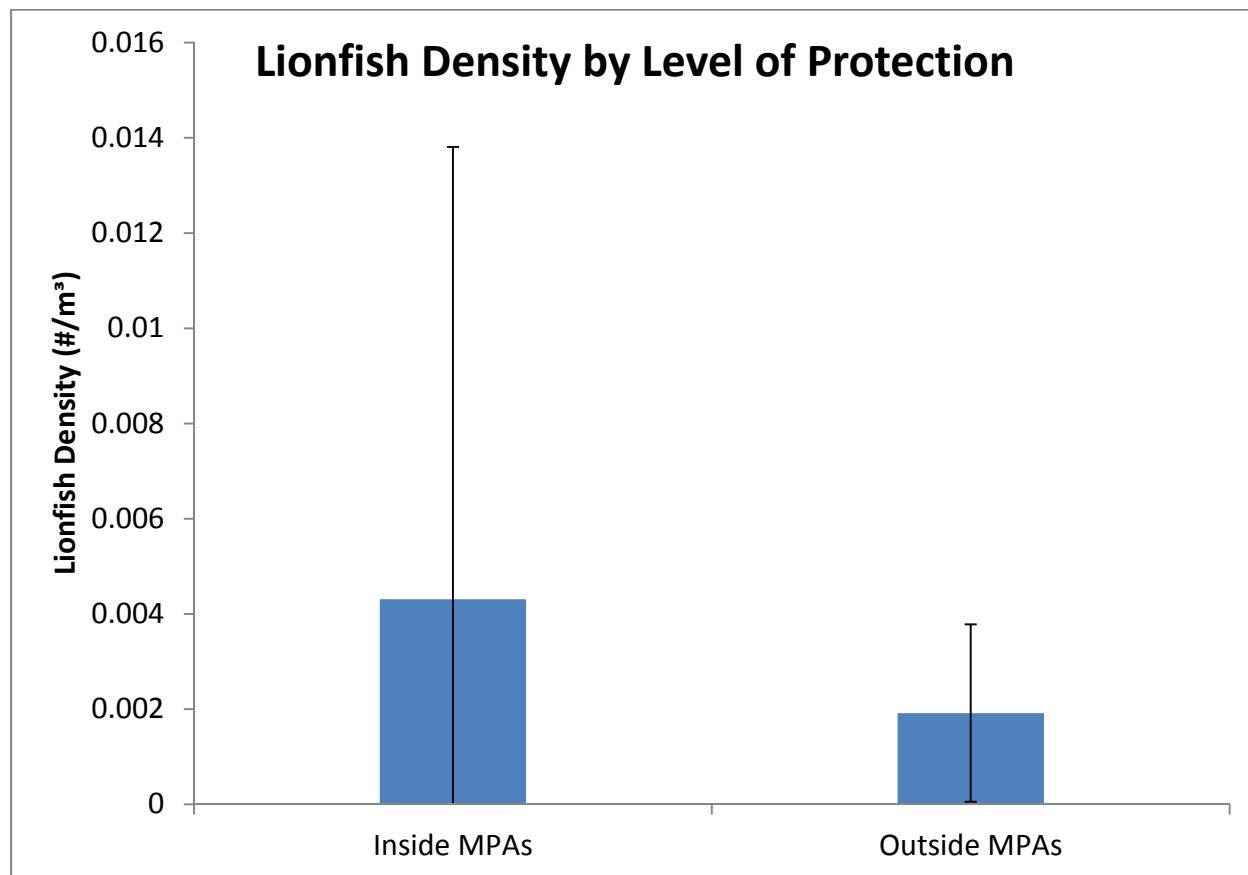


Figure 12. Lionfish densities (# individuals m^{-3}) based on quantitative ROV video transects summarized by all dives within and outside of the shelf-edge MPA sites during 2014 NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster* cruise.

FUTURE WORK AND CONCLUSIONS

This cruise and research has resulted in a rich set of new data discovering and characterizing deepwater MPA sites and fish populations off the southeastern United States within the jurisdiction of the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council. New sonar maps, ground-truthed by ROV dives, and CTD casts have provided data for characterizing these newly designated shelf-edge MPA sites and adjacent areas. The new multibeam maps provide a wealth of information for future ROV dives both within and outside the current MPA sites. These data will be important for managers and scientists with NOAA Fisheries, the South Atlantic Fishery Management Council, NOAA DSCRTP, NOAA CRCP, and NOAA Mesophotic Reef Ecosystem Program. These data may then be compared to previous and future research cruises

and to areas adjacent to the protected areas to better understand the long-term health and status of these important deepwater coral/sponge ecosystems.

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APPENDIX 1

Species List and Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota

Species list of the benthic macro-invertebrates and algae that were identified from quantitative photo transects for each dive. Still images captured from the photo transects were analyzed using CPCe[®] software to determine relative percent cover of benthic biota and habitat types.

Group/Major/Minor Categories	ROV #																										
	ROV 14-01	ROV 14-02	ROV 14-03	ROV 14-04	ROV 14-05	ROV 14-06	ROV 14-07	ROV 14-08	ROV 14-09	ROV 14-10	ROV 14-11	ROV 14-12	ROV 14-14	ROV 14-15	ROV 14-16	ROV 14-17	ROV 14-18	ROV 14-19	ROV 14-21	ROV 14-22	ROV 14-23	ROV 14-24	ROV 14-27	ROV 14-28	ROV 14-29	Grand Total	
Biota	4.36%	2.47%	2.25%	3.47%	16.07%	16.66%	5.49%	30.36%	8.15%	4.55%	5.39%	6.21%	12.08%	33.57%	15.68%	15.32%	19.41%	46.21%	40.53%	34.68%	47.29%	27.61%	13.69%	15.71%	12.20%	19.19%	
Algae	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.73%	4.89%	0.00%	21.53%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.81%	27.60%	0.00%	0.27%	6.88%	20.25%	19.97%	15.04%	32.78%	4.83%	0.42%	4.11%	1.19%	7.14%	
Chlorophyta	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.39%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%	0.48%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.49%	0.19%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.07%	
Corallinales/crustose coralline	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.78%	2.08%	0.52%	0.48%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.12%	1.43%	0.00%	0.00%	4.75%	4.79%	4.72%	2.24%	3.85%	2.90%	0.34%	0.72%	0.15%	1.40%	
Cyanophyta	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.52%	0.00%	6.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.84%	0.00%	0.27%	1.42%	0.32%	2.88%	0.12%	0.72%	0.06%	0.00%	0.14%	0.25%	0.47%	
Rhaphidophyta	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.39%	0.26%	0.00%	9.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.22%	18.16%	0.00%	0.00%	0.30%	7.93%	2.33%	8.76%	22.63%	0.00%	0.08%	0.43%	0.00%	3.11%	
Phaeophyta	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.52%	2.03%	0.26%	5.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.37%	6.69%	0.00%	0.00%	0.40%	7.15%	9.55%	3.73%	5.46%	1.87%	0.00%	2.74%	0.79%	2.09%	
Porifera	1.33%	0.21%	0.79%	0.98%	1.82%	1.46%	0.70%	0.48%	3.00%	1.65%	2.95%	2.85%	1.59%	0.48%	10.09%	7.15%	2.43%	6.76%	1.68%	7.21%	4.06%	4.50%	1.51%	3.67%	3.62%	3.29%	
Agelas sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Aiolochroia crassa	0.00%	0.00%	0.20%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.21%	0.05%	0.19%	0.00%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	
Aplysina sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Astrophorida	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.17%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Auleta sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Callyspongia vaginalis	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Chondrilla sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Cinachyra sp./Cinachyrella sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.01%	
Ciathria sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.01%	
Ciona sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Corallitidae	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.38%	0.00%	0.11%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%	
Demospongiae	0.38%	0.21%	0.20%	0.43%	1.17%	0.94%	0.17%	0.29%	0.48%	0.50%	0.80%	0.58%	0.28%	0.12%	2.12%	1.96%	1.62%	2.25%	1.19%	2.42%	1.40%	1.80%	1.01%	1.01%	1.34%	1.10%	
Demospongiae- MPA03	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.43%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.17%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.05%	0.00%	0.19%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.56%	0.05%	1.12%	0.08%	0.13%	0.00%	0.43%	0.40%	0.15%		
Dictyoceratida	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%	0.12%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%		
Erylus sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Farrea sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.08%	0.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Geodia sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.18%	0.00%	0.06%	0.04%	0.84%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.05%		
Hadromerida	0.00%	0.00%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Holopsamma sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%		
Ircinia campana	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.76%	0.00%	0.00%	0.65%	0.00%	0.07%		
Ircinia sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.25%	0.05%	0.19%	0.21%	0.06%	0.08%	0.07%	0.10%	0.06%		
Ircinia strobilina	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.01%		
Leiodermatium sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	2.05%	0.91%	1.93%	2.12%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.30%	
Neofibularia sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Niphates sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.05%	0.06%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Poecilosclerida	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Scopulina sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Spirastrellidae	0.82%	0.00%	0.26%	0.54%	0.22%	0.10%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.31%	0.24%	7.92%	5.20%	0.71%	3.03%	0.27%	2.73%	0.72%	1.29%	0.42%	1.15%	1.79%	1.31%	
Spongosorites sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Xestospongia muta	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Xestospongia sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.21%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Coral	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.35%	0.05%	0.00%	0.08%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	
Oculina varicosa	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.04%	0.00%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Scleractinia colonial	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Scleractinia solitary	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.32%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%	
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	0.19%	0.62%	0.66%	0.76%	1.52%	2.50%	0.70%	0.78%	0.81%	0.33%	0.28%	0.58%	1.22%	0.84%	1.06%	0.54%	2.93%	2.40%	4.88%	1.18%	1.82%	2.45%	0.00%	0.22%	0.40%	1.29%	
Bebruce sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Diodogorgia sp.	0.19%	0.41%	0.59%	0.54%	0.26%	0.52%	0.09%	0.29%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.07%	0.10%	1.34%	1.25%	0.50%	0.51%	0.58%	0.00%	0.14%	0.15%	0.36%	
Ellisella sp.	0.00%	0.14%	0.00%	0.00%	0.17%	0.47%																					

Group/Major/Minor Categories	ROV 14-01	ROV 14-02	ROV 14-03	ROV 14-04	ROV 14-05	ROV 14-06	ROV 14-07	ROV 14-08	ROV 14-09	ROV 14-10	ROV 14-11	ROV 14-12	ROV 14-14	ROV 14-15	ROV 14-16	ROV 14-17	ROV 14-18	ROV 14-19	ROV 14-21	ROV 14-22	ROV 14-23	ROV 14-24	ROV 14-27	ROV 14-28	ROV 14-29	Grand Total
Bivalvia	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.55%	0.07%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%
Gastropoda	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Perotrochus amabilis	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Arthropoda	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.14%	0.00%	0.23%	0.15%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	
Decapoda	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Majidae	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Paguridae	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.00%	0.11%	0.15%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.02%	
Panulirus argus	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.08%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Scyllaridae	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Stenorhynchus seticornis	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Bryozoa	0.38%	0.14%	0.07%	0.00%	0.13%	1.04%	1.74%	0.78%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.28%	0.43%	0.06%	0.13%	0.45%	0.08%	0.22%	0.25%	0.24%	
Bryozoa	0.32%	0.14%	0.07%	0.00%	0.13%	0.62%	1.48%	0.39%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	0.06%	0.00%	0.07%	0.20%	0.13%	
Schizoporella sp.	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.42%	0.26%	0.39%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.28%	0.43%	0.06%	0.08%	0.39%	0.08%	0.14%	0.05%	0.11%	
Echinodermata	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.09%	0.00%	0.10%	0.83%	0.00%	0.22%	0.00%	0.00%	2.57%	6.55%	0.61%	0.32%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.46%	
Asteroida	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Centrostephanus longispinus	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.15%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Cidaroida	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.15%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Comactinia meridionalis	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	1.41%	4.18%	0.51%	0.28%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.26%	
Crinoidea	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	1.35%	0.10%	0.04%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.06%	
Davidaster sp.	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.54%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.02%	
Gorgonocephalidae	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Holothuria lentiginosa enodis	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.15%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Narcissia trigonaria	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
Ophiiderma devaneyi	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.61%	0.34%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.04%	
Paracolocirus mysticus	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.83%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.03%	
Chordata	0.32%	0.07%	0.20%	0.43%	1.39%	0.26%	0.17%	0.58%	0.19%	0.58%	0.06%	0.07%	0.28%	0.48%	0.25%	0.13%	0.61%	1.13%	0.98%	1.06%	0.42%	1.42%	0.00%	0.07%	0.10%	0.49%
Ascidiacea	0.06%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	1.21%	0.21%	0.17%	0.48%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.10%	0.77%	0.65%	0.31%	0.00%	0.77%	0.00%	0.00%	0.24%	
Didemnidae	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.22%	0.17%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.11%	0.31%	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	
Fish	0.25%	0.00%	0.13%	0.22%	0.00%	0.05%	0.00%	0.10%	0.19%	0.58%	0.06%	0.07%	0.28%	0.48%	0.25%	0.13%	0.51%	0.28%	0.22%	0.44%	0.30%	0.64%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.20%
Other organism	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.16%	3.33%	0.26%	5.43%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.28%	0.36%	0.25%	0.00%	0.30%	1.80%	6.35%	0.87%	4.27%	9.72%	0.00%	0.07%	0.30%	1.77%
Other organism	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	5.16%	3.33%	0.26%	5.43%	0.05%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.28%	0.36%	0.25%	0.00%	0.30%	1.80%	6.35%	0.87%	4.27%	9.72%	0.00%	0.07%	0.30%	1.77%
Natural detritus	0.19%	0.14%	0.07%	0.22%	0.39%	1.51%	0.61%	0.39%	0.00%	0.41%	0.00%	0.07%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%	0.13%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.18%
Natural detritus	0.19%	0.14%	0.07%	0.22%	0.39%	1.51%	0.61%	0.39%	0.00%	0.41%	0.00%	0.07%	0.09%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.11%	0.00%	0.13%	0.06%	0.00%	0.00%	0.05%	0.18%
Bare soft bottom substrate	72.14%	86.94%	78.80%	72.96%	53.38%	66.06%	89.72%	67.70%	44.52%	53.68%	63.15%	49.56%	55.52%	45.76%	26.22%	29.82%	40.14%	6.27%	34.94%	16.22%	26.61%	19.63%	73.30%	62.97%	56.30%	48.40%
Bare hard bottom substrate	23.37%	10.58%	18.96%	23.56%	30.55%	17.28%	4.79%	1.94%	47.33%	41.77%	31.46%	44.15%	32.40%	20.67%	58.09%	54.79%	40.44%	47.52%	24.53%	49.10%	26.10%	52.77%	13.01%	21.33%	31.50%	32.40%
Bare hard bottom substrate	23.37%	10.58%	18.96%	23.56%	30.55%	17.28%	4.79%	1.94%	47.33%	41.77%	31.46%	44.15%	32.40%	20.67%	58.09%	54.79%	40.44%	47.52%	24.53%	49.10%	26.10%	52.77%	13.01%	21.33%	31.50%	32.40%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	22.62%	9.35%	18.43%	23.34%	27.64%	10.20%	2.26%	1.07%	47.19%	41.77%	31.29%	44.08%	30.81%	19.35%	54.06%	50.27%	37.92%	45.19%	21.81%	46.61%	23.39%	50.90%	7.98%	18.23%	25.05%	29.95%
Bare rubble- rock	0.76%	1.24%	0.53%	0.22%	2.90%	7.08%	2.53%	0.87%	0.14%	0.00%	0.17%	0.07%	1.59%	1.31%	4.03%	4.52%	2.53%	2.32%	2.71%	2.49%	2.71%	1.87%	5.04%	3.10%	6.45%	2.46%
Human debris	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Human debris	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Fishing gear/line/long line	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.07%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Human debris- other	0.13%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.01%	
Grand Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	

APPENDIX 2

Species List and Density of Fish Observations

Species list all of fish that were identified and counted from the quantitative video transects for each dive. The total distance (km) of each dive was used to calculate the density (# individuals m^{-3}) of each fish species. The estimated field of view width was ~10 m, and most fish were identified within a 5 m distance.

Scientific Name	Common Name	2014-01	2014-02	2014-03	2014-04	2014-05	2014-06	2014-07	2014-08	2014-09	2014-10	2014-11	2014-12	2014-14	2014-15	2014-16	2014-17	2014-18	2014-19	2014-21	2014-22	2014-23	2014-24	2014-27	2014-28	2014-29	
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish						0.0001		0.0002					0.0001	0.0034			0.0012	0.0011	0.0003	0.0004	0.0007			0.0019	0.0005	
<i>Alerterus</i> sp.	filefish								0.0001																		
<i>Aluterus monoceros</i>	unicorn filefish																										
<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	scrawled filefish																		0.0145	0.0001				0.0001			
<i>Anthias nicholsi</i>	yellowfin bass									0.0050	0.0052	0.0109	0.0007														
<i>Anthiinae</i>	anthiid									0.0119	0.0116	0.0786	0.0083	0.0330		0.0871	0.0062										
<i>Antigonia capros</i>	deepbody boarfish									0.0107	0.0024	0.0200	0.0087														
<i>Apogon affinis</i>	bigtooth cardinalfish						0.0068																				
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish			0.0001	0.0003	0.0001		0.0001										0.0002	0.0006			0.0001				0.0004	
<i>Apogon</i> sp.	cardinalfish				0.0004															0.0001	0.0006						
<i>Aulostomus maculatus</i>	trumpetfish																		0.0005			0.0003	0.0000				
<i>Balistes capricus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0008	0.0004	0.0005	0.0011				0.0001						0.0002				0.0009	0.0003	0.0009	0.0007	0.0003	0.0004	0.0008	0.0004	
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish																		0.0005	0.0003	0.0007	0.0002	0.0000			0.0001	
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish							0.0001	0.0001										0.0013	0.0003		0.0002			0.0004	0.0001	
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0009					0.0026	0.0013	0.0003					0.0019	0.0069			0.0007	0.0181	0.0042	0.0168	0.0040	0.0012	0.0003	0.0026	0.0034	
<i>Bodianus rufus</i>	spanish hogfish																					0.0005					
<i>Bothidae</i>	flounder												0.0000														
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0005		0.0001	0.0005	0.0006	0.0007	0.0003	0.0009					0.0003	0.0015				0.0042	0.0011	0.0058	0.0007	0.0004	0.0001		0.0001	
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0024	0.0013	0.0016	0.0027	0.0150	0.0042	0.0005	0.0012					0.0010	0.0104	0.0001	0.0001	0.0032	0.0210	0.0052	0.0456	0.0086	0.0008	0.0025	0.0049	0.0067	
<i>Carangidae</i>	jack													0.0005								0.0001			0.0050		
<i>Caranx bartholomaei</i>	yellow jack																		0.0025								
<i>Caranx lugubris</i>	black jack																					0.0005					
<i>Caranx</i> sp.	jack																					0.0004					
<i>Carcharhinidae</i>	shark																							0.0000			
<i>Caulolatilus microps</i>	blueline tilefish									0.0001	0.0004	0.0017	0.0001														
<i>Centropomus ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass		0.0017													0.0001	0.0000					0.0008		0.0002		0.0001	
<i>Centropomus</i> sp.	sea bass																										
<i>Centropomus striata</i>	black sea bass		0.0007						0.0001																		
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish					0.0004	0.0010		0.0001																		
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby						0.0001		0.0001					0.0002	0.0008			0.0002	0.0017	0.0003	0.0046	0.0008	0.0000			0.0001	
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0015	0.0003	0.0005	0.0011	0.0009	0.0005		0.0003					0.0002	0.0007			0.0007	0.0019	0.0007	0.0005	0.0002	0.0002	0.0004	0.0011	0.0004	
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0033	0.0012	0.0017	0.0018	0.0050	0.0019	0.0014	0.0010					0.0024	0.0086	0.0005	0.0001	0.0020	0.0150	0.0079	0.0101	0.0067	0.0009	0.0042	0.0079	0.0057	
<i>Chaetodon</i> sp.	butterflyfish																					0.0007				0.0016	
<i>Chaetodontidae</i>	butterflyfish																		0.0019	0.0010	0.0007	0.0004	0.0001			0.0003	
<i>Chilomycterus</i> sp.	burrfish																			0.0001							
<i>Chromis cyaneus</i>	blue chromis													0.0010	0.0039				0.0051	0.0012	0.0025						
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0059	0.0034	0.0020	0.0017	0.0058	0.0042	0.0131	0.0009					0.0001				0.0005	0.0050	0.0033	0.0052	0.0028	0.0017	0.0037	0.0084	0.0128	
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0006				0.0080	0.0025		0.0001					0.0001	0.0096			0.0013	0.0368	0.0049	0.0023	0.0131	0.0113	0.0006	0.0009	0.0011	
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0006				0.0021	0.0018							0.0004	0.0027				0.0604	0.0020	0.0096	0.0262	0.0075		0.0035	0.0025	
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0021				0.0031	0.0090		0.0003						0.0033			0.0050	0.0224	0.0073	0.0016	0.0040	0.0029		0.0007	0.0007	
<i>Clepticus parrai</i>	creole wrasse														0.0051							0.0001	0.0013				
<i>Dasyatis americana</i>	southern stingray					0.0001	0.0001																				
<i>Dasyatis</i> sp.	stingray																				0.0001						
<i>Decapterus punctatus</i>	round scad		0.0729																								
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish				0.0001		0.0001			0.0003	0.0026	0.0017	0.0002	0.0001		0.0004	0.0000										
<i>Diodon holocanthus</i>	balloonfish																							0.0006			
<i>Diodon hystrix</i>	porcupinefish																						0.0001				
<i>Diplodus holbrooki</i>	spottail pinfish																		0.0023		0.0019						
<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i>	rock hind												0.0001	0.0003						0.0006							
<i>Epinephelus drummondhayi</i>	speckled hind					0.0001	0.0012						0.0002														
<i>Epinephelus morio</i>	red grouper														0.0001												
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish		0.0002	0.0001										0.0002			0.0001					0.0001	0.0000		0.0003		
<i>Fistularia petimba</i>	red cornetfish																		0.0003								
<i>Fistularia</i> sp.	cornetfish																				0.0003		0.0001			0.0001	
<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	bluespotted cornetfish																		0.0013		0.0005		0.0002			0.0001	
<i>Gephyroberyx darwini</i>	big roughy									0.0005	0.0011	0.0015	0.0003													0.0001	
<i>Gobiidae</i>	goby																				0.0017						
<i>Gymnothorax moringa</i>	spotted moray eel							0.0001																		0.0007	
<i>Gymnothorax vicinus</i>	purplemouth moray eel																							0.0001			
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate		0.0012			0.0097								0.0037	0.0212				0.2320	0.0406	0.4992	0.1992	0.0801	0.0007	0.0332	0.0240	
<i>Haemulon plumieri</i>	white grunt							0.0001												0.0001	0.0003						
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt														0.0035						0.1502	0.0497	0.0194			0.0133	
<i>Halichoeres bivittatus</i>	greenband wrasse						0.0001									0.0000	0.0007		0.0454								
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse					0.0001			0.0002						0.0045				0.0006	0.0009	0.0007	0.0023	0.0000	0.0013	0.0021	0.0005	
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0039	0.0065	0.0033	0.0022	0.0160	0.0143	0.0094	0.0040	0.0002			0.0001	0.0037	0.0032	0.0078	0.0010	0.0036	0.0090	0.0187	0.0117	0.0048	0.0003	0.0050	0.0084	0.0106	
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barber									0.0009	0.0014	0.0023	0.0015			0.0060	0.0003										
<i>Holocanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0011	0.0005	0.0008	0.0009	0.0023	0.0007	0.0007	0.0006					0.0001	0.0009			0.0010	0.0100	0.0023	0.0078	0.0031	0.0008	0.0005	0.0019	0.0025	
<i>Holocanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty					0.0001	0.0001							0.0001	0.0023			0.0008	0.0003	0.0003		0.0006					
<i>Holocentridae</i>	squirrelfish	0.0007	0.0002			0.0007	0.0008		0.0004	0.0001		0.0006	0.0001	0.0003	0.0086	0.0001	0.0000	0.0022	0.0029	0.0032	0.0046	0.0045	0.0014	0.0008	0.0024	0.0010	
<i>Hyporhamphus niveatus</i>	snowy grouper									0.0013	0.0014	0.0015	0.0003			0.0002											

Scientific Name	Common Name	2014-01	2014-02	2014-03	2014-04	2014-05	2014-06	2014-07	2014-08	2014-09	2014-10	2014-11	2014-12	2014-14	2014-15	2014-16	2014-17	2014-18	2014-19	2014-21	2014-22	2014-23	2014-24	2014-27	2014-28	2014-29
<i>Lutjanus jocu</i>	dog snapper																									
<i>Lutjanus</i> sp.	snapper						0.0001															0.0005	0.0003	0.0000		
<i>Macrorhamphosus scolopax</i>	longspine snipefish										0.0003	0.0003	0.0004													
<i>Malacanthus plumieri</i>	sand tilefish																	0.0004		0.0001					0.0003	
<i>Monacanthus hispidus</i>	planehead filefish																		0.0006	0.0001	0.0005		0.0000			
<i>Monacanthus</i> sp.	filefish																			0.0003						
<i>Mulloidichthys martinicus</i>	yellow goatfish																					0.0042	0.0013			
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel		0.0002	0.0001	0.0001		0.0001			0.0001		0.0002		0.0001												0.0001
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0003	0.0005	0.0002	0.0002	0.0001						0.0002						0.0002	0.0003			0.0004				0.0002
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper		0.0010	0.0003	0.0001		0.0001								0.0005				0.0003	0.0002	0.0008	0.0001	0.0000			
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0009	0.0023	0.0025	0.0007	0.0014	0.0004	0.0003	0.0001					0.0005	0.0029	0.0007	0.0001		0.0021	0.0004	0.0028	0.0017	0.0007	0.0001	0.0019	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca</i> sp.	grouper																				0.0005					
<i>Myrichthys acuminatus</i>	sharptail eel	0.0003																								
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish																					0.0076	0.0001		0.0001	0.0021
<i>Opsanus</i> sp.	toadfish														0.0005				0.0008			0.0004			0.0001	0.0009
<i>Ostichthys trachypoma</i>	bigeye soldierfish										0.0002	0.0003	0.0001													
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0022	0.0054	0.0042	0.0049	0.0016		0.0010	0.0013	0.0012	0.0012	0.0027	0.0007	0.0010		0.0014	0.0000		0.0120	0.0012	0.0052	0.0004	0.0014	0.0028	0.0016	0.0003
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish					0.0001	0.0006																			
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0146	0.0047		0.0001					0.0003	0.0006	0.0010	0.0004		0.0005	0.0243		0.0002	0.0013	0.0024		0.0032	0.0004		0.0019	
<i>Pareques</i> sp.	drum															0.0067	0.0005					0.0006				
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0168	0.0003	0.0024	0.0115	0.0024	0.0016								0.0029	0.0106	0.0011	0.0001		0.0028	0.0129	0.0047	0.0010	0.0004		0.0019
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass									0.0002	0.0005	0.0010	0.0002			0.0009	0.0000									0.0005
<i>Plectrypops retrospinis</i>	cardinal soldierfish													0.0002		0.0008	0.0001			0.0001						
<i>Pomacanthus arcuatus</i>	grey angelfish																									
<i>Pomacanthus paru</i>	french angelfish																	0.0005		0.0003		0.0003				
<i>Pomacanthus</i> sp.	angelfish																				0.0001					0.0002
Priacanthidae	bigeye									0.0001											0.0001					
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0003			0.0001									0.0000	0.0010	0.0133		0.0002	0.0003				0.0003		0.0006	0.0007
<i>Pristigeyus alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0010	0.0051	0.0024	0.0011	0.0020	0.0005				0.0003	0.0002	0.0000	0.0004		0.0011	0.0000	0.0025	0.0010	0.0005	0.0083	0.0003	0.0001	0.0005	0.0008	0.0003
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0003														0.0001			0.0003	0.0001	0.0008	0.0009	0.0000			
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0011	0.0014	0.0017	0.0015	0.0033	0.0011	0.0005	0.0002		0.0003		0.0001	0.0004		0.0025	0.0004		0.0017	0.0020	0.0007	0.0002	0.0002			0.0005
<i>Prognathodes guyanensis</i>	french butterflyfish													0.0001	0.0001											
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	rough tongue bass					0.0007	0.0035			0.0004		0.0002	0.0002	0.0374		0.0337	0.0046									
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish														0.0023				0.0045	0.0001	0.0031	0.0013	0.0003		0.0003	0.0003
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0023	0.0045	0.0020	0.0003	0.0017	0.0013	0.0002	0.0003					0.0012	0.0033	0.0003	0.0001	0.0010	0.0042	0.0009	0.0330	0.0027	0.0006	0.0018	0.0018	0.0020
<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>	cobia																				0.0005	0.0001				
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper		0.0002	0.0003	0.0049									0.0029					0.0459		0.2280	0.0074	0.0109		0.0019	0.0238
<i>Rypticus maculatus</i>	whitespotted soapfish		0.0005	0.0001																	0.0008					
<i>Rypticus saponaceus</i>	greater soapfish													0.0005	0.0013											
<i>Rypticus</i> sp.	soapfish					0.0001																0.0003				0.0001
<i>Scorpaena plumieri</i>	spotted scorpionfish																				0.0003					
<i>Scorpaena</i> sp.	scorpionfish																				0.0004					
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0001		0.0001						0.0003	0.0019	0.0018	0.0002		0.0002	0.0034	0.0001		0.0003		0.0020			0.0002		
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0025	0.0002				0.0004							0.0002	0.0003		0.0001		0.0005	0.0006	0.0003	0.0008	0.0000	0.0006	0.0012	
<i>Seriola fasciata</i>	lesser amberjack						0.0063									0.0001										
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001				0.0004	0.0008	0.0001	0.0001	0.0001				0.0016	0.0029	0.0002	0.0001		0.0011	0.0007	0.0003				0.0009	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0008	0.0019	0.0007	0.0025	0.0005	0.0010			0.0106	0.0003						0.0001	0.0001	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003	0.0002	0.0001	0.0001		0.0001
Serranidae	sea bass															0.0001										
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0006	0.0021		0.0001	0.0024	0.0004		0.0001					0.0002	0.0001				0.0004	0.0005	0.0005	0.0004		0.0010	0.0003	0.0010
<i>Serranus baldwini</i>	lantern bass																							0.0010	0.0003	0.0010
<i>Serranus chionaraia</i>	snow bass					0.0003								0.0001								0.0005		0.0001	0.0012	0.0007
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0001	0.0010	0.0004	0.0003						0.0002	0.0000				0.0000										
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0027	0.0010	0.0019	0.0010	0.0042	0.0033	0.0083	0.0005					0.0004		0.0005	0.0000	0.0011	0.0013	0.0017	0.0013	0.0006	0.0002	0.0023	0.0024	0.0024
<i>Serranus</i> sp.	sea bass					0.0004															0.0003				0.0006	0.0006
<i>Serranus tigrinus</i>	harlequin bass																				0.0003					
Sparidae	porgy					0.0009	0.0001		0.0001											0.0010		0.0008	0.0003		0.0020	0.0005
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish					0.0001		0.0001						0.0003					0.0017	0.0005		0.0007	0.0001			
<i>Sparisoma</i> sp.	parrotfish																					0.0011			0.0006	0.0001
<i>Sphaeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0005	0.0005	0.0006	0.0006	0.0003	0.0005												0.0005		0.0010		0.0000			
<i>Sphyrna barracuda</i>	barracuda																					0.0004	0.0011			
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0001				0.0001		0.0002							0.0005				0.0011	0.0003	0.0003	0.0015		0.0007	0.0003	0.0001
<i>Synagrops</i> sp.	synagrops sea bass									0.0003																
<i>Syngnathus</i> sp.	pipefish																						0.0003			
<i>Synodus intermedius</i>	sand diver				0.0001		0.0001																0.0001			
<i>Synodus</i> sp.	lizardfish	0.0003																								
Tetraodontidae	puffer	0.0001																								
<i>Thalassoma bifasciatum</i>	bluehead wrasse																		0.0006							
<i>Urophycis</i> sp.	hake	0.0004			0.0001																	0.0003				
<i>Xanthichthys ringens</i>	sargassum triggerfish					0.0004																				

APPENDIX 3

SEADESC II REPORT

Characterizations and Quantitative Analyses of Habitat, Benthic Biota, and Fish Populations

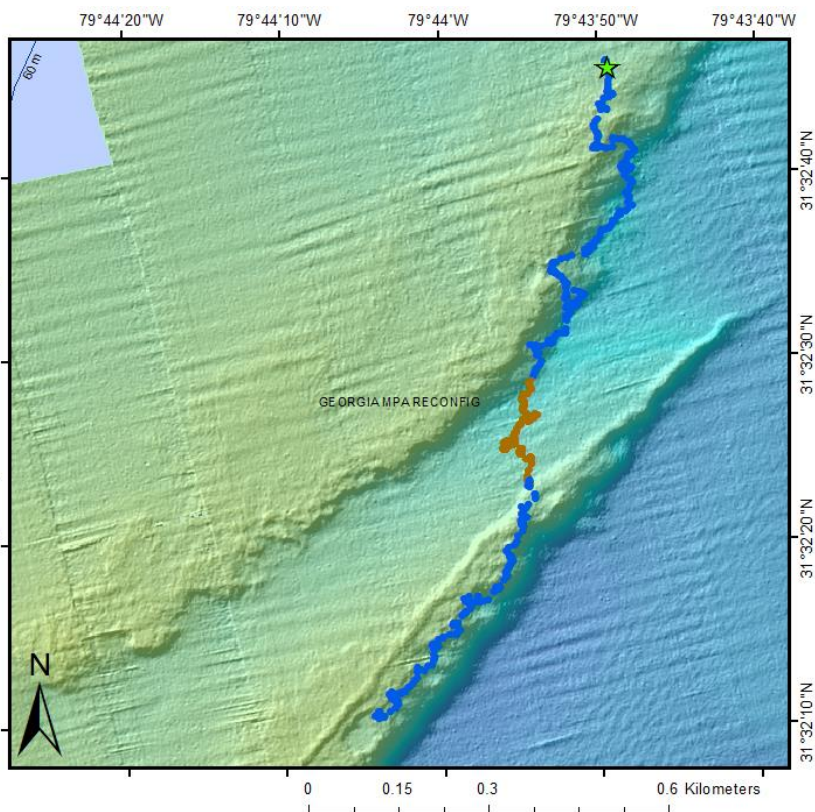
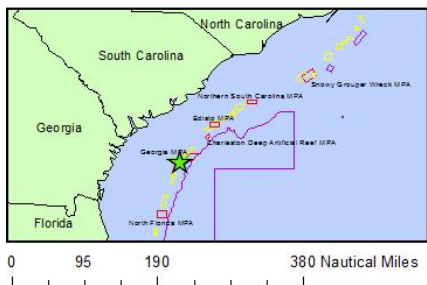
Provides the following data for each dive site: cruise and ROV dive metadata, figures showing each ROV dive track and habitat zone overlaid on multibeam sonar maps, dive track data (start and end latitude, longitude, depth), objectives, CTD plots, general description of the habitat and biota, and images of the biota and habitat that characterize the dive site. In addition, this SEADESC Level II Report provides quantitative analyses of each dive site including: 1) CPCE 4.0[©] Coral Point Count analysis of percent cover of benthic biota and substrate type, and 2) densities of fish populations (# individuals m⁻³ for each species).

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-01

- ★ 19-VI-14-1, ROV 14-01
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_10_15_Georgia East_bag.bag

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/19/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 137

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

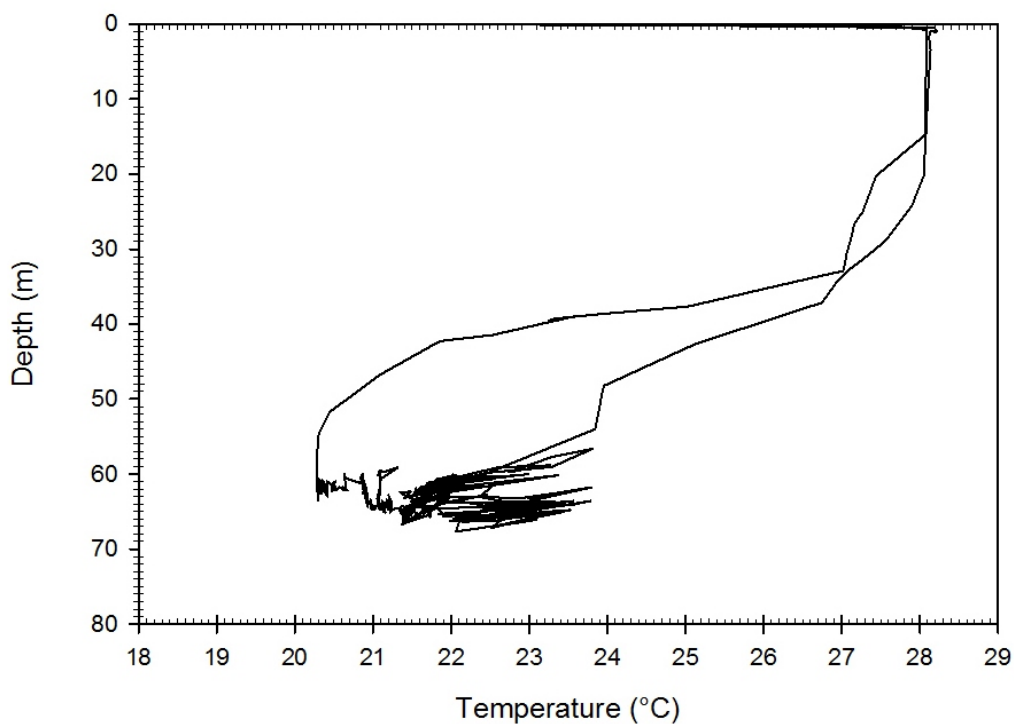
Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-58	Total Transect Length (km):	1.17
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-74	Surface Current (kn):	0.25
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:18	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.55°N; -79.73°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:22	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.54°N; -79.73°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-01



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

Dive Imagery:

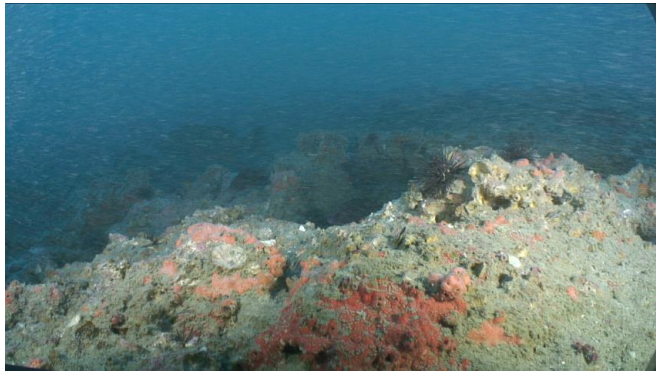


Figure 1: -61.9 m
Rocky hard bottom habitat with encrusting sponges

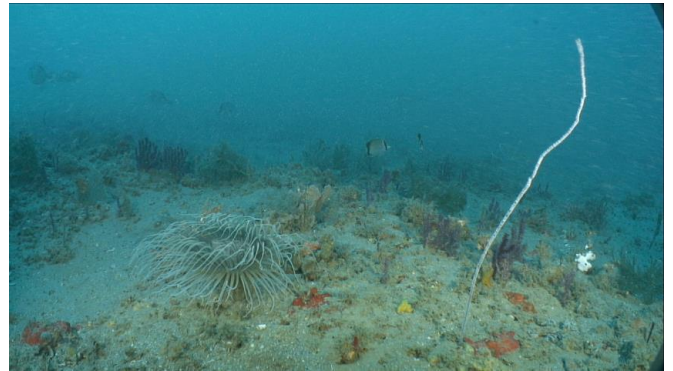


Figure 2: -61.9 m
Cerianthid and *Stichopathes* on hard bottom.

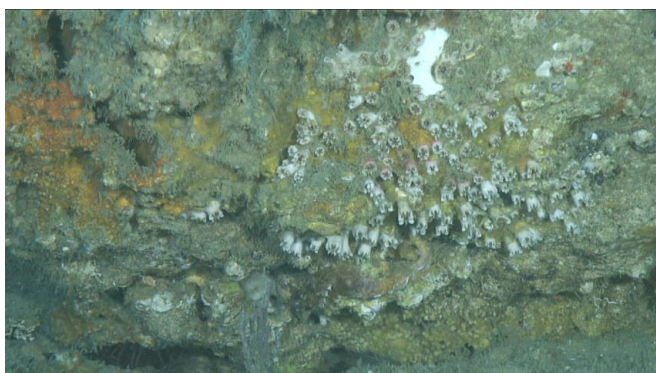


Figure 3: -64.8 m
Solitary cup corals on rock outcrops

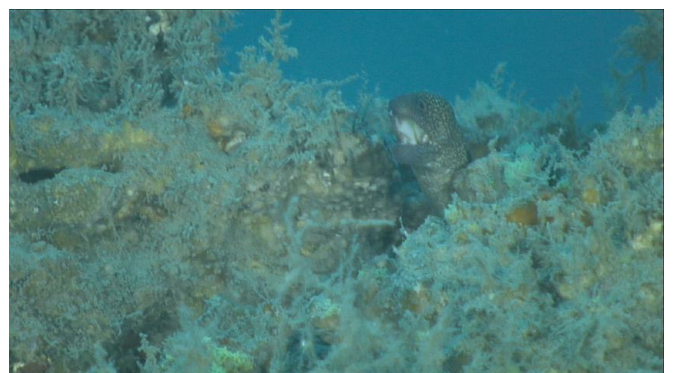


Figure 4: -64.2 m
Eel surrounded by hydroid encrusted rocks

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-01, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 51; Site #- 19-VI-14-1. Target Site - Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_10_15_GeorgiaEast_bag.bag - 2010 Nancy Foster data). Conduct video/photo transect NE to SW, along 65 m ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 1-2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Surface current approx. 2 kn, bottom current ~0-1 kn.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Traveled across a double SW to NE oriented ridge. The northern ridge was rocky outcrops with low relief; tapering off into soft bottom towards the SE. The second southeastern ridge was larger rock boulders with higher rugosity and an large increase in benthic species including large patches of *Muricea gorgonacea* in parts. The second ridge also tapers off on both sides into rubble and then 100 % sediment.

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

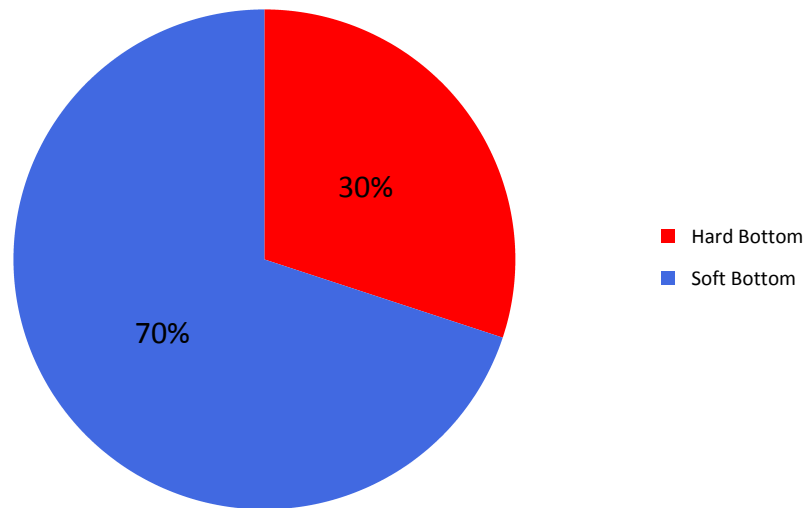
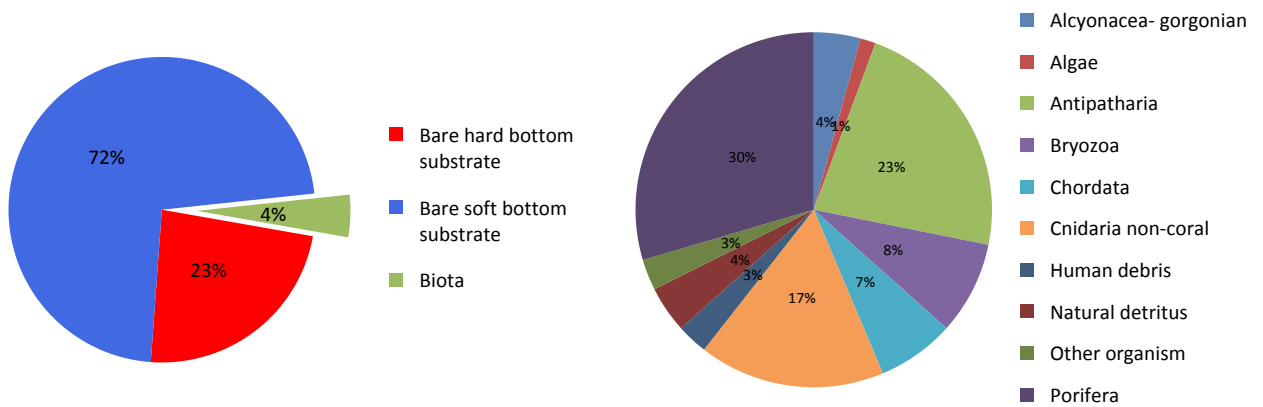


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-01. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-01.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-01.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	69	4.36%
Algae	1	0.06%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	1	0.06%
Porifera	21	1.33%
Demospongiae	6	0.38%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	2	0.13%
Spirastrellidae	13	0.82%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	3	0.19%
Diodogorgia sp.	3	0.19%
Antipatharia	16	1.01%
Antipatharia	8	0.51%
Stichopathes lutkeni	8	0.51%
Cnidaria non-coral	12	0.76%
Hydroidolina	12	0.76%
Bryozoa	6	0.38%
Bryozoa	5	0.32%
Schizoporella sp.	1	0.06%
Chordata	5	0.32%
Asciacea	1	0.06%
Fish	4	0.25%
Other organism	2	0.13%
Natural detritus	3	0.19%
Human debris	2	0.13%
Human debris	2	0.13%
Human debris- other	2	0.13%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1142	72.14%
Bare hard bottom substrate	370	23.37%
Bare hard bottom substrate	370	23.37%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	358	22.62%
Bare rubble- rock	12	0.76%
Grand Total	1583	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 51

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-01.

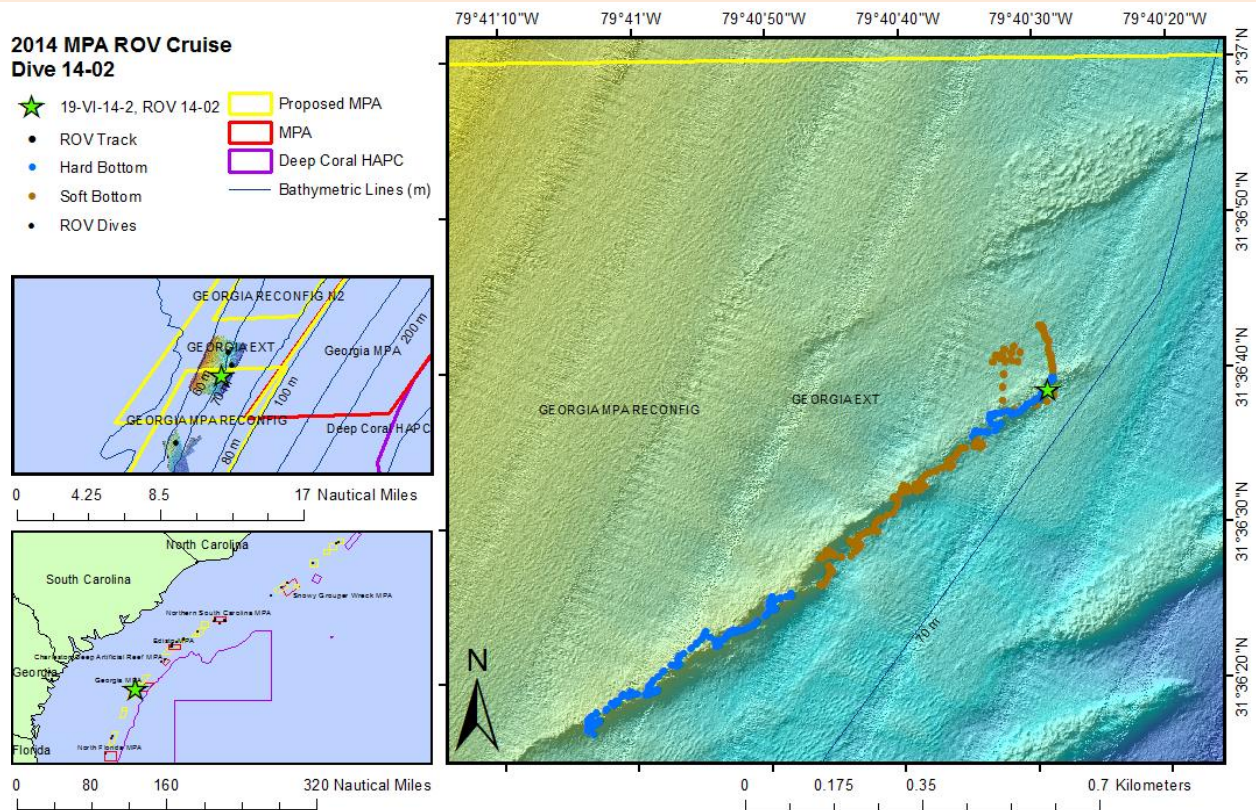
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0008
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0009
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0005
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0024
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0015
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0033
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reefish	0.0059
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0006
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reefish	0.0006
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0021
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0039
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0011
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0007
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0001
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0003
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0003
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0003
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0009
<i>Myrichthys acuminatus</i>	sharptail eel	0.0003
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0022
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0146
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0168
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0010
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0003
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0011
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0023
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0001
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0025
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0008
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0006
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0001
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0027
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0005
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-01; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia MPA Reconfig, 65 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW
Dive 51

<i>Synodus</i> sp.	lizardfish	0.0003
Tetraodontidae	puffer	0.0001
<i>Urophycis</i> sp.	hake	0.0004

Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_G A_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/19/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 138

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

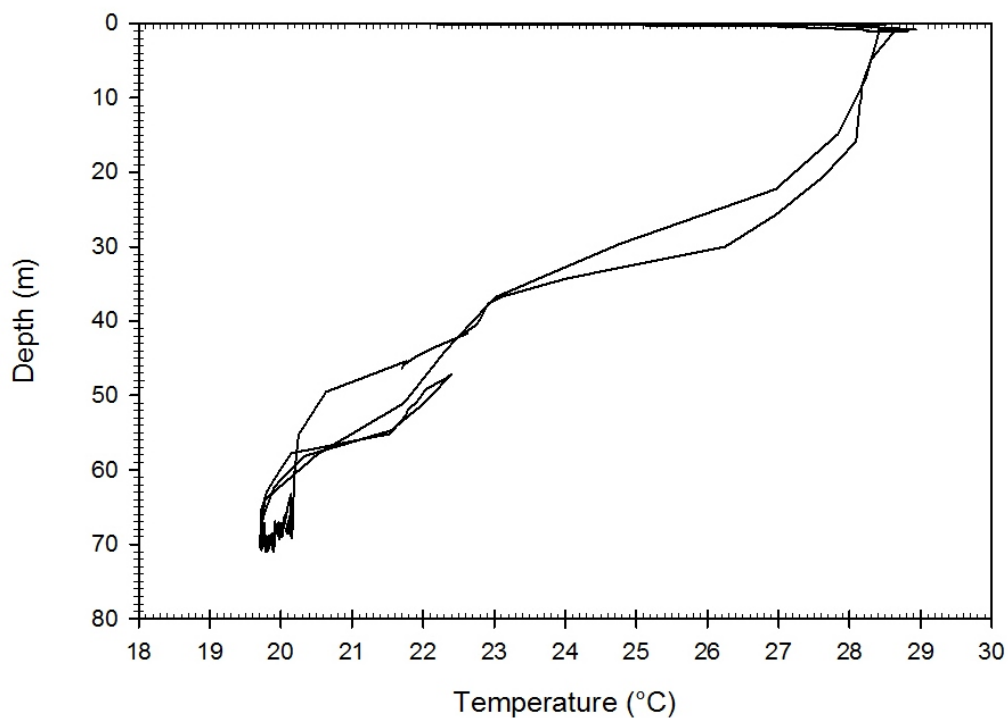
Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-47	Total Transect Length (km):	0.92
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-72	Surface Current (kn):	0
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	11:53	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.6°N; -79.67°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	13:48	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.6°N; -79.68°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-02



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -69 m
Titanideum and *Diodogorgia* octocorals on sediment veneered hard bottom



Figure 2: -69 m
Morey eel under rock outcrop

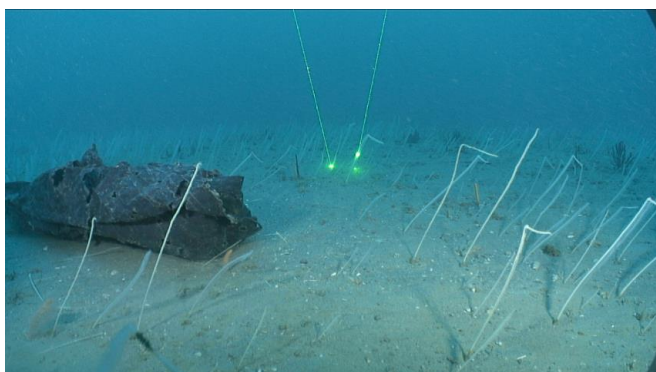


Figure 3: -70.6 m
Sea pens and human debris on soft bottom

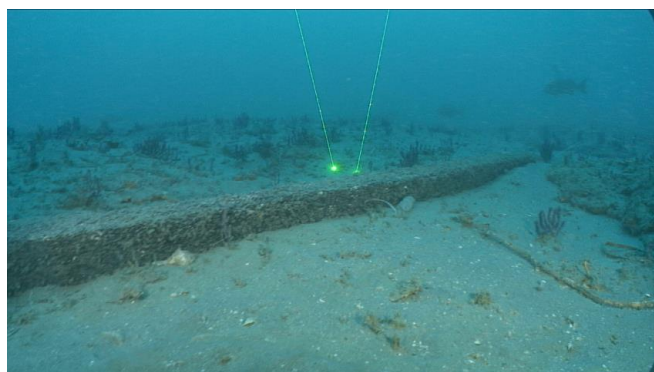


Figure 4: -70.1 m
Human debris on rocky hard bottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-02, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 52; Site #- 19-VI-14-2. Target Site - Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SE/NW Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_GA_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect from NE to SW along main ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Main logging computer had a failure so logged on TAS's computer, starting log in Excel and then brought the data in post dive. Dive note order will be off also. Logged in CSTD instead of ESTD - all Access notes were pushed forward an hour (already done for inverts after the dive).

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Narrow rock ledge oriented NE-SW with mostly low relief, hardbottom tapering off to sediment to the north and south. There were large areas leading up to the ledge that had a large area covered in sea pens. There were areas of scattered rock outcrops throughout most of the dive with hardbottom increasing as the ridge was approached.

Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

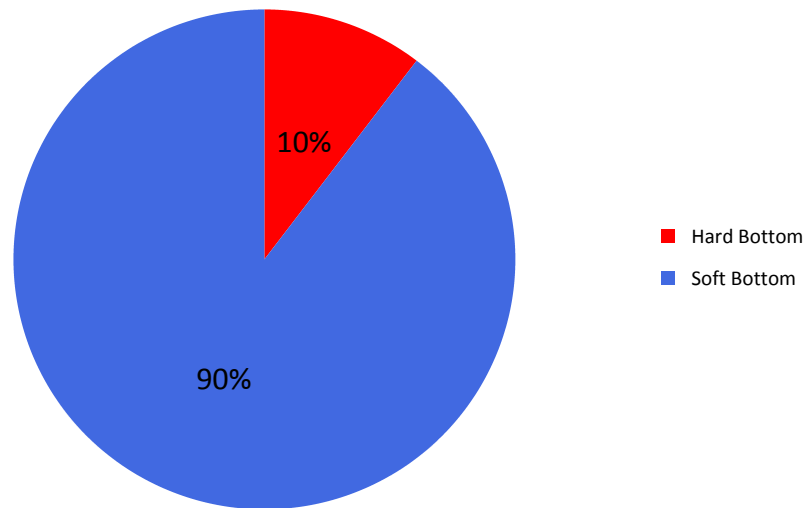
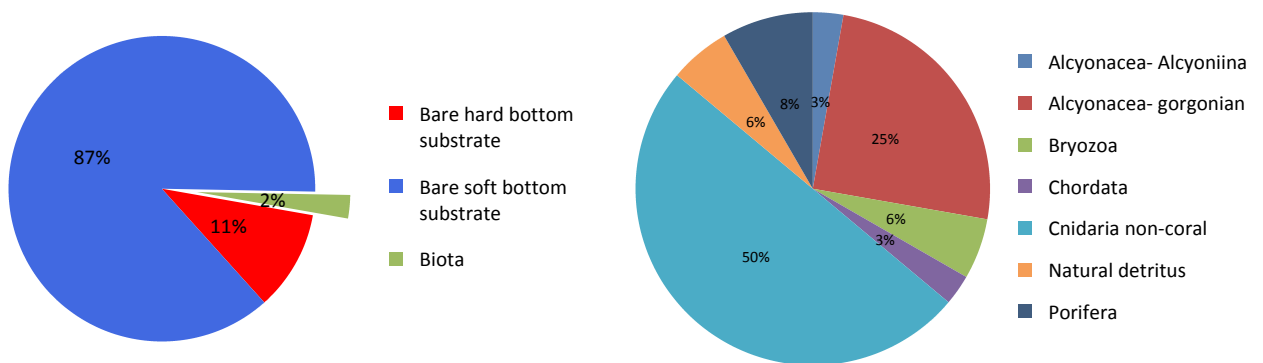


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-02. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-02.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-02.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	36	2.47%
Porifera	3	0.21%
Demospongiae	3	0.21%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	1	0.07%
Alcyonacea	1	0.07%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	9	0.62%
Diodogorgia sp.	6	0.41%
Ellisella sp.	2	0.14%
Titanideum frauenfeldii	1	0.07%
Cnidaria non-coral	18	1.24%
Hydroidolina	1	0.07%
Pennatulacea	2	0.14%
Virgularia sp.	3	0.21%
Virgularia presbytes	12	0.82%
Bryozoa	2	0.14%
Bryozoa	2	0.14%
Chordata	1	0.07%
Ascidiacea	1	0.07%
Natural detritus	2	0.14%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1265	86.94%
Bare hard bottom substrate	154	10.58%
Bare hard bottom substrate	154	10.58%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	136	9.35%
Bare rubble- rock	18	1.24%
Grand Total	1455	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-02; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT & Georgia MPA Recon, 70 m SW/NE Ridge, UNCW Dive 52

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-02.

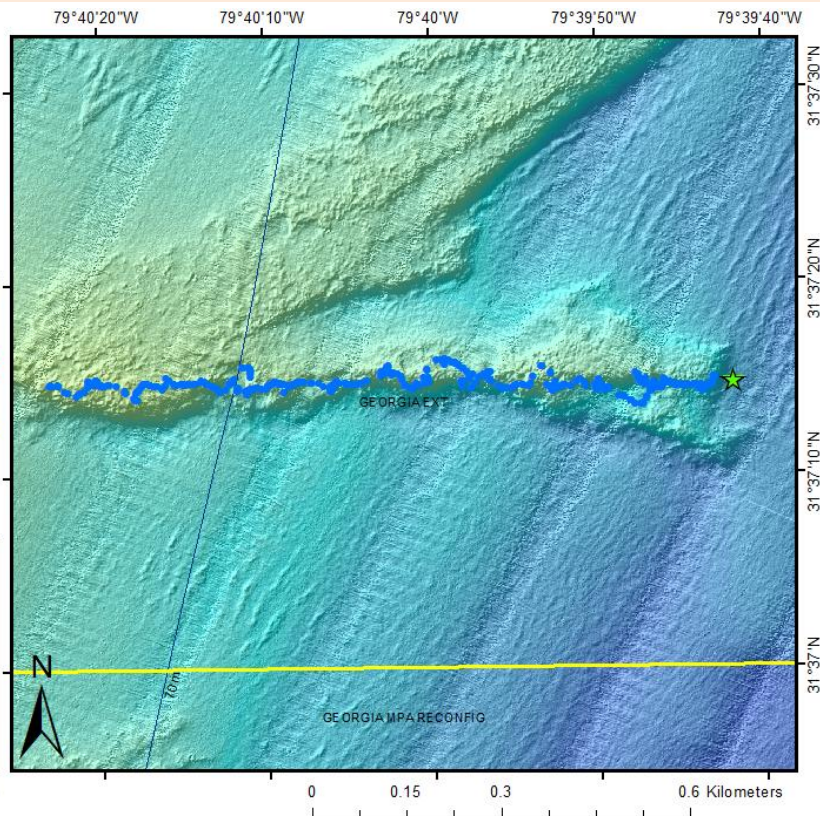
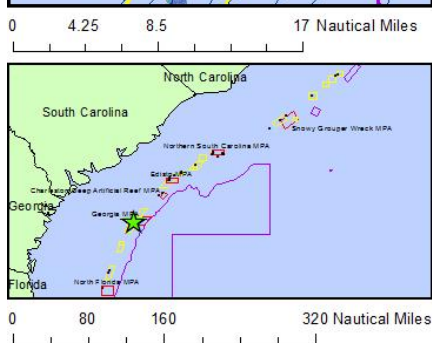
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0004
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0013
<i>Centropristis ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass	0.0017
<i>Centropristis striata</i>	black sea bass	0.0007
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0003
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0012
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0034
<i>Decapterus punctatus</i>	round scad	0.0729
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0002
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0012
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0065
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0005
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0002
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0010
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0002
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0005
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0010
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0023
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0054
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0047
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0051
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0014
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0045
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermilion snapper	0.0002
<i>Rypticus maculatus</i>	whitespotted soapfish	0.0005
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0002
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0019
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0021
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0010
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0010
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0005

Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-03

- ★ 19-VI-14-3, ROV 14-03
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_G A_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/19/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 116

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

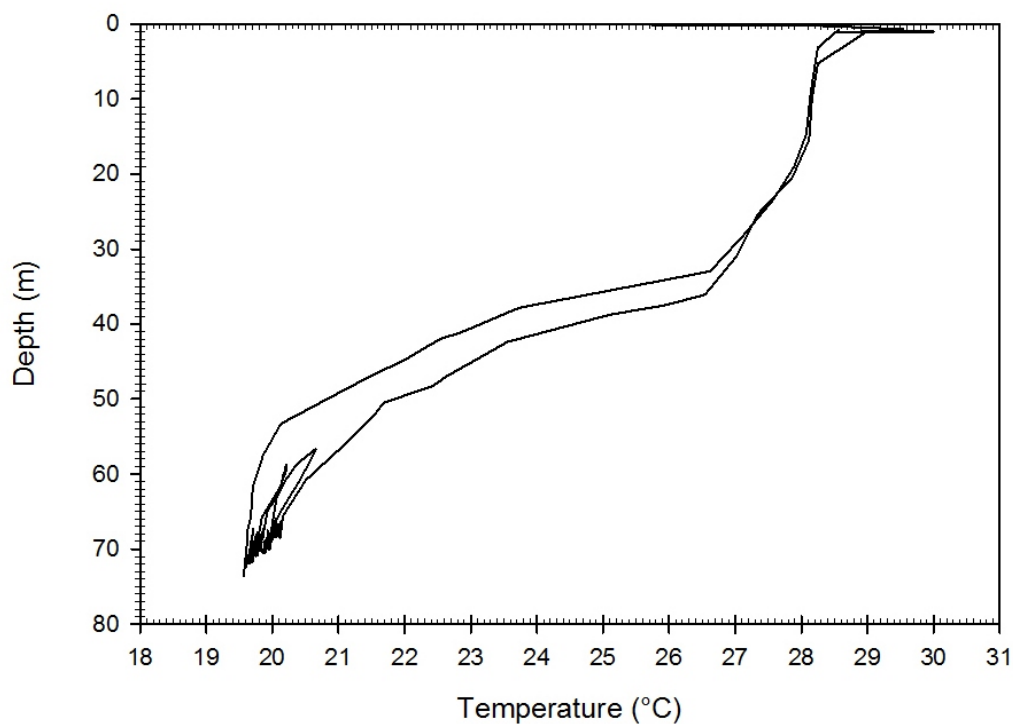
Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-56	Total Transect Length (km):	1.08
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-79	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	14:38	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.62°N; -79.66°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	16:05	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.62°N; -79.67°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-03



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

Dive Imagery:

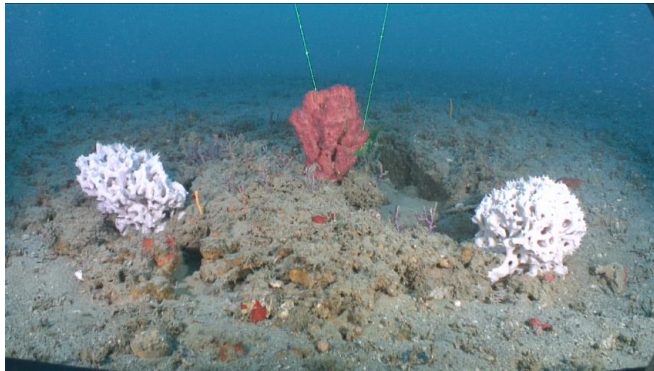


Figure 1: -68.6 m
Clathria (center) sponge and Didemnidae ascidians (sides) on rocky hard bottom

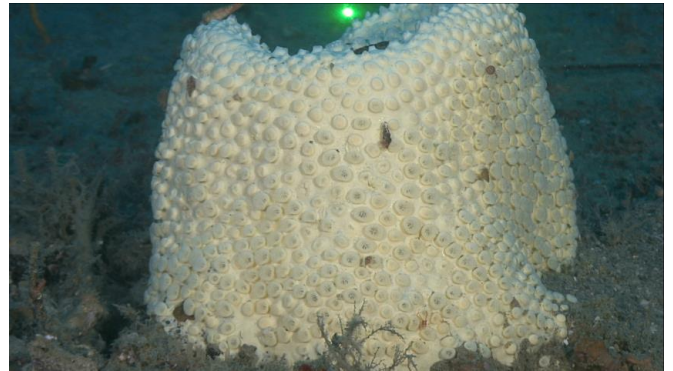


Figure 2: -68.6 m
Unidentified *Hadromerida* sponge

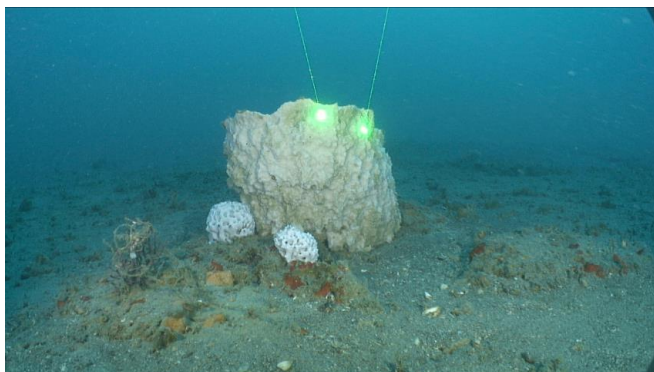


Figure 3: -68.7 m
Ircinia campana and didemnid



Figure 4: -71.7 m
Scamp grouper and human debris on rock outcrops

Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-03, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 53; Site #- 19-VI-14-3. Target Site - Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_GA_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect west along southern part of V-shaped ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Main logging computer had a failure so logged on TAS's computer.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Started on the eastern side of the V-shaped ridge and traveling west over the rise (southern arm of the V-shaped ledge). Mostly soft bottom with few areas of exposed rock pavement and few outcrops/solution holes throughout the dive. Habitat stayed fairly constant ranging from soft bottom with scattered areas of hardbottom to a few spots of 60-80% cover of exposed pavement and rocks.

Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

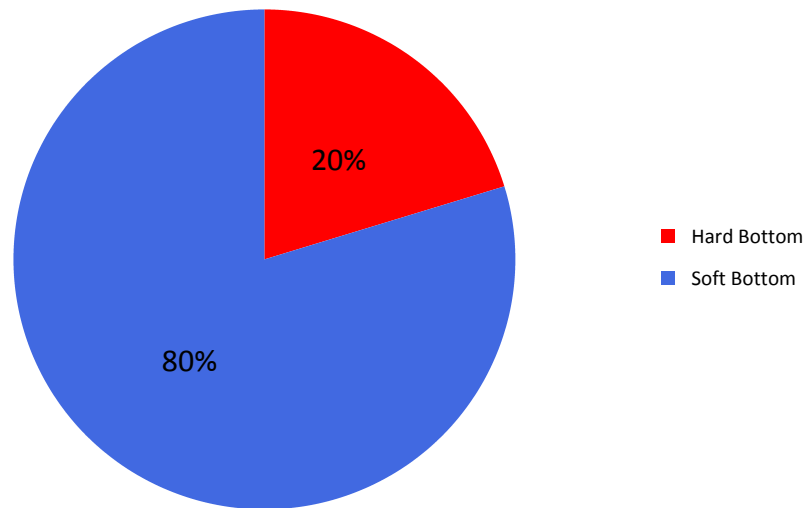
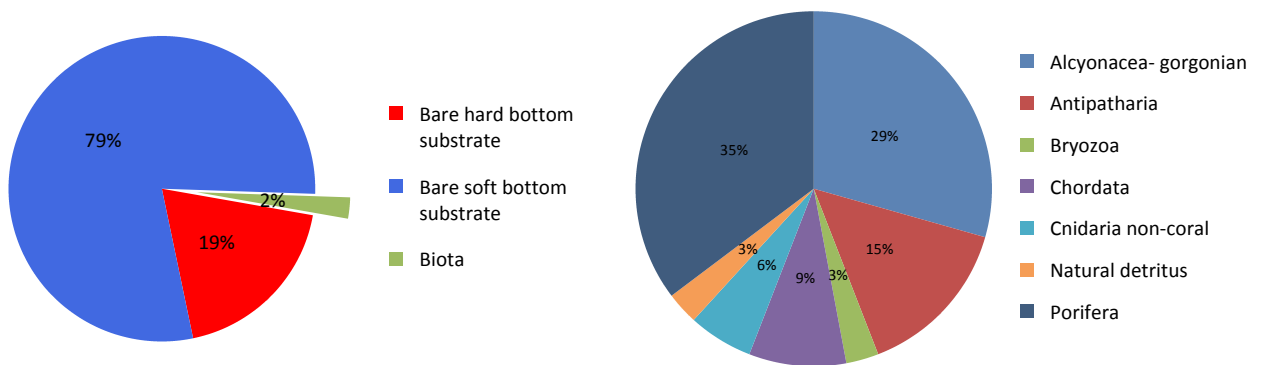


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-03. CPCe® points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-03.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-03.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	34	2.25%
Porifera	12	0.79%
Aiolochoiria crassa	3	0.20%
Demospongiae	3	0.20%
Hadromerida	2	0.13%
Spirastrellidae	4	0.26%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	10	0.66%
Diodogorgia sp.	9	0.59%
Ellisellidae	1	0.07%
Antipatharia	5	0.33%
Stichopathes lutkeni	5	0.33%
Cnidaria non-coral	2	0.13%
Actiniaria	1	0.07%
Hydroidolina	1	0.07%
Bryozoa	1	0.07%
Bryozoa	1	0.07%
Chordata	3	0.20%
Didemnidae	1	0.07%
Fish	2	0.13%
Natural detritus	1	0.07%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1193	78.80%
Bare hard bottom substrate	287	18.96%
Bare hard bottom substrate	287	18.96%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	279	18.43%
Bare rubble- rock	8	0.53%
Grand Total	1514	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-03; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southern Leg of 65 m V- Shaped Ridge, UNCW Dive 53

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-03.

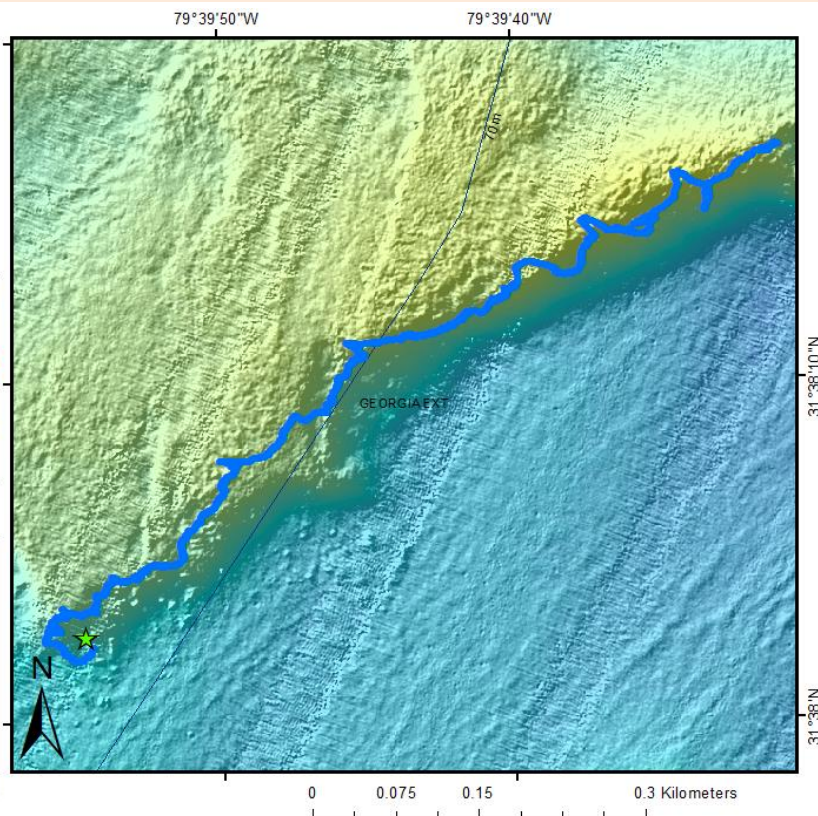
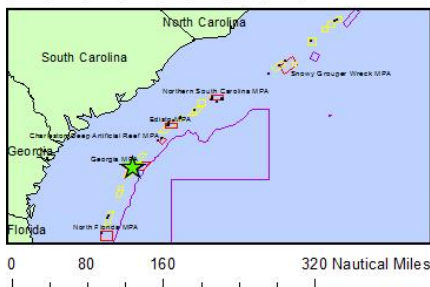
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0001
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0005
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0001
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0016
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0005
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0017
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0020
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0033
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0008
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0001
<i>Lutjanus campechanus</i>	red snapper	0.0007
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0001
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0002
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0003
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0025
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0042
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0024
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0024
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0017
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0020
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermilion snapper	0.0003
<i>Rypticus maculatus</i>	whitespotted soapfish	0.0001
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0007
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0004
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0019
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0006
<i>Synodus intermedius</i>	sand diver	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-04

- ★ 19-VI-14-4, ROV 14-04
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_G A_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/19/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 45

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

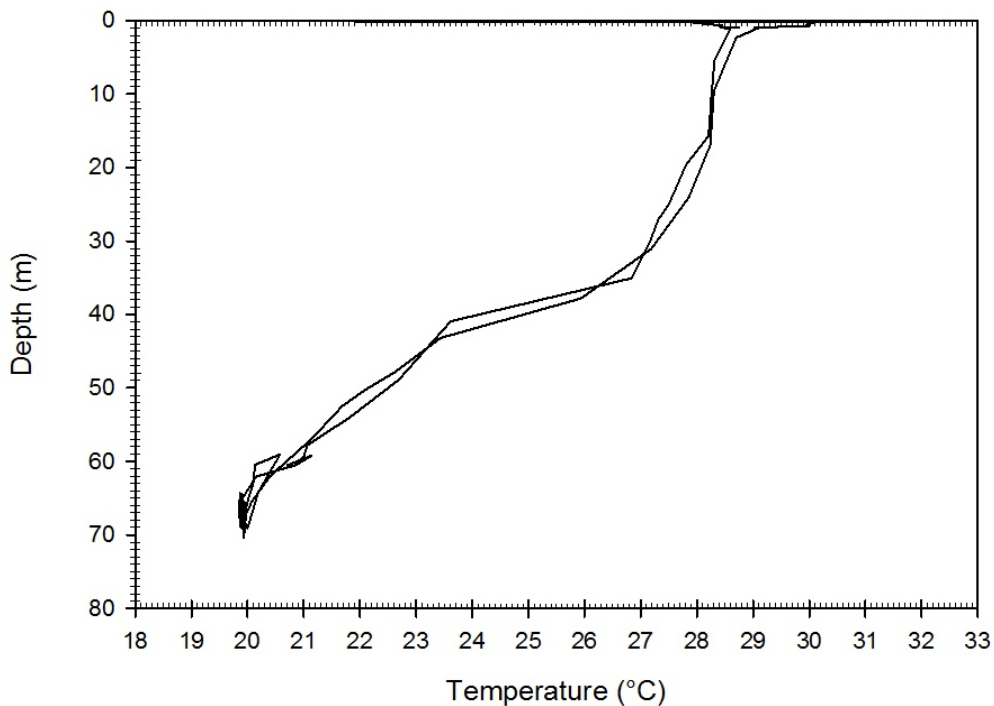
Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-60	Total Transect Length (km):	0.77
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-72	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:04	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.63°N; -79.67°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:54	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	31.64°N; -79.66°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-04



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

Dive Imagery:

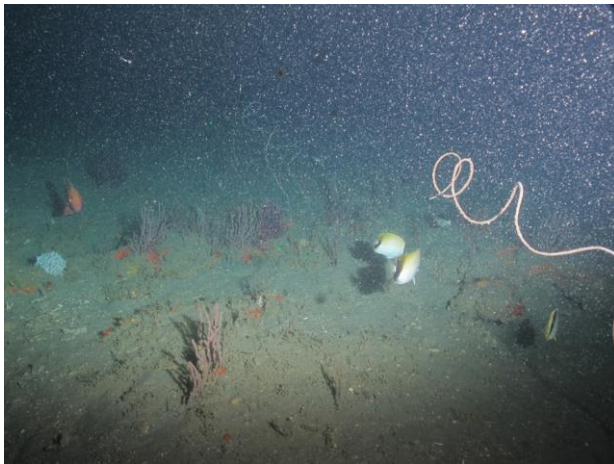


Figure 1: -68.6 m
Butterflyfish and Stichopathes on pavement.



Figure 2: -68.6 m
Cubbyu under a rock ledge

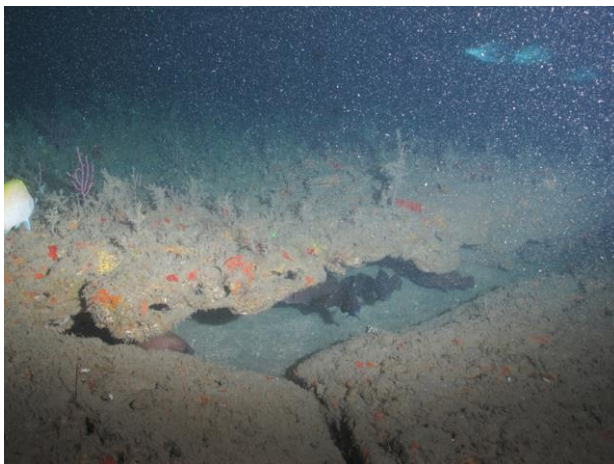


Figure 3: -67.6 m
Cubbyu under a rock ledge

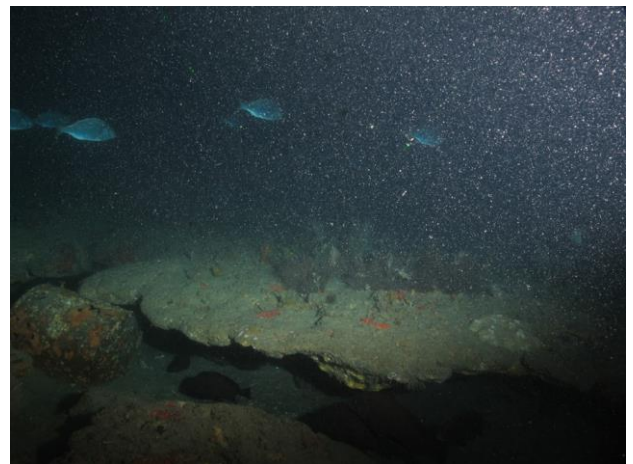


Figure 4: -67.7 m
Cubbyu under a rock ledge

Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-04, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 54; Site #- 19-VI-14-4. Target Site - Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_GA_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect, southeastern ledge of a plateau, heading northeast.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Main logging computer had a failure so logged on TAS's computer.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Bottom was exposed hard pavement and rock ledges with a few low relief outcrops; flat pavement with ledges 1 m maximum relief. Rock outcrops were rounded and up to 5 m wide. Pavement was dominated by Diodogorgia, Stichopathes, Didemnidae, and white muricid gorgonians; surrounding soft bottom was dominated by sea pens. Habitat remained fairly homogeneous.

Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

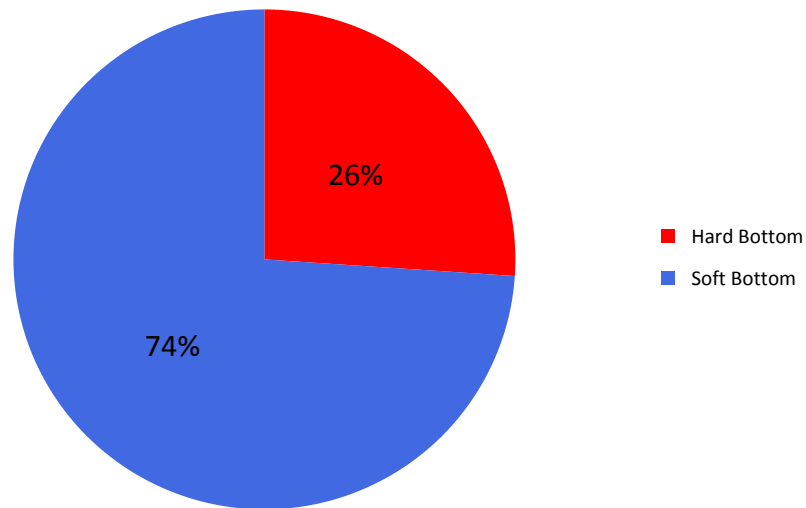
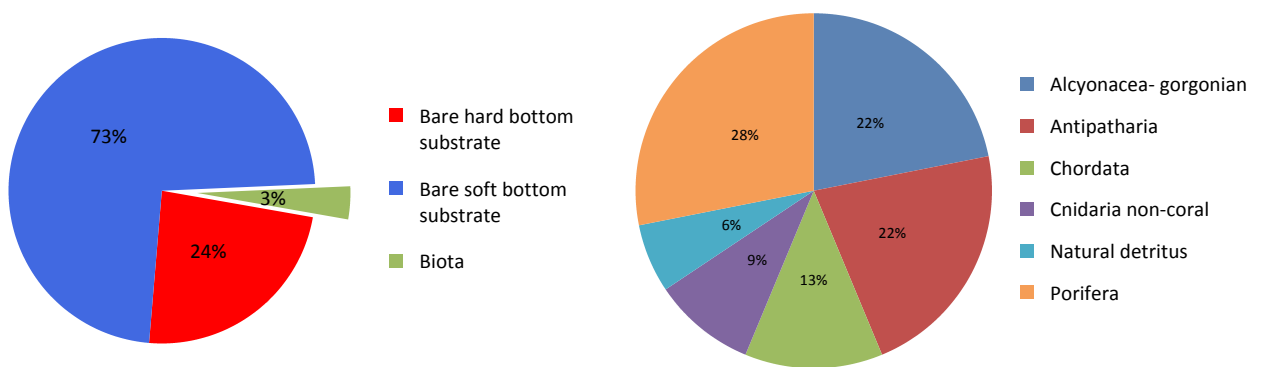


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-04. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-04.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-04.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	32	3.47%
Porifera	9	0.98%
Demospongiae	4	0.43%
Spirastrellidae	5	0.54%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	7	0.76%
Diodogorgia sp.	5	0.54%
Leptogorgia sp.	2	0.22%
Antipatharia	7	0.76%
Antipatharia	2	0.22%
Stichopathes lutkeni	5	0.54%
Cnidaria non-coral	3	0.33%
Hydroidolina	3	0.33%
Chordata	4	0.43%
Didemnidae	2	0.22%
Fish	2	0.22%
Natural detritus	2	0.22%
Bare soft bottom substrate	672	72.96%
Bare hard bottom substrate	217	23.56%
Bare hard bottom substrate	217	23.56%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	215	23.34%
Bare rubble- rock	2	0.22%
Grand Total	921	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-04; Georgia, Inside Proposed Georgia EXT, Southeastern Ledge of 66 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 54

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-04.

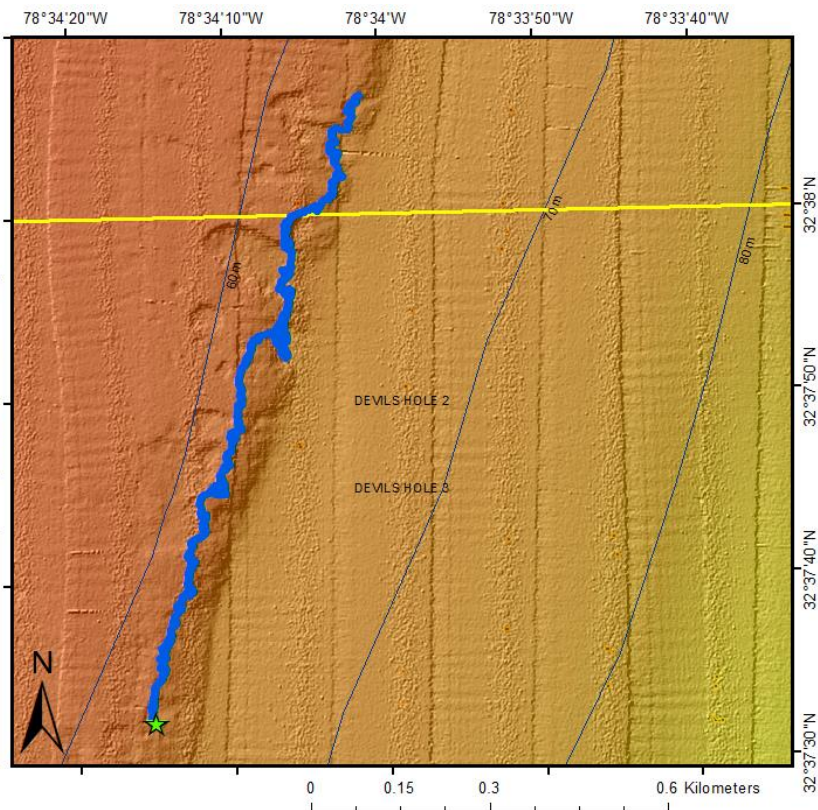
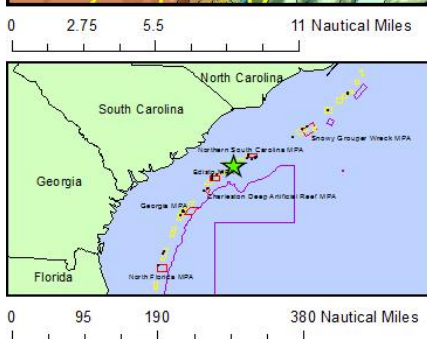
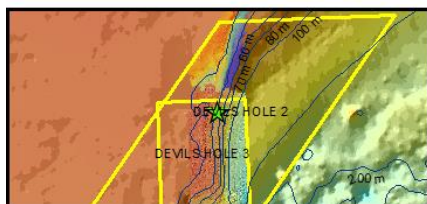
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0003
<i>Apogon</i> sp.	cardinalfish	0.0004
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0011
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0005
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0027
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0011
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0018
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0017
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0022
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0009
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0001
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0001
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0002
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0007
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0049
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0001
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0115
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0001
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0011
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0015
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0003
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0049
<i>Rypticus</i> sp.	soapfish	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0025
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0001
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0003
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0010
Sparidae	porgy	0.0009
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0006
<i>Urophycis</i> sp.	hake	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 55

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-05

- ★ 20-VI-14-1, ROV 14-05
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2013_EastDevilsHole MPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/20/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 148

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

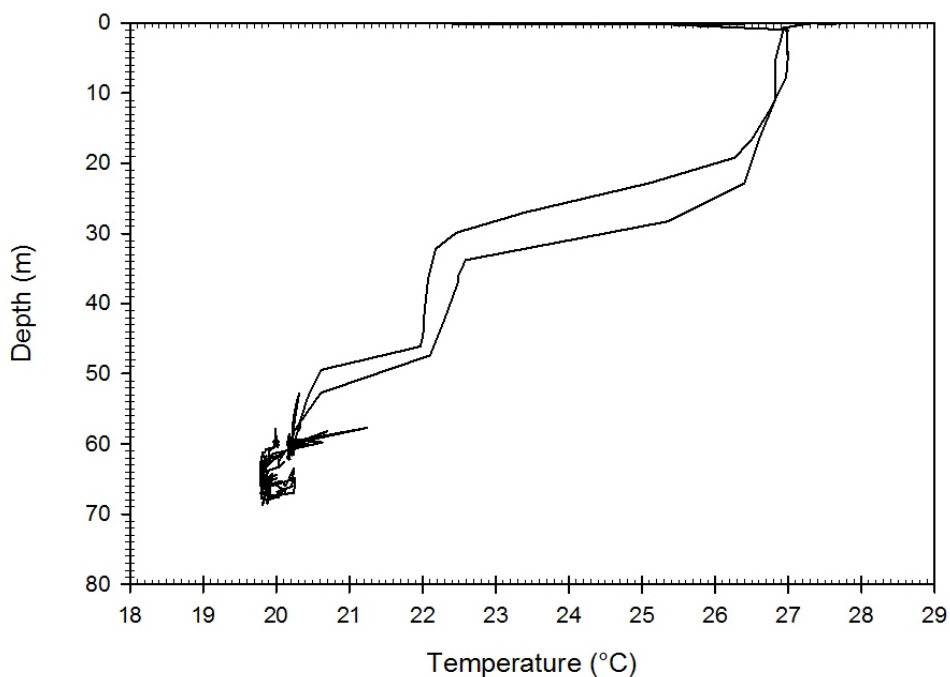
Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 55

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-52	Total Transect Length (km):	1.15
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-69	Surface Current (kn):	<1
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:17	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.63°N; -78.57°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:17	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.64°N; -78.57°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-05



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW
Dive 55

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -61.8 m
Swiftia and *Stichopathes* on rocky hard bottom



Figure 2: -61.8 m
Swiftia on rocky hard bottom



Figure 3: -61 m
Scamp grouper



Figure 4: -61.4 m
Muricea close-up

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 55

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-05, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 55; Site #- 20-VI-14-1. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2013_EastDevilsHoleMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect along N-S 60 m ridge

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Main logging computer had a failure so logged on TAS's computer.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transected north along a ridge in the MB. The bottom was pavement on top with interspersed sand patches. The edge of the ridge ends abruptly to the east into sand. The edge of the hard bottom is about 0.5 m relief and flattens to pavement on top. Hydroids dominated with orange bryozoa, Stichopathes, and few sponges but no hard corals. Muricea, Swiftia, Diodogorgia, Stichopathes and Ellisellidae were common in parts.

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW
Dive 55

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

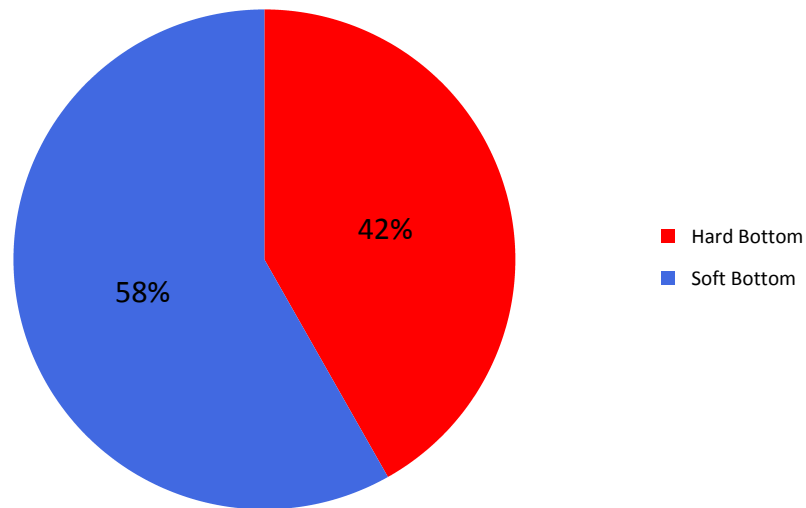
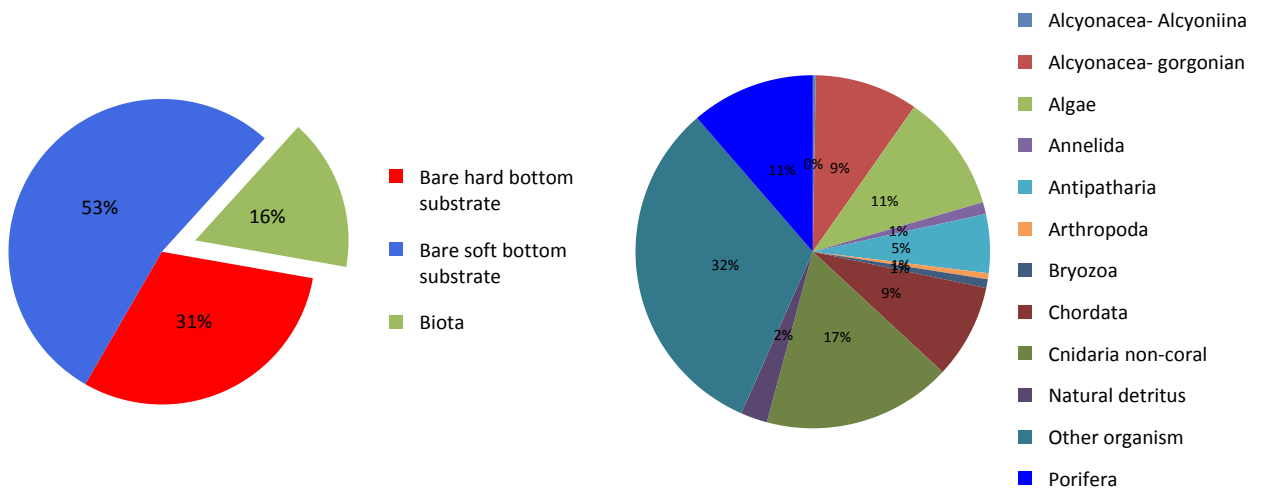


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-05. CPCe® points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-05.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 55

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-05.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	371	16.07%
Algae	40	1.73%
Chlorophyta	1	0.04%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	18	0.78%
Phaeophyta	9	0.39%
Rhodophyta	12	0.52%
Porifera	42	1.82%
Astrophorida	4	0.17%
Auletta sp.	1	0.04%
Demospongiae	27	1.17%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	1	0.04%
Ircinia campana	1	0.04%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.04%
Ircinia strobilina	1	0.04%
Spirastrellidae	5	0.22%
Xestospongia muta	1	0.04%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	1	0.04%
Chironophthya caribaea	1	0.04%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	35	1.52%
Diodogorgia sp.	6	0.26%
Ellisella sp.	4	0.17%
Ellisellidae	2	0.09%
Gorgonacea	14	0.61%
Leptogorgia sp.	4	0.17%
Swiftia exserta	5	0.22%
Antipatharia	20	0.87%
Antipatharia	7	0.30%
Antipatharia atlantica	1	0.04%
Stichopathes lutkeni	12	0.52%
Cnidaria non-coral	64	2.77%
Hydroidolina	64	2.77%
Annelida	4	0.17%
Filograna sp.	4	0.17%
Arthropoda	2	0.09%
Panulirus argus	1	0.04%

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW
Dive 55

Scyllaridae	1	0.04%
Bryozoa	3	0.13%
Bryozoa	3	0.13%
Chordata	32	1.39%
Ascidacea	28	1.21%
Didemnidae	4	0.17%
Other organism	119	5.16%
Natural detritus	9	0.39%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1232	53.38%
Bare hard bottom substrate	705	30.55%
Bare hard bottom substrate	705	30.55%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	638	27.64%
Bare rubble- rock	67	2.90%
Grand Total	2308	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 55

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-05.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0001
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0026
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0006
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0150
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0004
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0009
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0050
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0058
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0080
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0021
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0031
<i>Dasyatis americana</i>	southern stingray	0.0001
<i>Epinephelus drummondhayi</i>	speckled hind	0.0001
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0097
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0160
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0023
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0001
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0007
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0004
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0008
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0014
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0016
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0001
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0024
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0020
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0033
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0007
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0017
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0004
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0005
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0024
<i>Serranus chionaraia</i>	snow bass	0.0003
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0042
<i>Serranus</i> sp.	sea bass	0.0004
Sparidae	porgy	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-05; South Carolina, Inside Devil's Hole Proposed MPA, N/S 60 m Ridge, UNCW
Dive 55

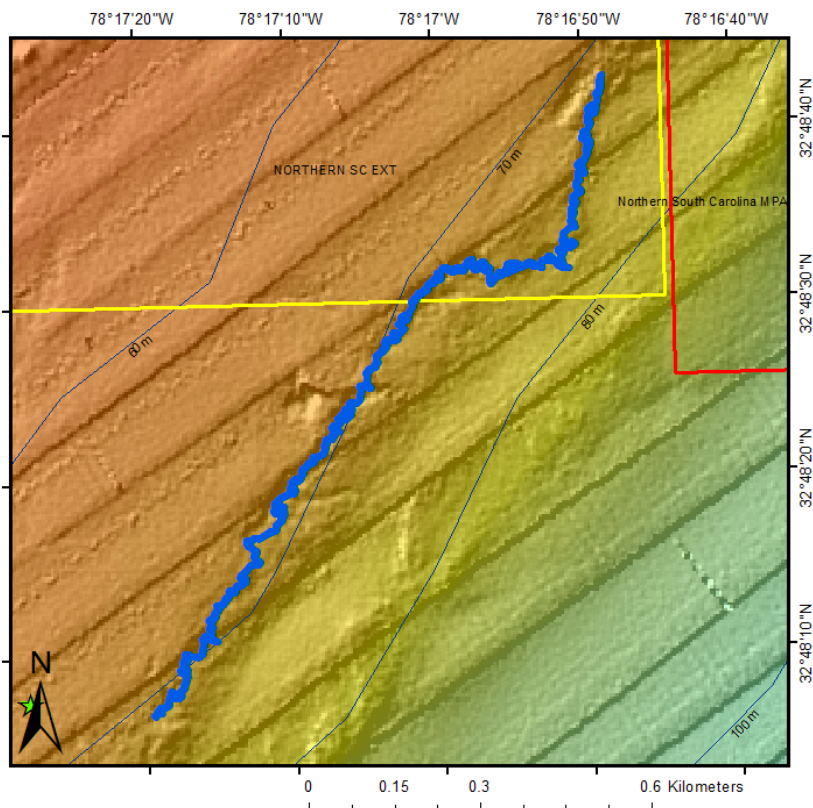
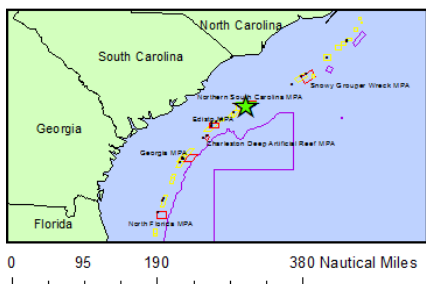
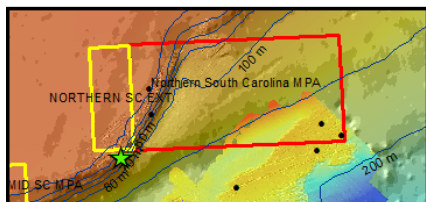
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0001
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0003
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0001
<i>Xanthichthys ringens</i>	sargassum triggerfish	0.0004

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-06

- ★ 20-VI-14-2, ROV 14-06
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_NorthernSouth CarolinaMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/20/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 119

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

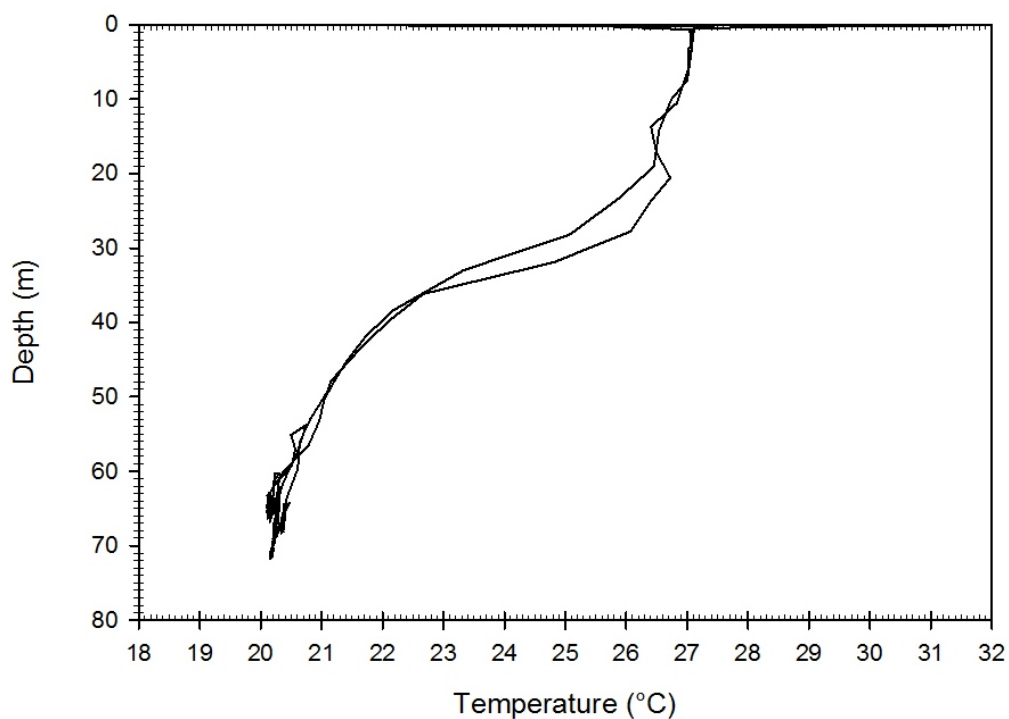
Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-54	Total Transect Length (km):	1.40
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-72	Surface Current (kn):	<1
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	12:42	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.8°N; -78.29°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	14:26	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.81°N; -78.28°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-06



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -67.4 m
Neofibularia sponge and *Ophiothrix* sp. brittle star

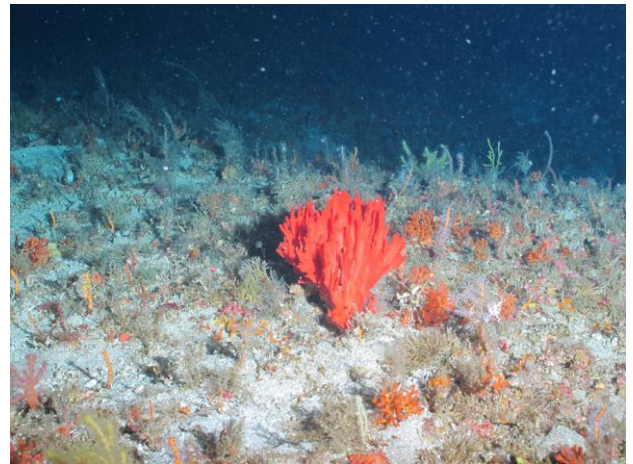


Figure 2: -67.4 m
Clathria sponge with branching orange bryozoans on pavement hardbottom

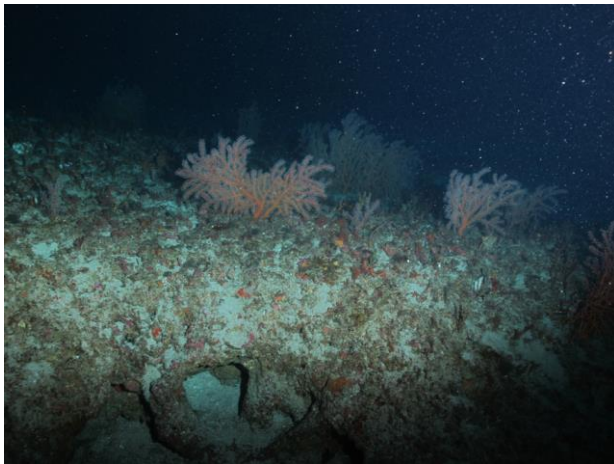


Figure 3: -65.4 m
Swiftia exserta colonies on hard bottom

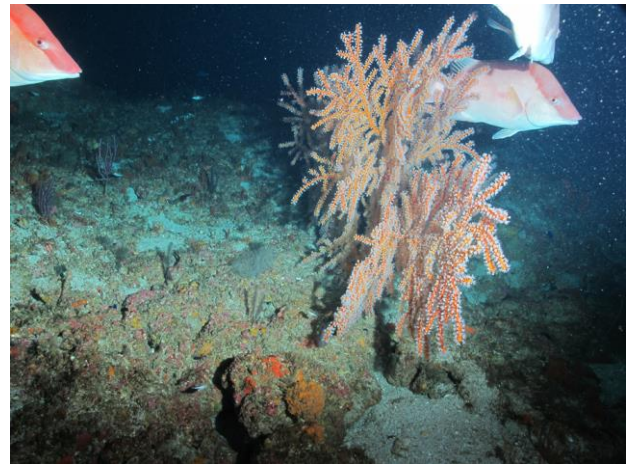


Figure 4: -65 m
Swiftia exserta and hogfish

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-06, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 56; Site #- 20-VI-14-2. Target Site - South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_NorthernSouthCarolinaMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect over rolling hills.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Saved the dive track live feed as a .shp file by MSCsite.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transected over rolling hills of pavement with interspersed sediment (sand shell hash). Few area with small ledges and undercuts and few large areas of sediment. Most of the hardbottom was 100% covered in fauna, dominated by hydroids. To the east was more sediment or rubble/cobble zone (more towards the north) and crossed into the proposed MPA (Northern SC ext) at 1:40:06 PM.

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

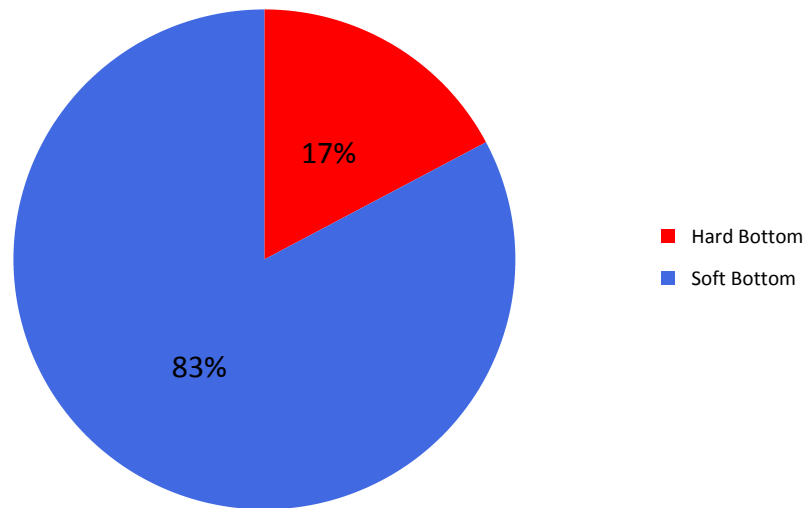
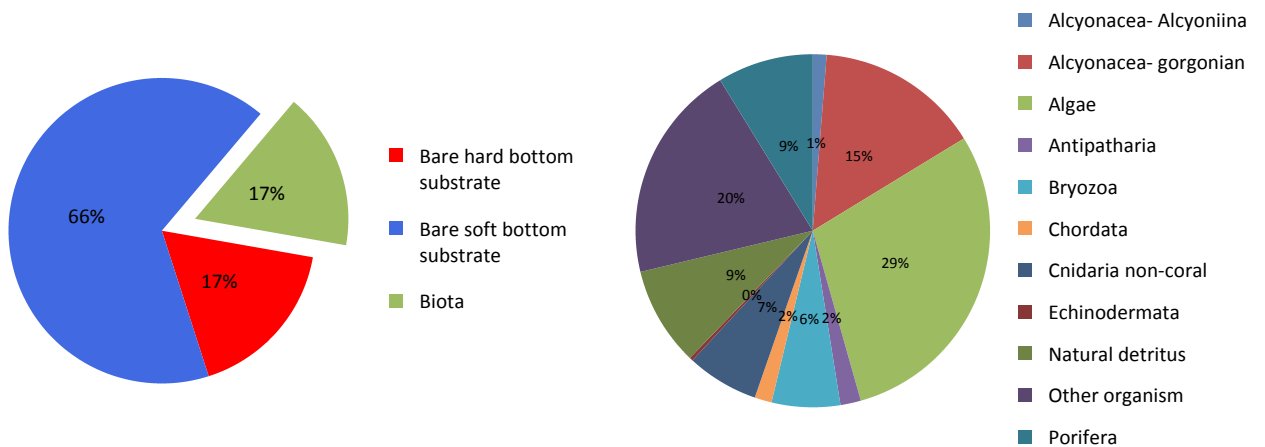


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-06. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-06.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-06.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	320	16.66%
Algae	94	4.89%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	40	2.08%
Cyanophyta	10	0.52%
Phaeophyta	5	0.26%
Rhodophyta	39	2.03%
Porifera	28	1.46%
Agelas sp.	2	0.10%
Astrophorida	1	0.05%
Demospongiae	18	0.94%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	1	0.05%
Hadromerida	1	0.05%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.05%
Spirastrellidae	2	0.10%
Xestospongia muta	2	0.10%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	4	0.21%
Alcyonacea	2	0.10%
Chironophthya caribaea	2	0.10%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	48	2.50%
Diodogorgia sp.	10	0.52%
Ellisella sp.	9	0.47%
Ellisellidae	1	0.05%
Gorgonacea	25	1.30%
Nicella sp.	2	0.10%
Leptogorgia sp.	1	0.05%
Antipatharia	6	0.31%
Antipatharia	6	0.31%
Cnidaria non-coral	21	1.09%
Hydroidolina	20	1.04%
Zoanthidae	1	0.05%
Bryozoa	20	1.04%
Bryozoa	12	0.62%
Schizoporella sp.	8	0.42%
Echinodermata	1	0.05%
Asteroidea	1	0.05%

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW
Dive 56

Chordata	5	0.26%
Ascidacea	4	0.21%
Fish	1	0.05%
Other organism	64	3.33%
Natural detritus	29	1.51%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1269	66.06%
Bare hard bottom substrate	332	17.28%
Bare hard bottom substrate	332	17.28%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	196	10.20%
Bare rubble- rock	136	7.08%
Grand Total	1921	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 56

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-06.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0001
<i>Apogon affinis</i>	bigtooth cardinalfish	0.0068
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0001
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0013
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0007
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0042
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0010
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0001
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0005
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0019
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0042
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0025
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0018
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0090
<i>Dasyatis americana</i>	southern stingray	0.0001
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0001
<i>Epinephelus drummondhayi</i>	speckled hind	0.0012
<i>Halichoeres bivitattus</i>	greenband wrasse	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0143
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0007
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0001
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0008
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0010
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0005
<i>Lutjanus</i> sp.	snapper	0.0001
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0004
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0006
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0016
<i>Pomacanthus</i> sp.	angelfish	0.0001
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0005
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0011
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0035
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0013
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0004
<i>Seriola fasciata</i>	lesser amberjack	0.0063

Dive Site: ROV 14-06; South Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed Northern SC EXT, 75 m Ridge, UNCW
Dive 56

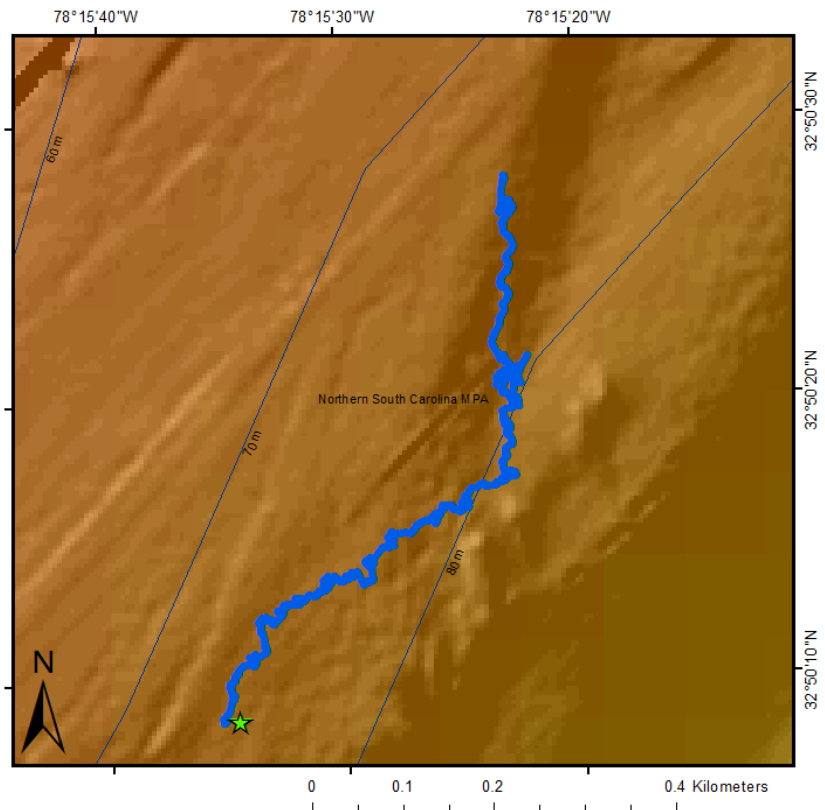
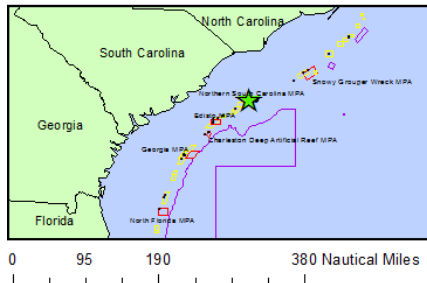
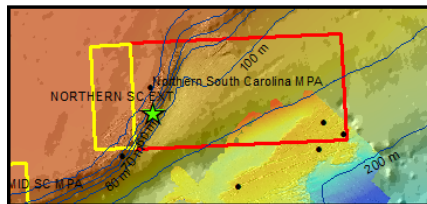
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0008
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0010
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0004
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0033
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0005
<i>Synodus intermedius</i>	sand diver	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-07

- ★ 20-VI-14-3, ROV 14-07
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Sedberry_ngdc_UTM17N_M B_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/20/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 71

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

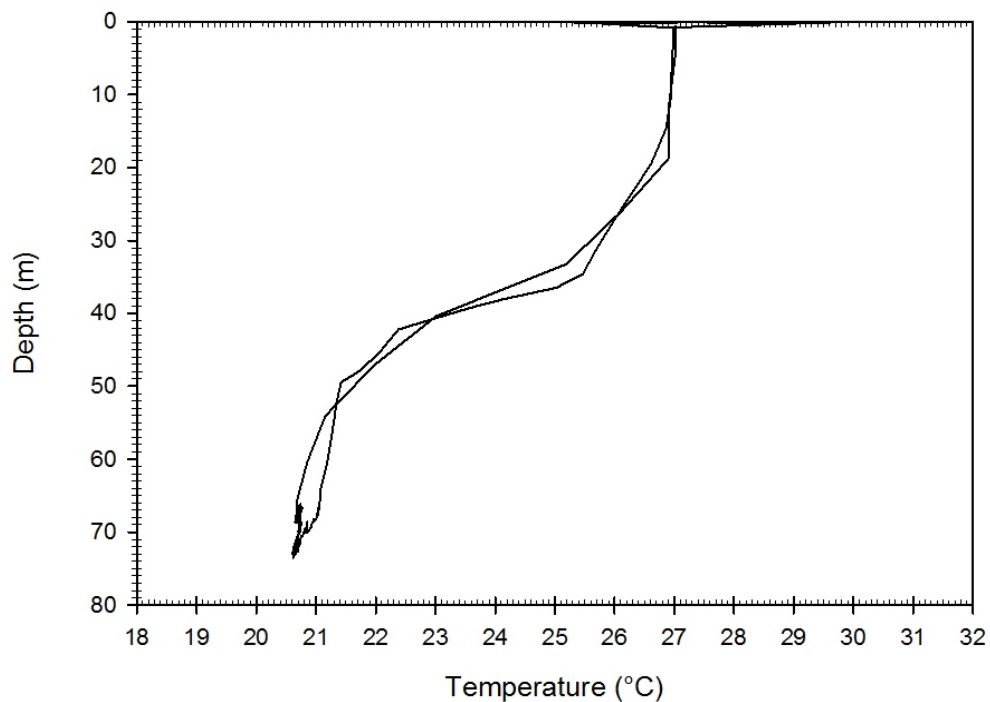
Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-66	Total Transect Length (km):	0.69
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-74	Surface Current (kn):	<1
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:09	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.84°N; -78.26°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	16:07	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.84°N; -78.26°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-07



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -72.2 m
Ircinia campana and *Callyspongia vaginalis* on rocky hard bottom



Figure 2: -72.2 m
Spongosorites with visible symbiotic *Siliquaria* sp.

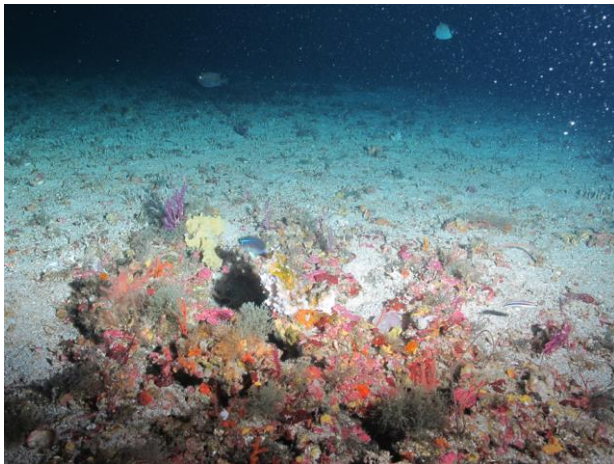


Figure 3: -68.7 m
Hard bottom covered in fauna

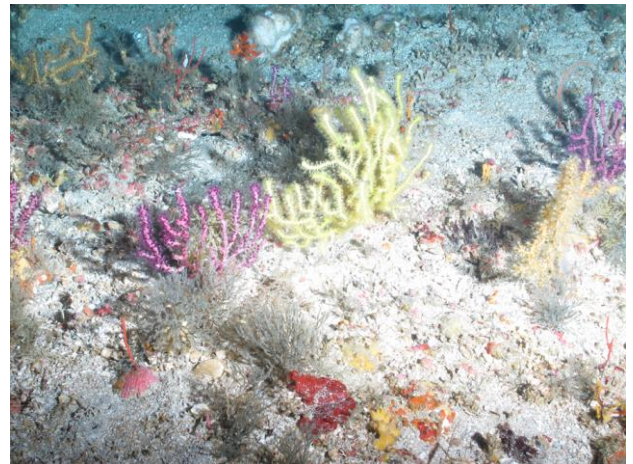


Figure 4: -70.2 m
Diodogorgia and yellow unidentified gorgonians on hard bottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-07, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 57; Site #- 20-VI-14-3. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Sedberry_ngdc_UTM17N_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transected over sediment bottom with few areas of exposed pavement along the slope. Dominated by hydroids, gorgonians, bryozoans and Ircinia sponges (saw *Siliquaria* - 1st one this cruise- spiral shaped mollusk that lives in sponges)

Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

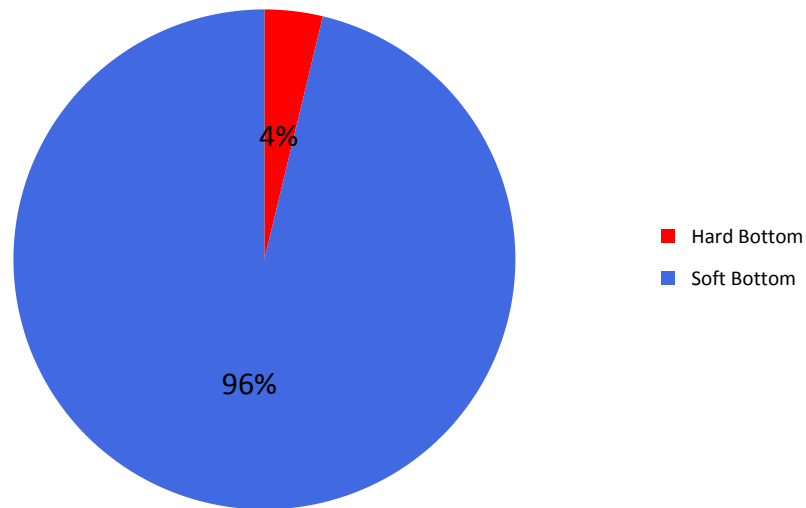
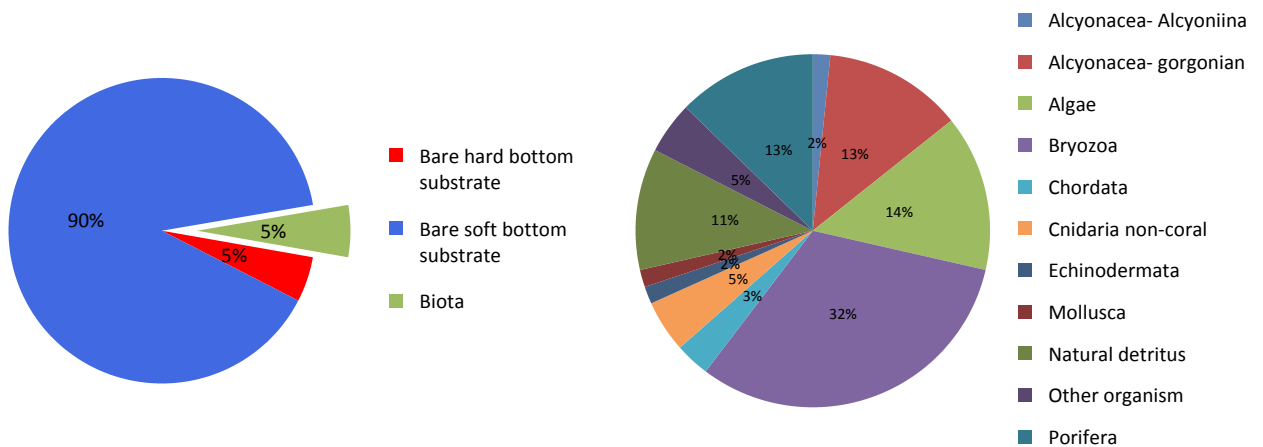


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-07. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-07.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-07.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	63	5.49%
Algae	9	0.78%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	6	0.52%
Rhodophyta	3	0.26%
Porifera	8	0.70%
Demospongiae	2	0.17%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	1	0.09%
Dictyoceratida	3	0.26%
Spirastrellidae	1	0.09%
Spongosorites sp.	1	0.09%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	1	0.09%
Alcyonacea	1	0.09%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	8	0.70%
Bebryce sp.	1	0.09%
Diodogorgia sp.	1	0.09%
Ellisella sp.	4	0.35%
Ellisellidae	1	0.09%
Gorgonacea	1	0.09%
Cnidaria non-coral	3	0.26%
Hydroidolina	3	0.26%
Mollusca	1	0.09%
Gastropoda	1	0.09%
Bryozoa	20	1.74%
Bryozoa	17	1.48%
Schizoporella sp.	3	0.26%
Echinodermata	1	0.09%
Narcissia trigonaria	1	0.09%
Chordata	2	0.17%
Ascidacea	2	0.17%
Other organism	3	0.26%
Natural detritus	7	0.61%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1030	89.72%
Bare hard bottom substrate	55	4.79%
Bare hard bottom substrate	55	4.79%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	26	2.26%

Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

Bare rubble- rock	29	2.53%
Grand Total	1148	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-07; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 75 m Slope, UNCW Dive 57

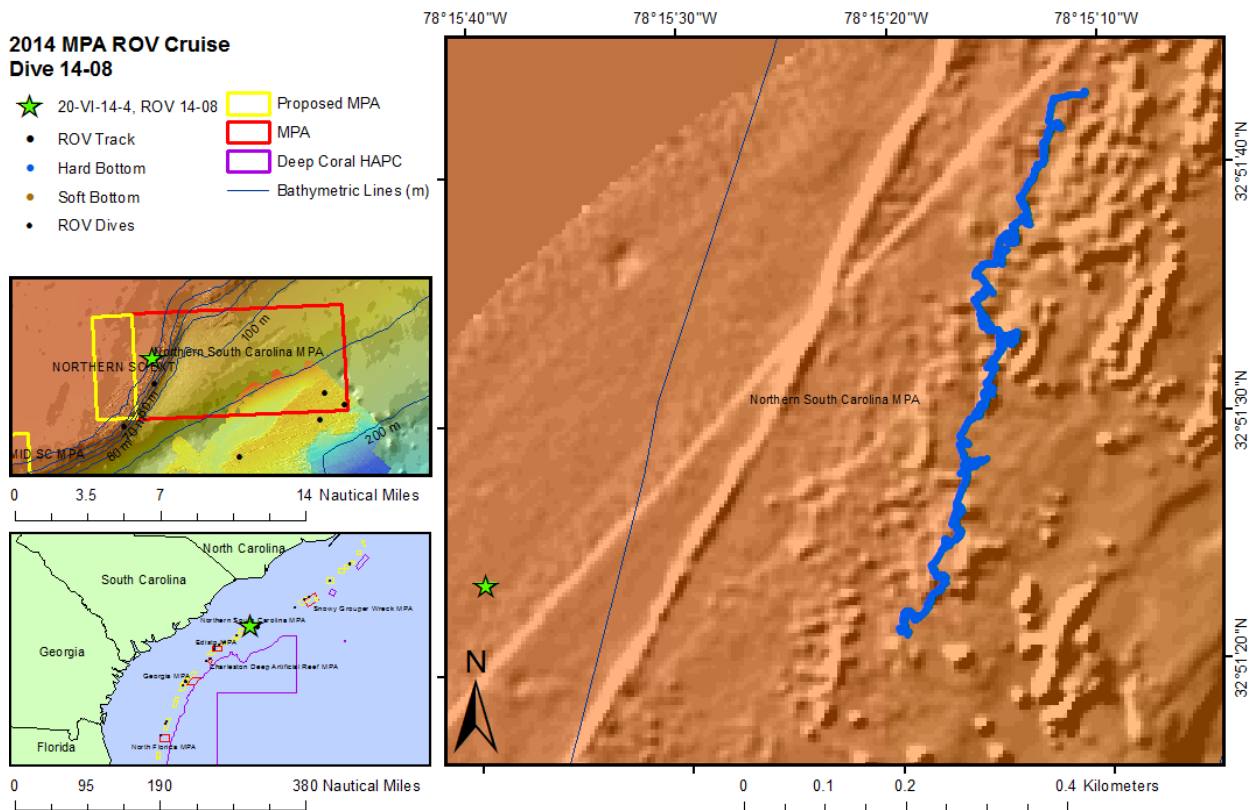
Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-07.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0001
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0003
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0005
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0014
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0131
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0094
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0007
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0003
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0010
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0042
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0005
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0002
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0083
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0002

Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Sedberry_ngdc_UTM17N_M B_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/20/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 57

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 0

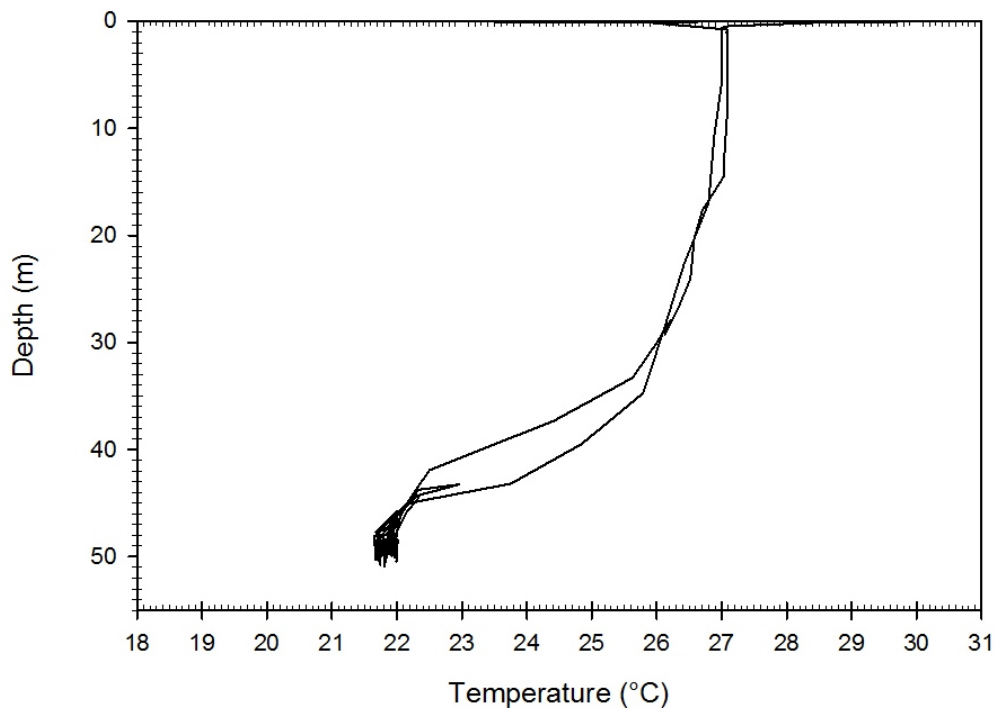
Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-44	Total Transect Length (km):	0.79
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-52	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:17	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.86°N; -78.26°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	18:15	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.86°N; -78.25°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-08



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -49.5 m
Rounded rocky low rugosity mounds covered 100% in fauna

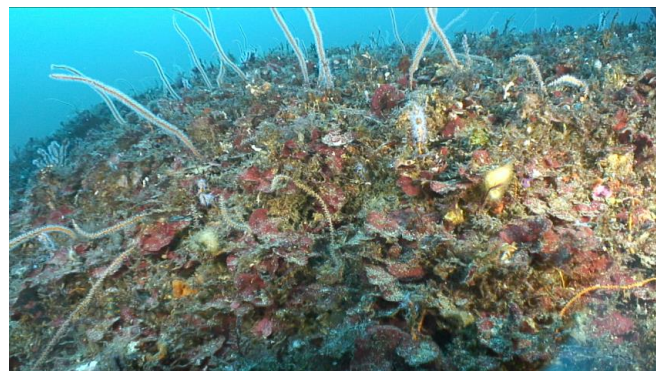


Figure 2: -49.5 m
Rounded rocky low rugosity mounds covered 100% in fauna



Figure 3: -50.1 m
Rounded rocky low rugosity mounds covered 100% in fauna

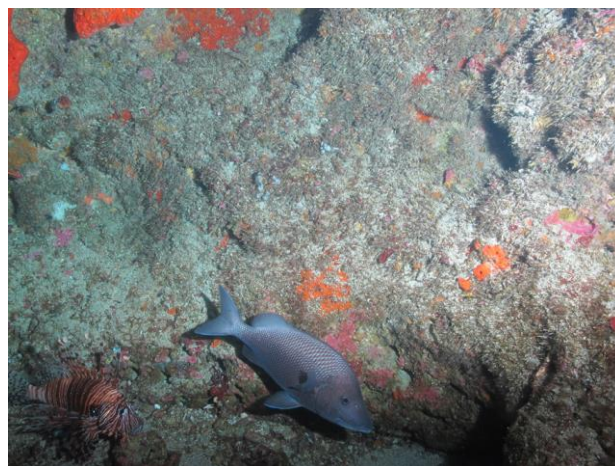


Figure 4: -51.3 m
Lionfish and white grunt on rocky outcrop

Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-08, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 58; Site #- 20-VI-14-4. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Sedberry_ngdc_UTM17N_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect over rocky knolls.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged live GPS track in ARC as .shp file under MSCSite #.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Landed on smooth rocky knolls. Rounded rock knolls, 1 m tall x 5 m wide. Clumped algae and fauna make a thick cover of 100% on the hard ground knolls. So much fauna it is hard to identify it all. Almost no fish, and only 1 scamp. The knolls taper out (get shorter, <1 m tall) to the west. They appear to match the multibeam map. Dominated by Dictyota, Diodogorgia, Ellisellidae, Ircinia, and algae.

Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

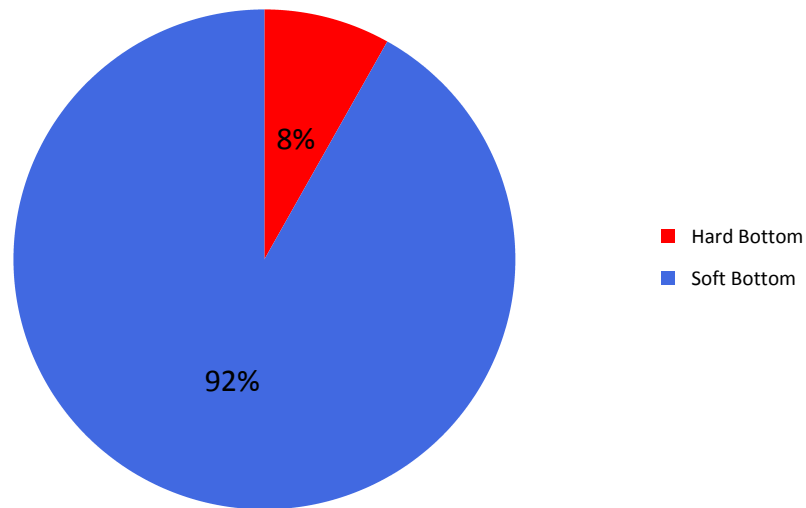
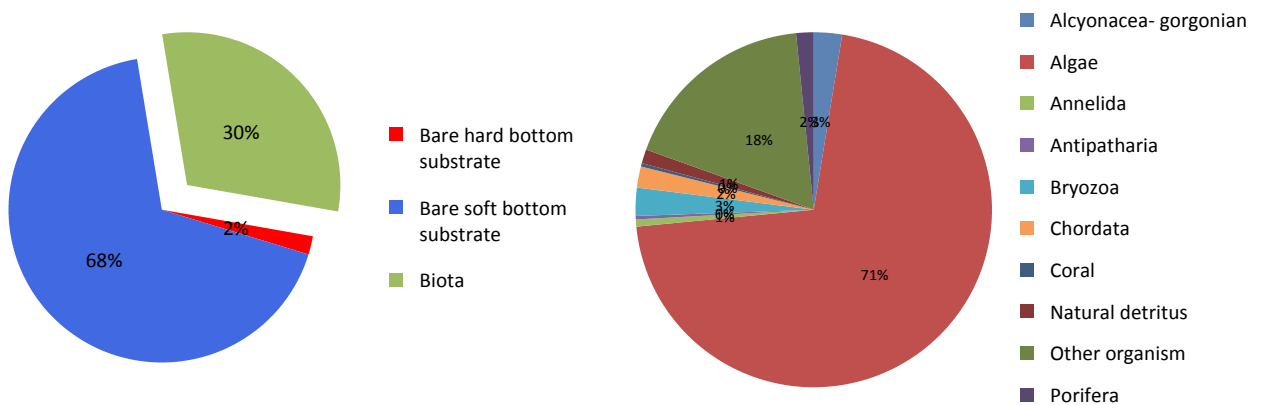


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-08. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-08.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-08.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	313	30.36%
Algae	222	21.53%
Chlorophyta	4	0.39%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	5	0.48%
Cyanophyta	63	6.11%
Phaeophyta	94	9.12%
Rhodophyta	56	5.43%
Porifera	5	0.48%
Demospongiae	3	0.29%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	2	0.19%
Coral	1	0.10%
Scleractinia solitary	1	0.10%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	8	0.78%
Diodogorgia sp.	3	0.29%
Ellisella sp.	4	0.39%
Gorgonacea	1	0.10%
Antipatharia	1	0.10%
Antipatharia	1	0.10%
Annelida	2	0.19%
Filograna sp.	2	0.19%
Bryozoa	8	0.78%
Bryozoa	4	0.39%
Schizoporella sp.	4	0.39%
Chordata	6	0.58%
Ascidiacea	5	0.48%
Fish	1	0.10%
Other organism	56	5.43%
Natural detritus	4	0.39%
Bare soft bottom substrate	698	67.70%
Bare hard bottom substrate	20	1.94%
Bare hard bottom substrate	20	1.94%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	11	1.07%
Bare rubble- rock	9	0.87%
Grand Total	1031	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-08; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 51 m Knolls, UNCW Dive 58

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-08.

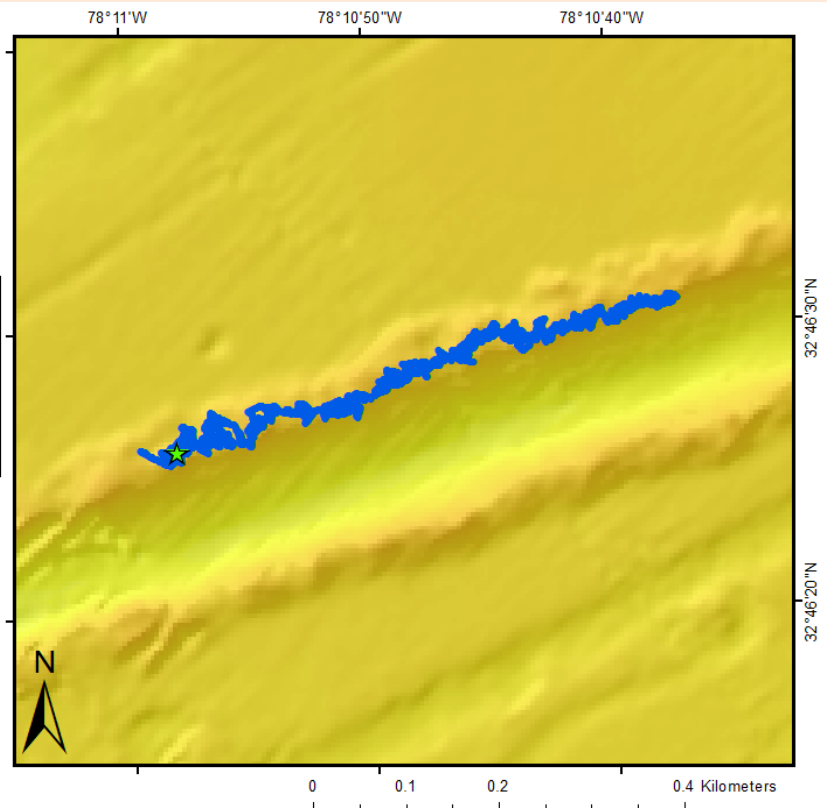
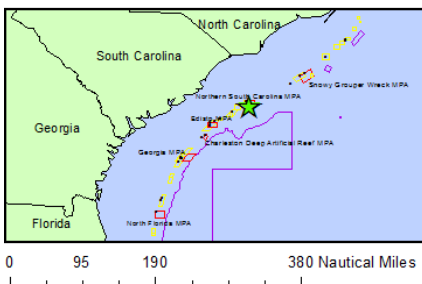
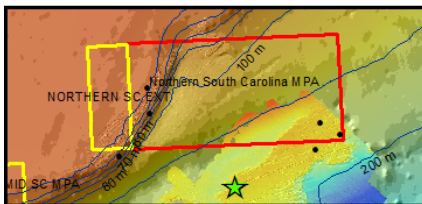
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0002
<i>Alerterus</i> sp.	filefish	0.0001
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0001
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0001
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0003
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0009
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0012
<i>Centropristis striata</i>	black sea bass	0.0001
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0001
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0001
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0003
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0010
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0009
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0001
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damsel fish	0.0003
<i>Gymnothorax moringa</i>	spotted moray eel	0.0001
<i>Haemulon plumieri</i>	white grunt	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0002
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0040
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0006
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0004
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0002
<i>Lactophrys quadricornis</i>	scrawled cowfish	0.0001
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0001
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0002
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0001
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0013
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0002
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0003
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0001
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0005
Sparidae	porgy	0.0001
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-09

- ★ 21-VI-14-1, ROV 14-09
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UT M17N_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/21/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 124

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

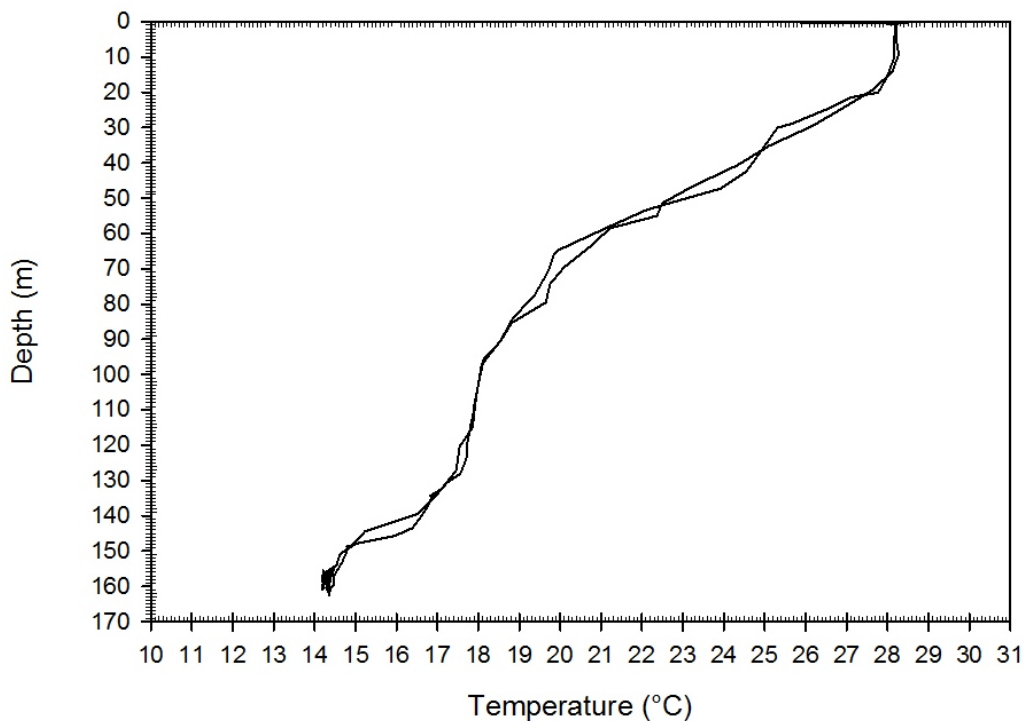
Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-155	Total Transect Length (km):	0.60
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-164	Surface Current (kn):	0.25
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:16	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.77°N; -78.18°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	9:51	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.78°N; -78.18°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-09



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -158 m
Spider crab on soft bottom

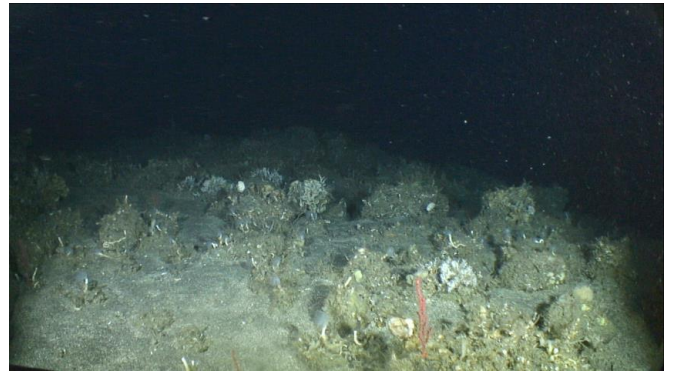


Figure 2: -158 m
Rocky hard bottom, typical of the edges of iceberg scars

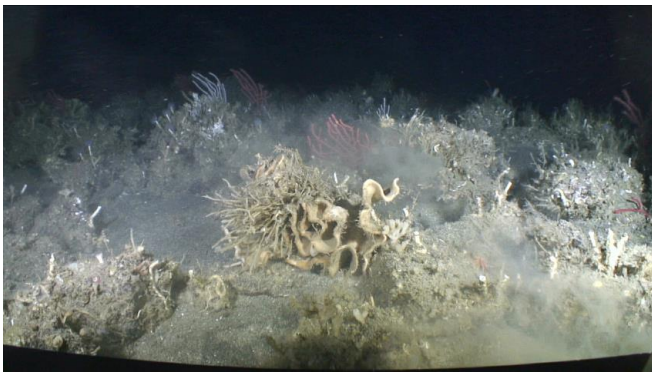


Figure 3: -159.4 m
Leiodermatium and rock along iceberg scar

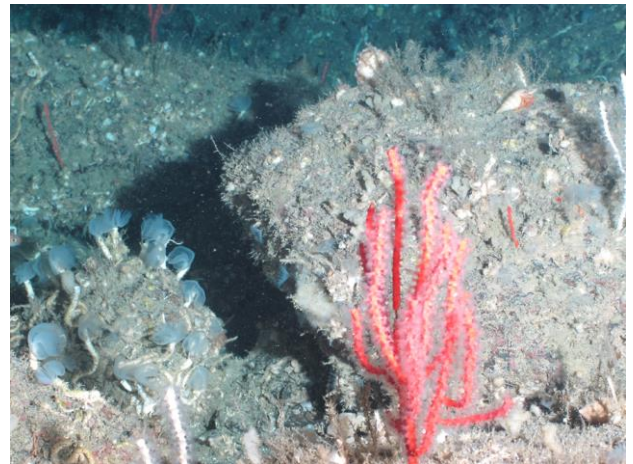


Figure 4: -160.2 m
Nicella and serpulid worms

Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-09, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 59; Site #- 21-VI-14-1. Target Site - South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UTM17N_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect east across the iceberg scar.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Tracking is poor. Live Track log: ROV14_09.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Northern edge of the iceberg scar is a jumble of rocks, < 1 m wide and up to 3 m tall with barren rippled sediment between. 100% clean rippled sediment at the base of the northern edge of the scar to the south and north. Three tilefish, snowy groupers, boarfish and eels; the bottom is thick with *Leiodermatium* and *Corallistidae* sponges and serpulid feather duster worms. Sediment has many *Holothuria lentiginosa enodis*, and one slit shell sighted.

Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

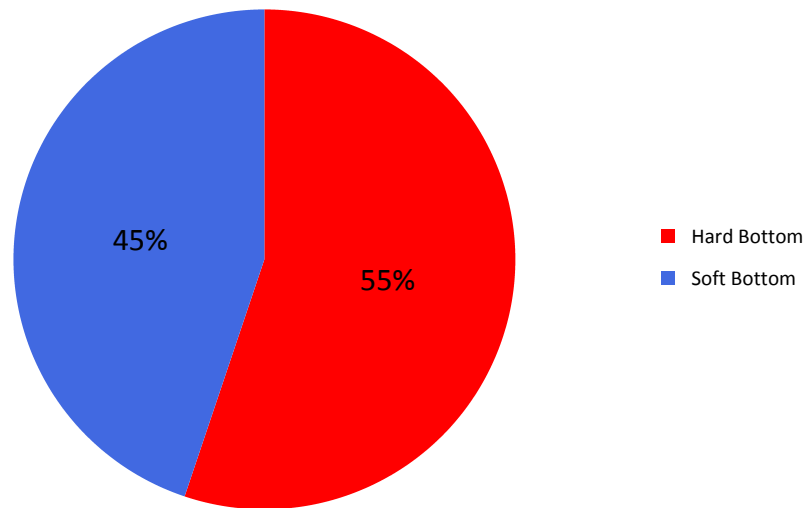
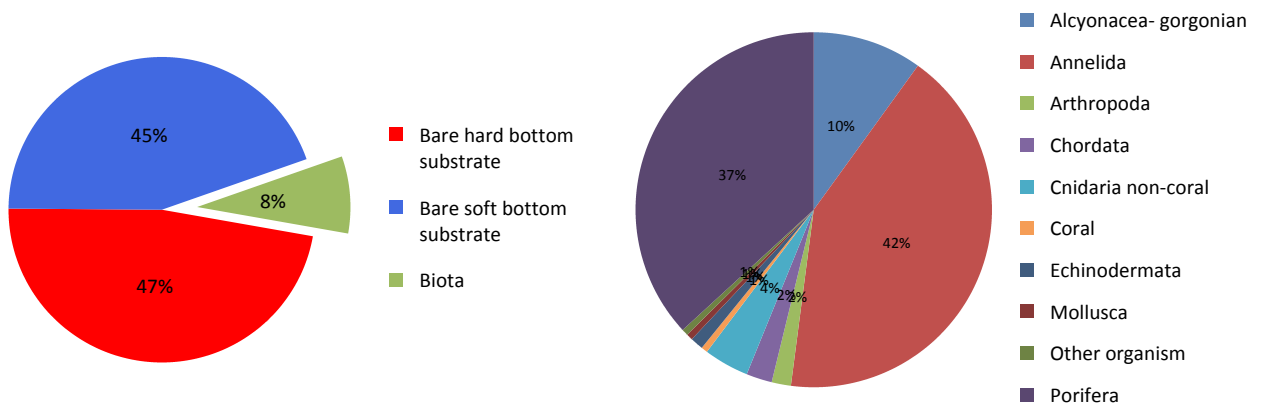


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-09. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-09.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-09.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	171	8.15%
Porifera	63	3.00%
Corallistidae	8	0.38%
Demospongiae	10	0.48%
Farrea sp.	2	0.10%
Leiodermatium sp.	43	2.05%
Coral	1	0.05%
Scleractinia solitary	1	0.05%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	17	0.81%
Gorgonacea	1	0.05%
Nicella sp.	7	0.33%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	9	0.43%
Cnidaria non-coral	7	0.33%
Hydroidolina	7	0.33%
Annelida	72	3.43%
Annelida	37	1.76%
Filograna sp.	3	0.14%
Serpulidae	32	1.53%
Mollusca	1	0.05%
Gastropoda	1	0.05%
Arthropoda	3	0.14%
Majidae	1	0.05%
Paguridae	2	0.10%
Echinodermata	2	0.10%
Asteroidea	1	0.05%
Paracolochirus mysticus	1	0.05%
Chordata	4	0.19%
Fish	4	0.19%
Other organism	1	0.05%
Bare soft bottom substrate	934	44.52%
Bare hard bottom substrate	993	47.33%
Bare hard bottom substrate	993	47.33%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	990	47.19%
Bare rubble- rock	3	0.14%
Grand Total	2098	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-09; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 170 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 59

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-09.

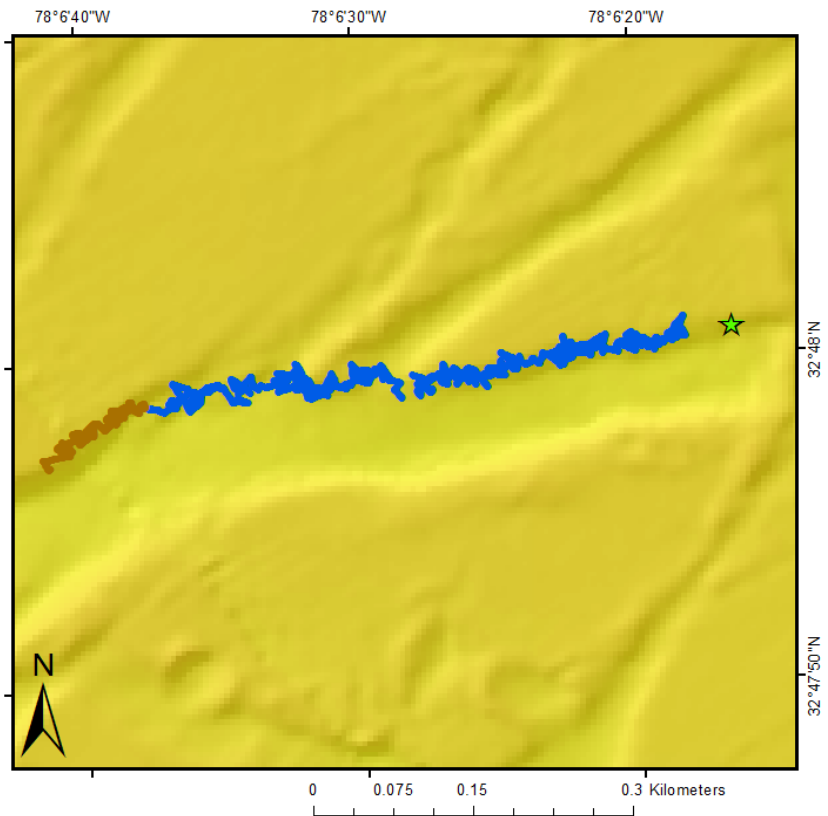
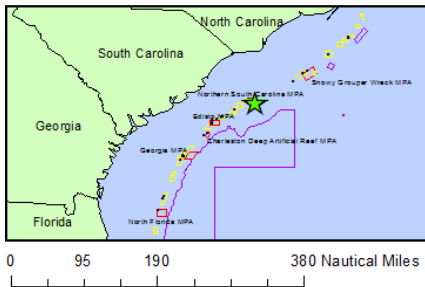
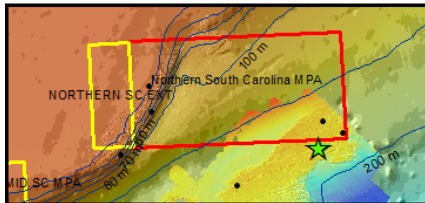
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Anthias nicholsi</i>	yellowfin bass	0.0050
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0119
<i>Antigonia capros</i>	deepbody boarfish	0.0107
<i>Caulolatilus microps</i>	blueline tilefish	0.0001
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0003
<i>Gephyroberyx darwinii</i>	big roughy	0.0005
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0002
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barbier	0.0009
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0001
<i>Hyporthodus niveatus</i>	snowy grouper	0.0013
<i>Laemonema</i> sp.	mora cod	0.0003
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0001
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0012
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0003
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass	0.0002
<i>Pronotoqrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0004
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0003
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0106
<i>Synagrops</i> sp.	synagrops sea bass	0.0003

Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-10

- ★ 21-VI-14-2, ROV 14-10
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UT M17N_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/21/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 104

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

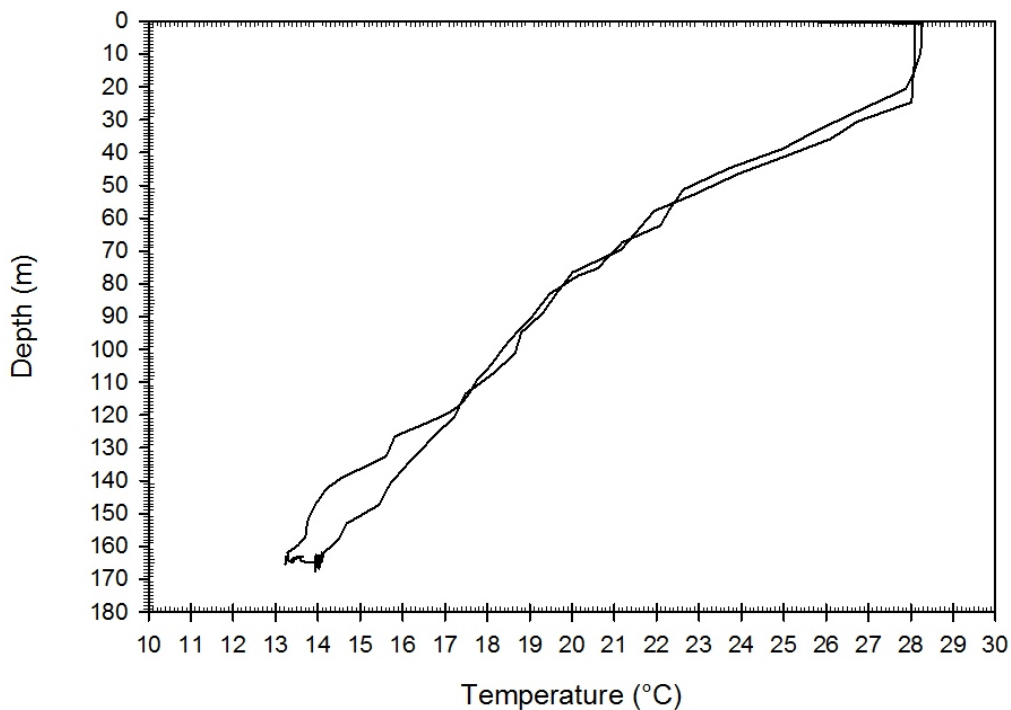
Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-163	Total Transect Length (km):	0.62
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-168	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	11:04	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.8°N; -78.11°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	12:17	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.8°N; -78.11°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-10



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

Dive Imagery:

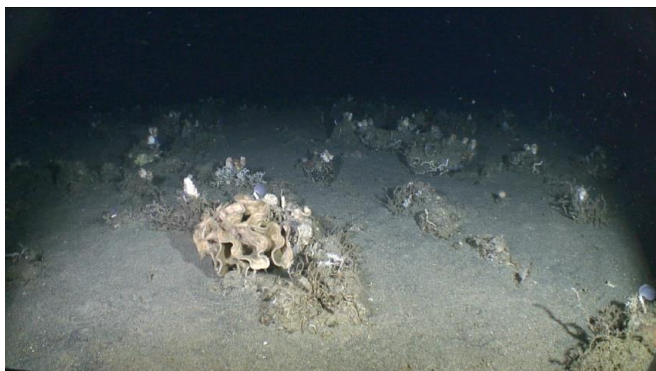


Figure 1: -164.4 m
Leiodermatium rest on scattered rocks



Figure 2: -164.4 m
Unidentified cream colored sponge

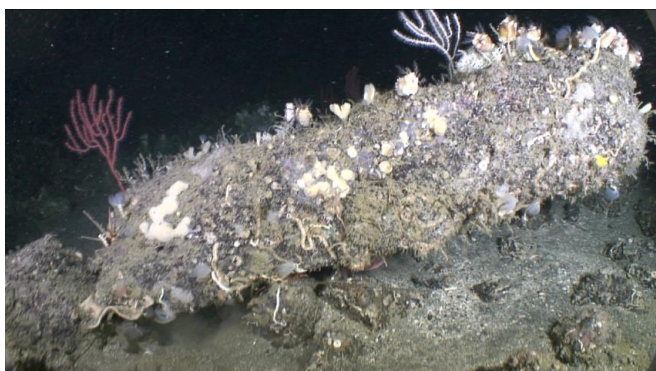


Figure 3: -165.4 m
Large rock outcrop with typical macrobiota

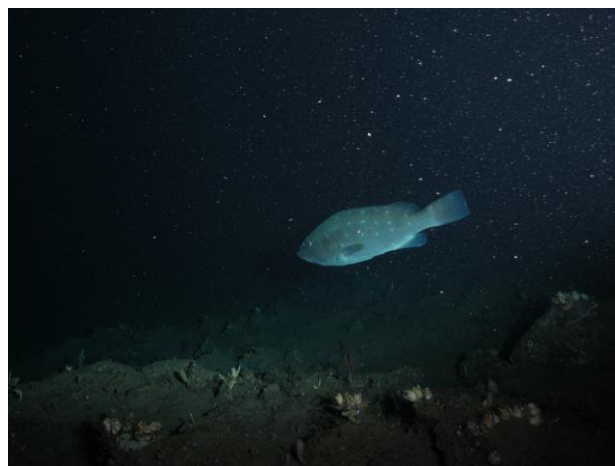


Figure 4: -166 m
Snowy grouper

Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-10, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 60; Site #- 21-VI-14-2. Target Site - South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UTM17N_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect east across the iceberg scar.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Tracking little bit scattered throughout dive.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Northern side of iceberg scar, smooth sediment with scattered rock boulders (20-40 cm wide/tall). Loads of *Paracolochirus mysticus* and tilefish. Crossed two intersecting iceberg scars during the transect; the bases of which were sediment. Between the two scars at the intersection was a large jumble of piled 2-3 m boulders with overhangs. There was a large amount of *Paracolochirus mysticus* throughout the dive and patches of *Leiodermatium*, and one carrier shell sighted.

Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

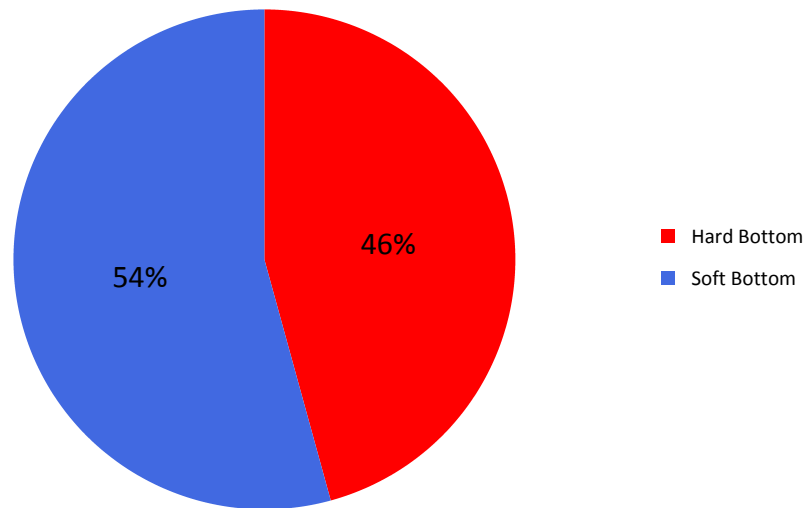
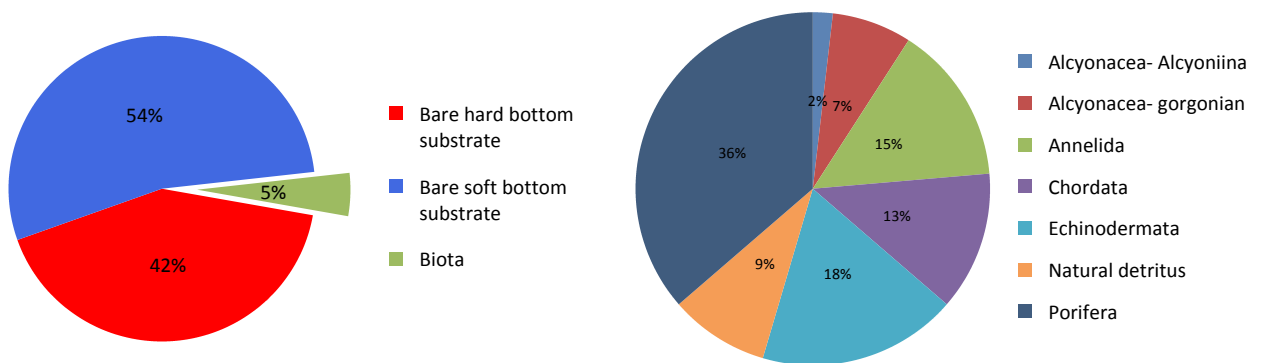


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-10. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-10.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-10.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	55	4.55%
Porifera	20	1.65%
Demospongiae	6	0.50%
Demospongiae- MPA03	2	0.17%
Farrea sp.	1	0.08%
Leiodermatium sp.	11	0.91%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	1	0.08%
Alcyonacea	1	0.08%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	4	0.33%
Gorgonacea	1	0.08%
Nicella sp.	1	0.08%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	2	0.17%
Annelida	8	0.66%
Annelida	5	0.41%
Serpulidae	3	0.25%
Echinodermata	10	0.83%
Paracolochirus mysticus	10	0.83%
Chordata	7	0.58%
Fish	7	0.58%
Natural detritus	5	0.41%
Bare soft bottom substrate	649	53.68%
Bare hard bottom substrate	505	41.77%
Bare hard bottom substrate	505	41.77%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	505	41.77%
Grand Total	1209	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-10; South Carolina, Outside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 60

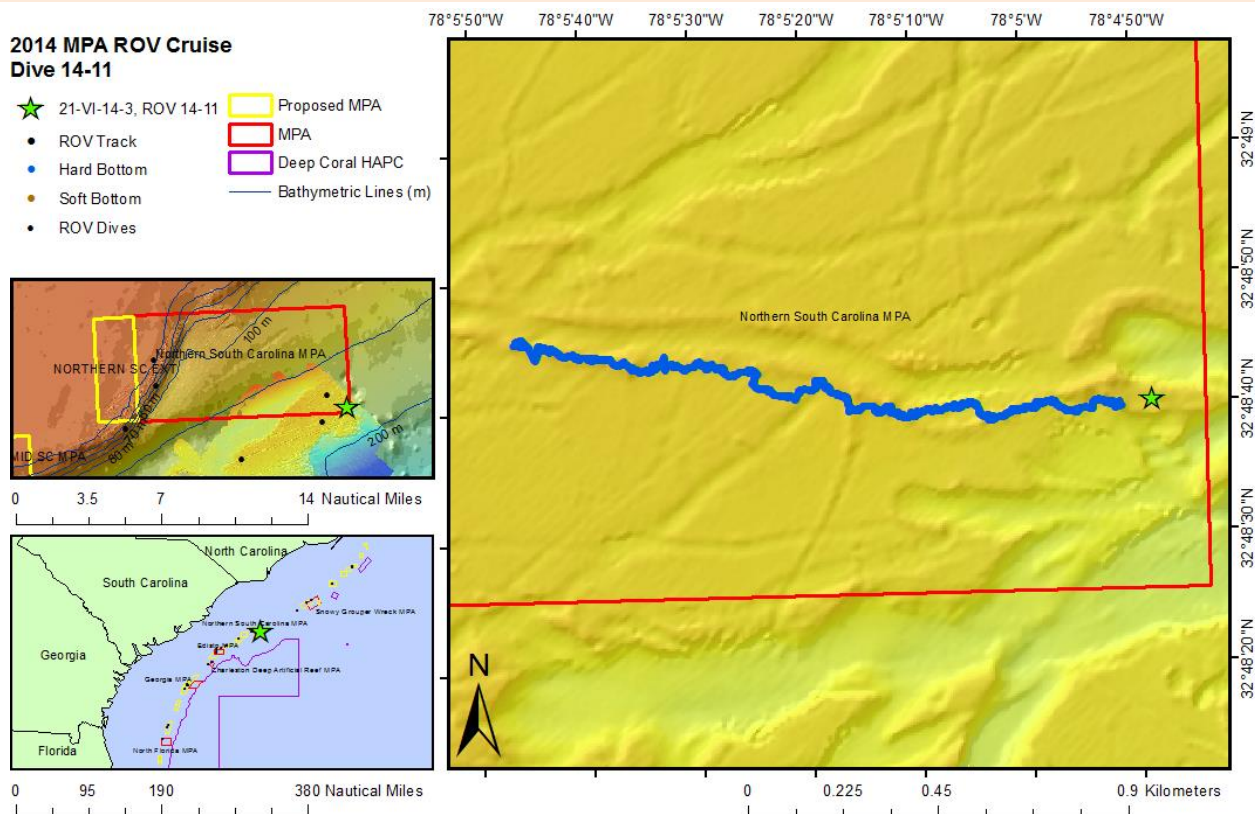
Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-10.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Anthias nicholsi</i>	yellowfin bass	0.0052
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0116
<i>Antigonia capros</i>	deepbody boarfish	0.0024
<i>Caulolatilus microps</i>	blueline tilefish	0.0004
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0026
<i>Gephyroberyx darwinii</i>	big roughy	0.0011
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barbier	0.0014
<i>Hyporthodus niveatus</i>	snowy grouper	0.0014
<i>Laemonema</i> sp.	mora cod	0.0004
<i>Macrorhamphosus scolopax</i>	longspine snipefish	0.0003
<i>Ostichthys trachypoma</i>	bigeye soldierfish	0.0002
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0012
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0006
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass	0.0005
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0003
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0003
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0019
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0003

Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UT M17N_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/21/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 117

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

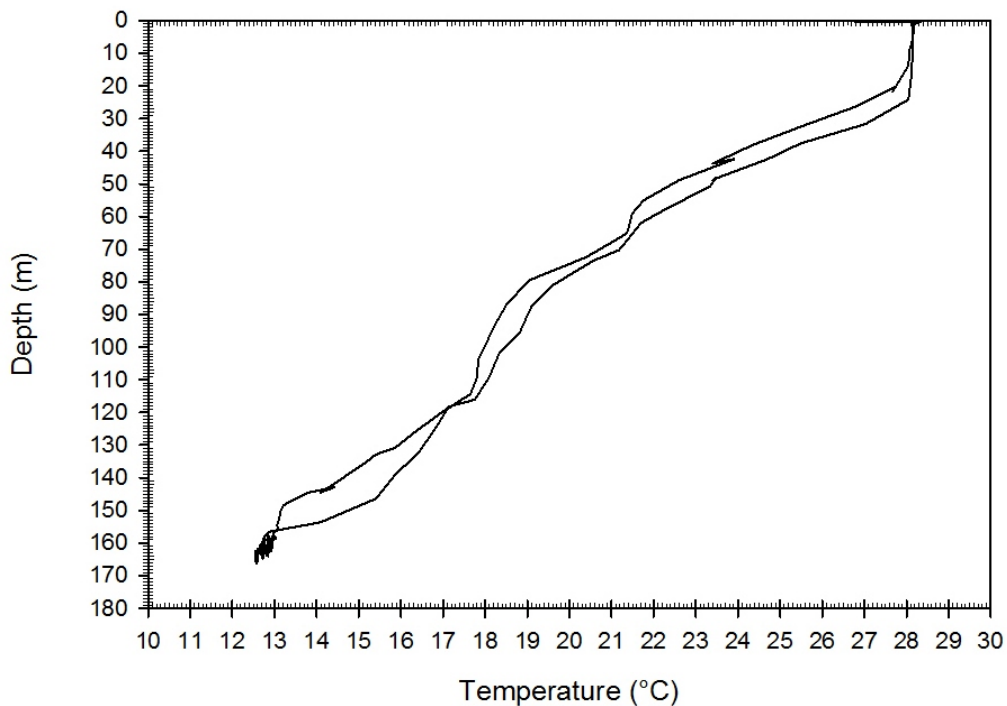
Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-156	Total Transect Length (km):	1.45
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-168	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	13:21	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.81°N; -78.08°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	14:54	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.81°N; -78.1°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-11



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -165.8 m
Majid spider crab

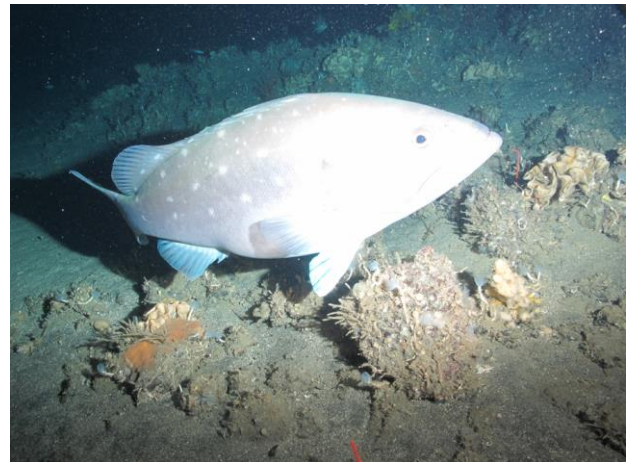


Figure 2: -165.8 m
Snowy grouper examines the ROV

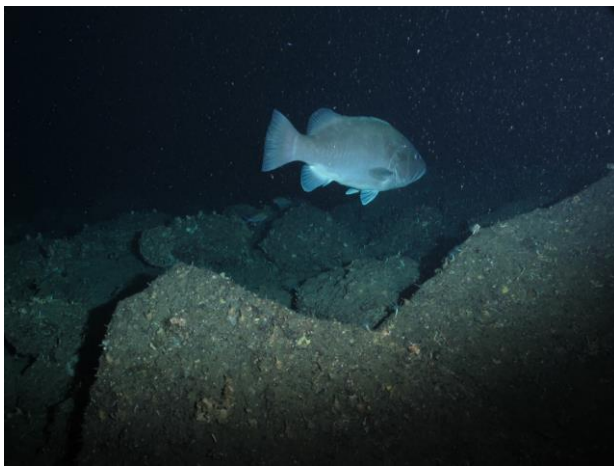


Figure 3: -163.1 m
Snowy grouper



Figure 4: -162.1 m
Snowy grouper and other fish?

Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-11, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 61; Site #- 21-VI-14-3. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UTM17N_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect east across the iceberg scar.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transect along southern side of southern iceberg scar. South of the scar was sediment in 166 m with <10% rock rubble (10 cm). The edge of the scar were large rock boulders 1-4 m tall and wide and covered in Leiodermatium. Parts had large > 3 m tall slabs with undercuts. Snowy groupers common near larger outcrops. The rugosity, slope and size of the boulders increased in the corners where 2 scars intersect. Observed >50 blueline tilefish, Leiodermatium, Paraclochirus mysticus, >20 snowy groupers, and majid crabs.

Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

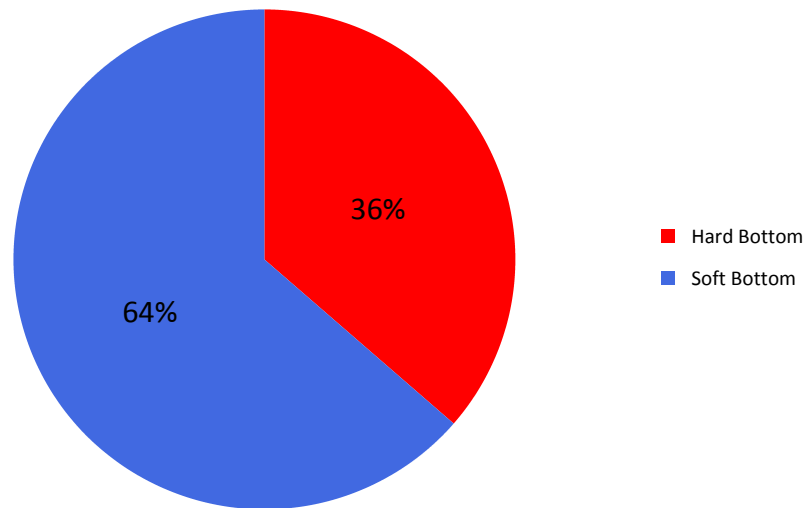
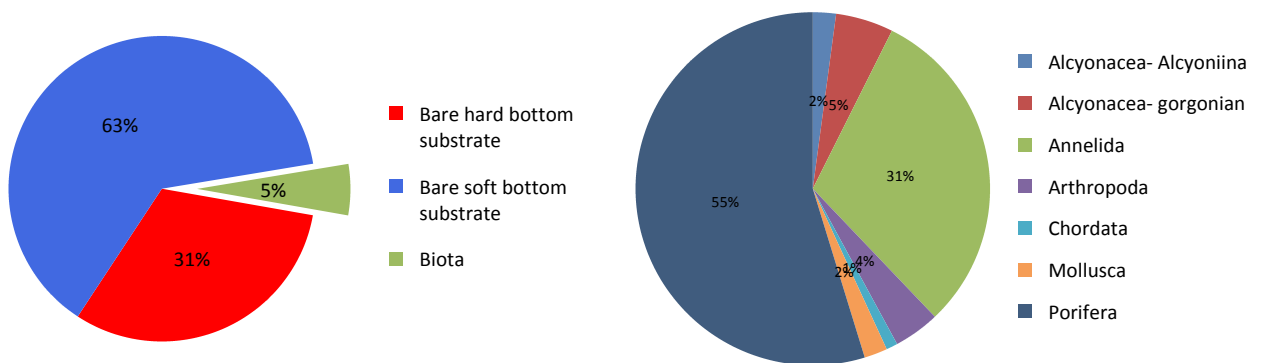


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-11. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-11.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-11.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	95	5.39%
Porifera	52	2.95%
Corallistidae	2	0.11%
Demospongiae	14	0.80%
Farrea sp.	2	0.11%
Leiodermatium sp.	34	1.93%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	2	0.11%
Alcyonacea	2	0.11%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	5	0.28%
Nicella sp.	4	0.23%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	1	0.06%
Annelida	29	1.65%
Annelida	8	0.45%
Serpulidae	21	1.19%
Mollusca	2	0.11%
Perotrochus amabilis	2	0.11%
Arthropoda	4	0.23%
Majidae	2	0.11%
Paguridae	2	0.11%
Chordata	1	0.06%
Fish	1	0.06%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1112	63.15%
Bare hard bottom substrate	554	31.46%
Bare hard bottom substrate	554	31.46%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	551	31.29%
Bare rubble- rock	3	0.17%
Grand Total	1761	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-11; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar, UNCW Dive 61

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-11.

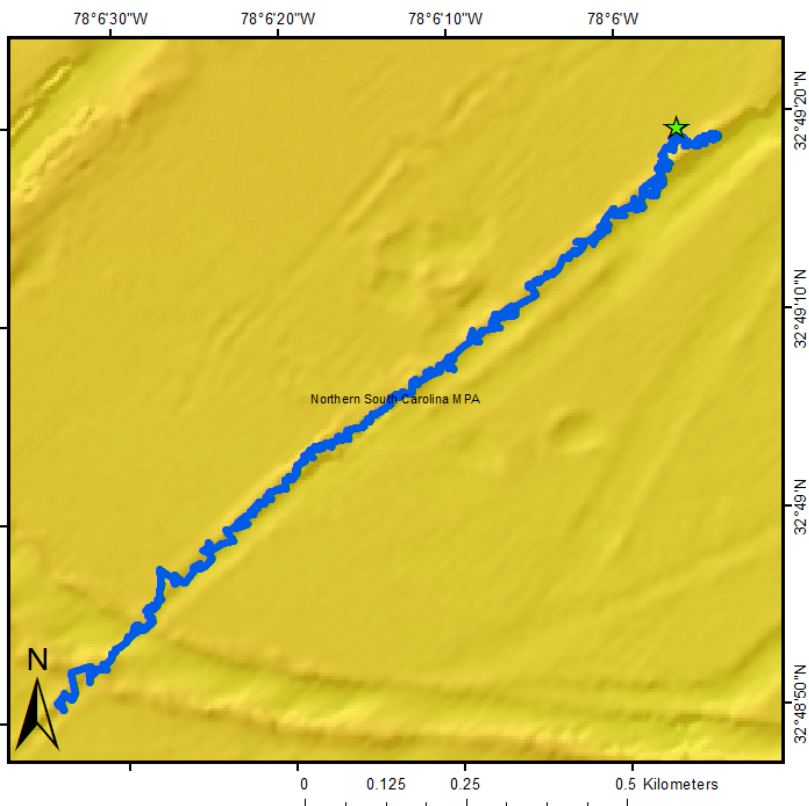
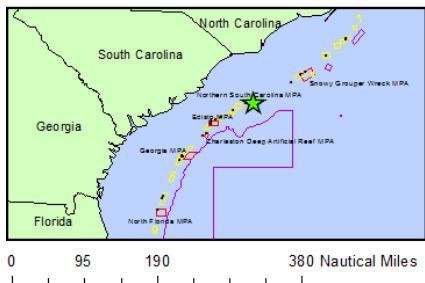
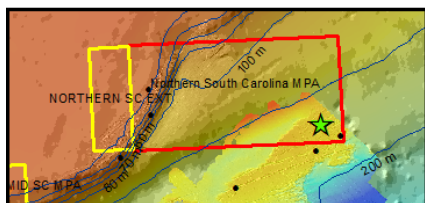
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Anthias nicholsi</i>	yellowfin bass	0.0109
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0786
<i>Antigonia capros</i>	deepbody boarfish	0.0200
<i>Caulolatilus microps</i>	blueline tilefish	0.0017
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0017
<i>Gephyroberyx darwinii</i>	big roughy	0.0015
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barbier	0.0023
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0006
<i>Hyporthodus niveatus</i>	snowy grouper	0.0015
<i>Jeboehklia gladifer</i>	bladefin bass	0.0002
<i>Laemonema</i> sp.	mora cod	0.0005
<i>Macrorhamphosus scolopax</i>	longspine snipefish	0.0003
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0002
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0002
<i>Ostichthys trachypoma</i>	bigeye soldierfish	0.0003
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0027
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0010
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass	0.0010
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0002
<i>Pronotoqrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0002
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0018
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0002

Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-12

- ★ 21-VI-14-4, ROV 14-12
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UT M17N_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/21/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 85

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

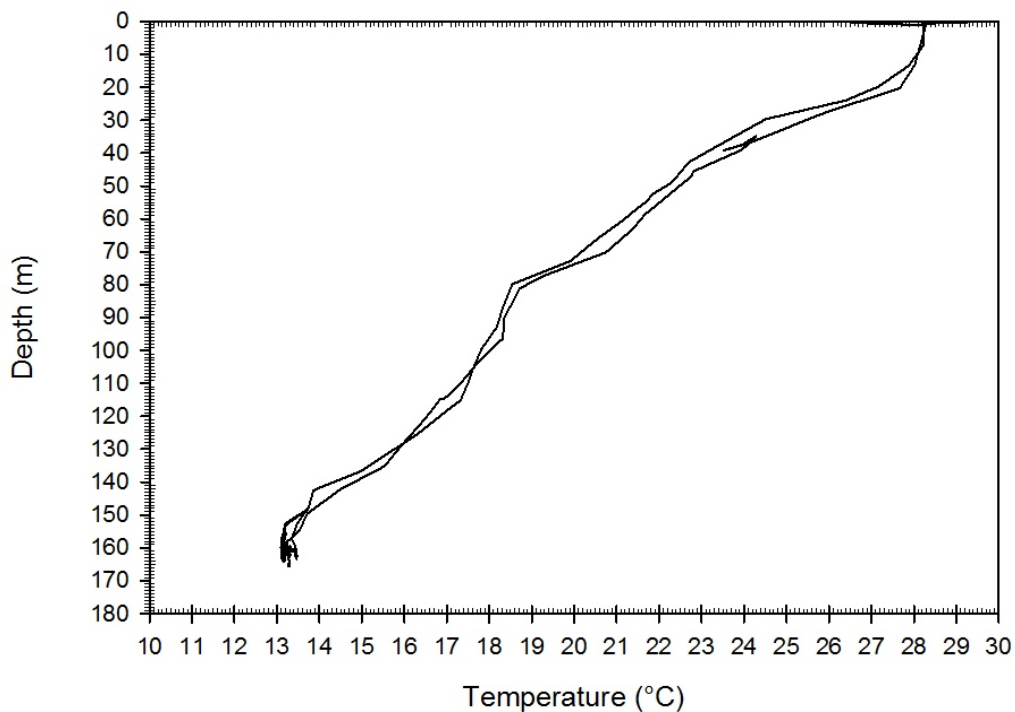
Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar
SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-149	Total Transect Length (km):	1.30
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-166	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:52	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.82°N; -78.1°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:23	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.81°N; -78.11°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-12



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar
SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

Dive Imagery:

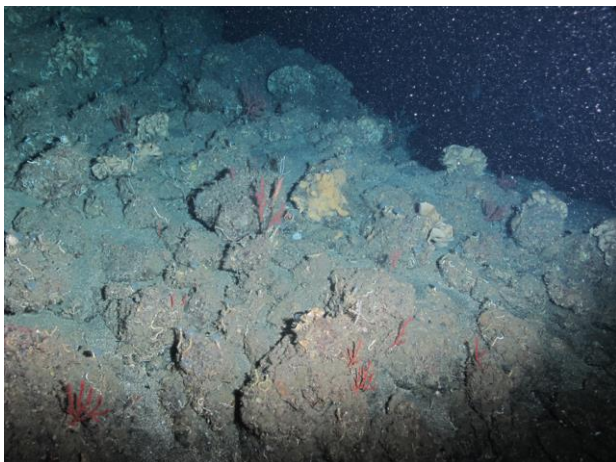


Figure 1: -163.1 m
Leiodermatium and *Nicella* gorgonians on rocky bottom



Figure 2: -163.1 m
A pair of snowy groupers



Figure 3: -161.7 m
Fresh human debris and a bore fish



Figure 4: -161.1 m
Snowy groupers take refuge next to a large boulder

Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-12, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 62; Site #- 21-VI-14-4. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar SW/NE. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Sedberry_OEBlock2_5m_UTM17N_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect east across the iceberg scar.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

SW to NE scar - transected the northern side. Started dive trying to head NE but the current was too strong; changed heading to SW and were able to make way. The ridge was rough rock boulders ranging from 10-20 cm up to 3 m wide and tall. The ridge slopes to the SE and NW ending abruptly in sediment. The exposed boulders were also surrounded by flat sediment between, with high abundance of fauna but low species richness. Leiodermatium and Paracolocirus mysticus were common to abundant; Nicella gorgonians were also common. The top of the ledge is 161 m, sand is about 162-163 m deep.

Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar
SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

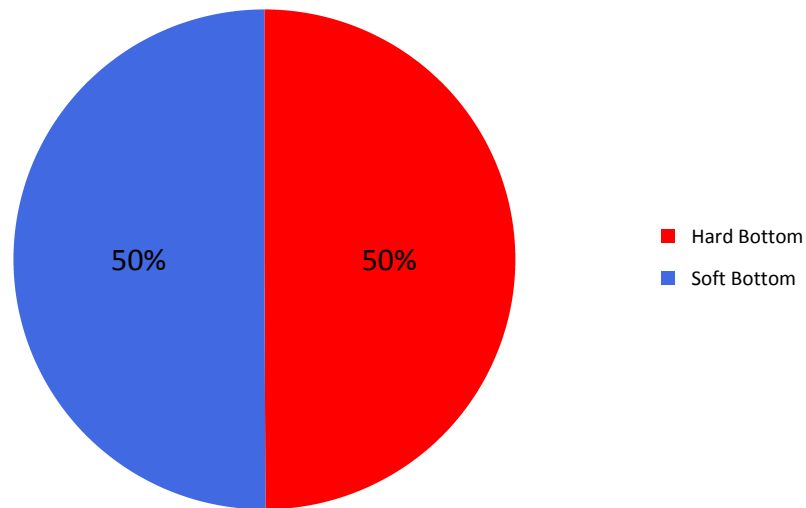
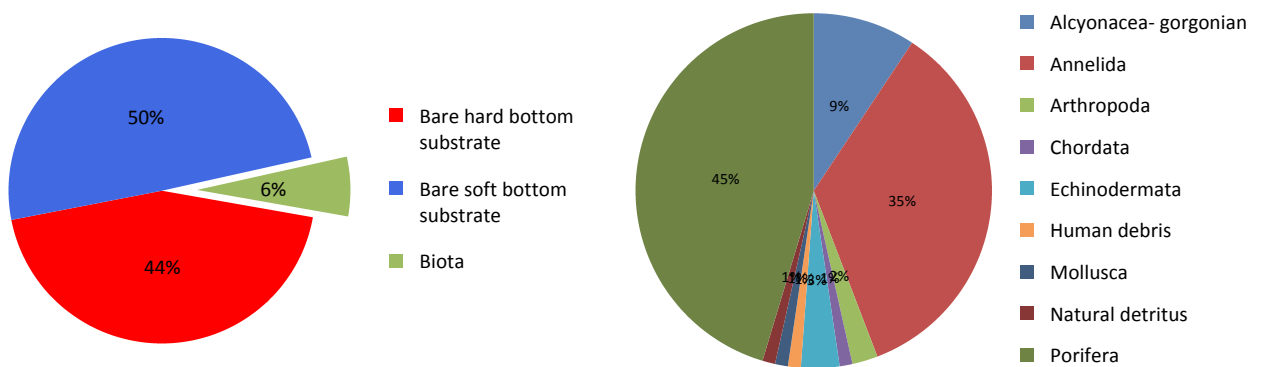


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-12. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-12.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar
SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-12.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	85	6.21%
Porifera	39	2.85%
Corallistidae	1	0.07%
Demospongiae	8	0.58%
Demospongiae- MPA03	1	0.07%
Leiodermatium sp.	29	2.12%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	8	0.58%
Gorgonacea	1	0.07%
Nicella sp.	7	0.51%
Annelida	30	2.19%
Annelida	1	0.07%
Serpulidae	29	2.12%
Mollusca	1	0.07%
Gastropoda	1	0.07%
Arthropoda	2	0.15%
Paguridae	2	0.15%
Echinodermata	3	0.22%
Holothuria lentigenosa enodis	2	0.15%
Paracolochirus mysticus	1	0.07%
Chordata	1	0.07%
Fish	1	0.07%
Natural detritus	1	0.07%
Human debris	1	0.07%
Human debris	1	0.07%
Fishing gear/line/long line	1	0.07%
Bare soft bottom substrate	678	49.56%
Bare hard bottom substrate	604	44.15%
Bare hard bottom substrate	604	44.15%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	603	44.08%
Bare rubble- rock	1	0.07%
Grand Total	1368	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-12; South Carolina, Inside Northern South Carolina MPA, 165 m Iceberg Scar
SW/NE, UNCW Dive 62

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-12.

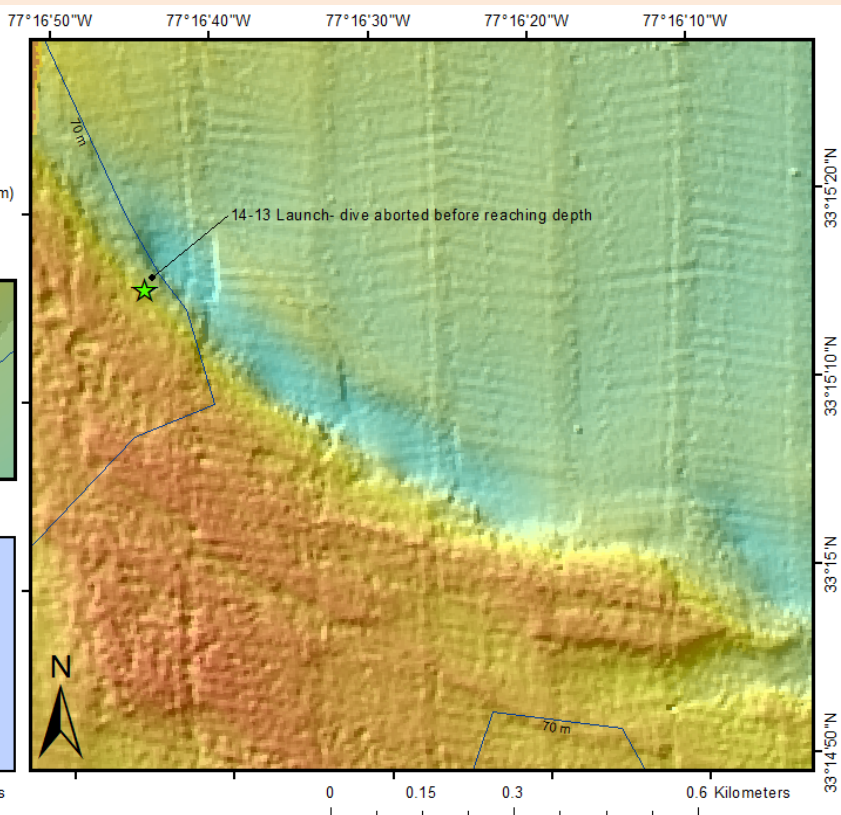
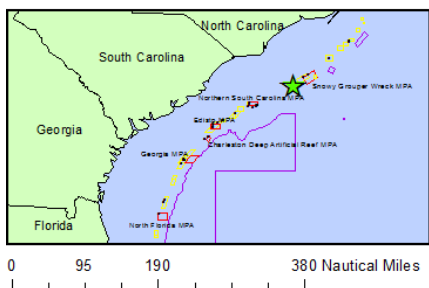
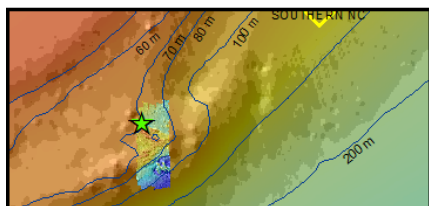
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Anthias nicholsi</i>	yellowfin bass	0.0007
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0083
<i>Antigonia capros</i>	deepbody boarfish	0.0087
Bothidae	flounder	0.0000
<i>Caulolatilus microps</i>	blueline tilefish	0.0001
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0002
<i>Gephyroberyx darwinii</i>	big roughy	0.0003
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0001
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barbier	0.0015
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0001
<i>Hyporthodus niveatus</i>	snowy grouper	0.0003
<i>Laemonema</i> sp.	mora cod	0.0001
<i>Macrorhamphosus scolopax</i>	longspine snipefish	0.0004
<i>Ostichthys trachypoma</i>	bigeye soldierfish	0.0001
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0007
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0004
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass	0.0002
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0000
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0000
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Prognathodes guyanensis</i>	french butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0002
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0002
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0000

Dive Site: ROV 14-13; North Carolina, Outside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, 85 m NW/SE Ridge, UNCW Dive 63

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-13

- ★ 22-VI-14-1, ROV 14-13
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2013_SouthernNCMP A_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/22/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 0

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

Dive Site: ROV 14-13; North Carolina, Outside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, 85 m NW/SE Ridge, UNCW Dive 63

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):		Total Transect Length (km):	0.50
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):		Surface Current (kn):	3
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:24	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.25°N; -77.28°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:55	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.25°N; -77.27°W

Physical Environment:

Dive Site: ROV 14-13; North Carolina, Outside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, 85 m NW/SE Ridge, UNCW Dive 63

Dive Imagery:

Figure 1:
No images taken

Figure 2:
No images taken

Dive Site: ROV 14-13; North Carolina, Outside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, 85 m NW/SE Ridge, UNCW Dive 63

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-13, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 63; Site #- 22-VI-14-1. North Carolina, Outside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, 85 m NW/SE Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2013_SouthernNCMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect on NW-SE ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Live logged the dive track 14-13.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Planned dive on southern end of this MB map along the 3 finger plateaus. Due to strong current to the north; we got to 60 m and called the dive. Never got to the bottom.

Dive Site: ROV 14-13; North Carolina, Outside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, 85 m NW/SE Ridge,
UNCW Dive 63

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

No CPCE Analysis was completed for ROV 14-13.

Density of Fish:

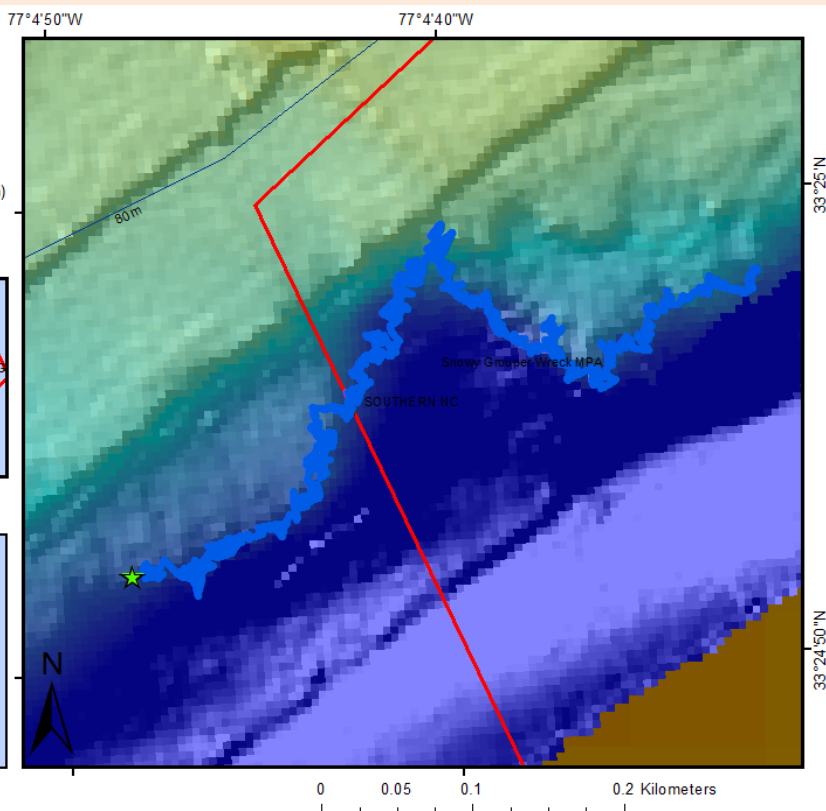
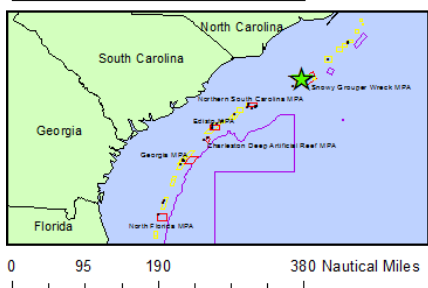
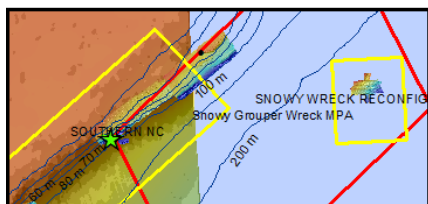
No Density of fish was completed for ROV 14-13.

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-14

- ★ 22-VI-14-2, ROV 14-14
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_SnowyWreckM PA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/22/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 110

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

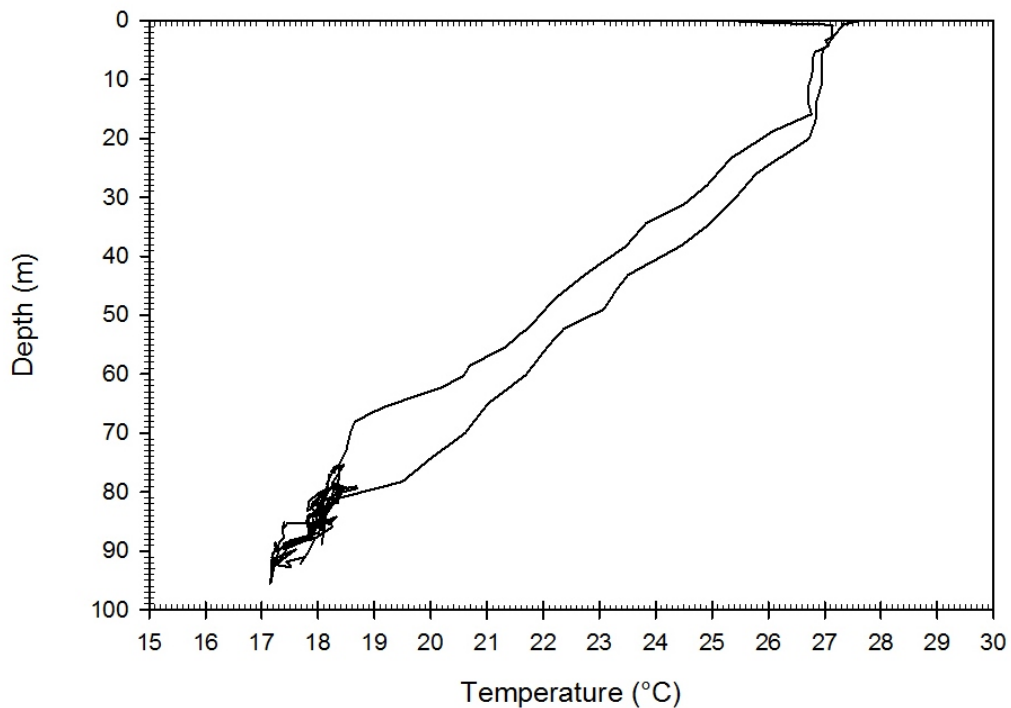
Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-76	Total Transect Length (km):	0.47
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-96	Surface Current (kn):	0.25
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	13:51	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.41°N; -77.08°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:09	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.42°N; -77.08°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-14



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -86.1 m
Soapfish under a small boulder

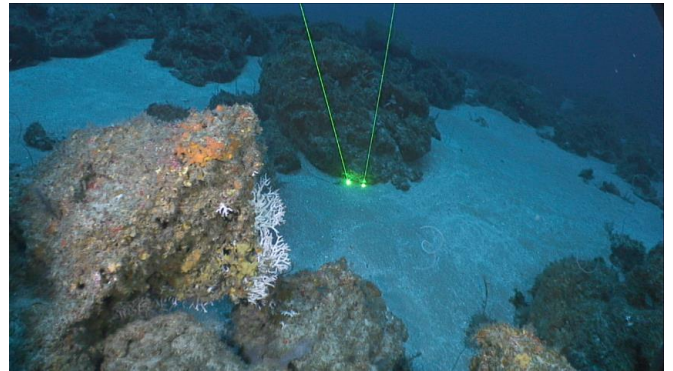


Figure 2: -86.1 m
Oculina grows on the edge of boulder



Figure 3: -83 m
White *Muricea* and brown algae



Figure 4: -90.8 m
Pink *Oculina* colonies grow on rocks

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-14, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 64; Site #- 22-VI-14-2. Target Site - North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_SnowyWreckMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo transect on NW corner- deep ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Live logged the dive track 14-14.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transected across a 80 m deep ledge on a slope. The top of the ledge was buried rock boulders which become exposed along the slope. The boulders were >1-2 m wide/tall and rough surfaced. There was smooth/rippled/barren sediment between. The slope entering the MPA is 10 to 40 deg with larger exposed boulders at the top ledge and small scattered 10-20 cm rubble along the slope. The sediment was smooth and barren. Larger (40 cm) *Oculina varicosa* corals were spotted towards the beginning of the dive (10 + individuals total). The "bowl" cut out in the MB has large boulders/rock outcrops at the top ledge with pavement on the top plateau and rock/ boulders along the slope. 83-95 m depth range.

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

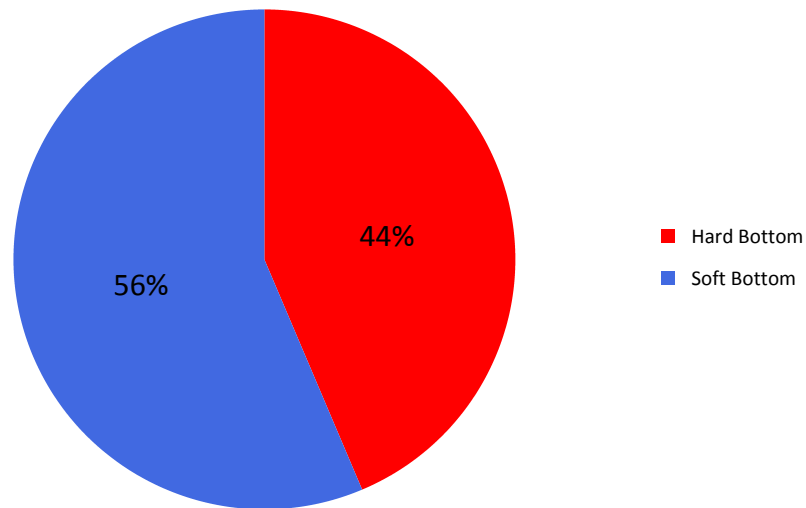
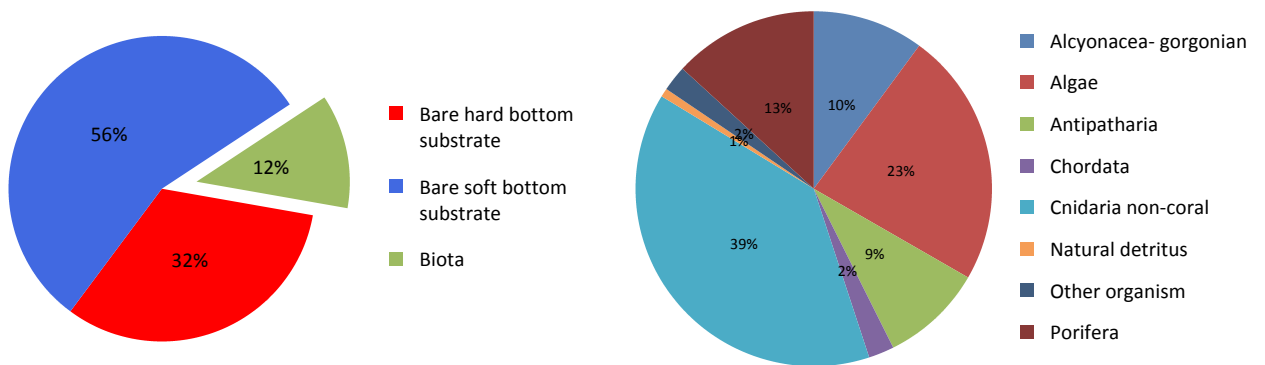


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-14. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-14.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-14.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	129	12.08%
Algae	30	2.81%
Chlorophyta	1	0.09%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	12	1.12%
Phaeophyta	13	1.22%
Rhodophyta	4	0.37%
Porifera	17	1.59%
Demospongiae	3	0.28%
Spirastrellidae	14	1.31%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	13	1.22%
Ellisella sp.	1	0.09%
Gorgonacea	4	0.37%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	8	0.75%
Antipatharia	12	1.12%
Antipatharia atlantica	2	0.19%
Stichopathes lutkeni	5	0.47%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	5	0.47%
Cnidaria non-coral	50	4.68%
Hydroidolina	50	4.68%
Chordata	3	0.28%
Fish	3	0.28%
Other organism	3	0.28%
Natural detritus	1	0.09%
Bare soft bottom substrate	593	55.52%
Bare hard bottom substrate	346	32.40%
Bare hard bottom substrate	346	32.40%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	329	30.81%
Bare rubble- rock	17	1.59%
Grand Total	1068	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-14.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0001
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0330
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0019
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0003
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0010
Carangidae	jack	0.0005
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0002
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0002
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0024
<i>Chromis cyaneus</i>	blue chromis	0.0010
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0001
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0001
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0004
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0001
<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i>	rock hind	0.0001
<i>Epinephelus drummondhayi</i>	speckled hind	0.0002
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0002
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0037
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0037
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0001
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0001
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0003
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0002
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0002
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0005
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0010
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0005
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0029
<i>Plectrypops retrospinis</i>	cardinal soldierfish	0.0002
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0010
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0004
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0004
<i>Prognathodes guyanensis</i>	french butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	roughtongue bass	0.0374
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0012
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0029

Dive Site: ROV 14-14; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, NW Corner- 100 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 64

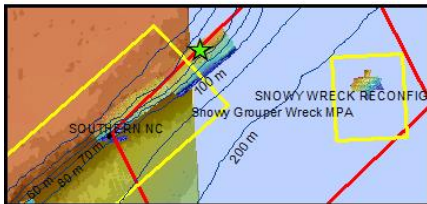
<i>Rypticus saponaceus</i>	greater soapfish	0.0005
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0002
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0016
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0002
<i>Serranus chionaraia</i>	snow bass	0.0001
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0004

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

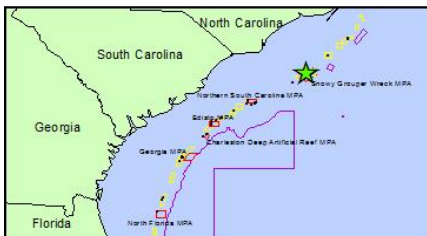
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-15

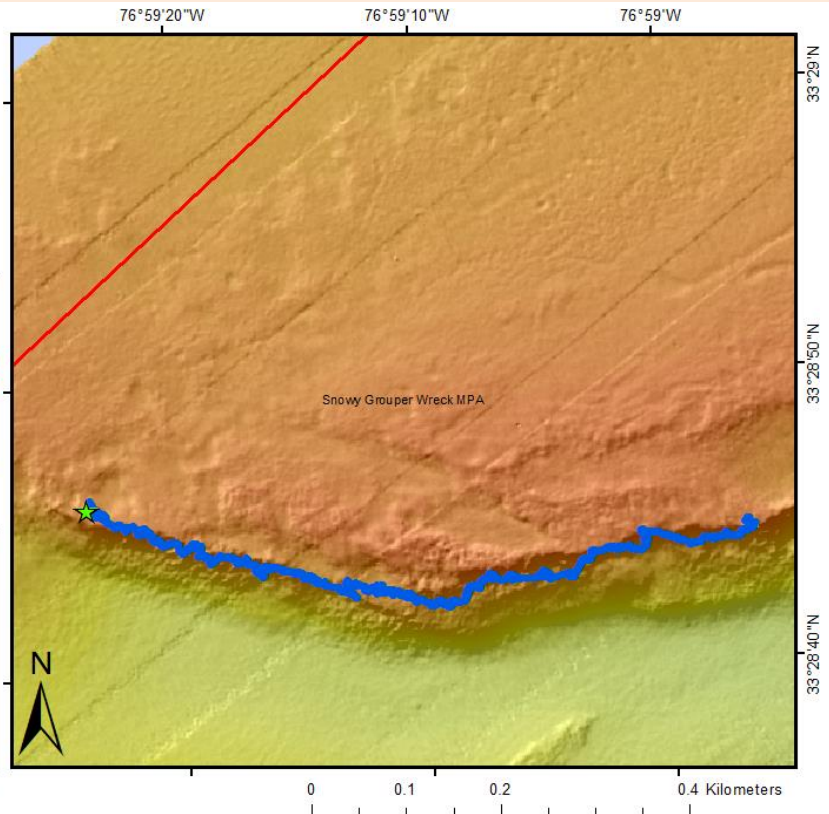
- ★ 22-VI-14-3, ROV 14-15
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 3.5 7 14 Nautical Miles



0 95 190 380 Nautical Miles



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_NC_SnowyWreck_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/22/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 70

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

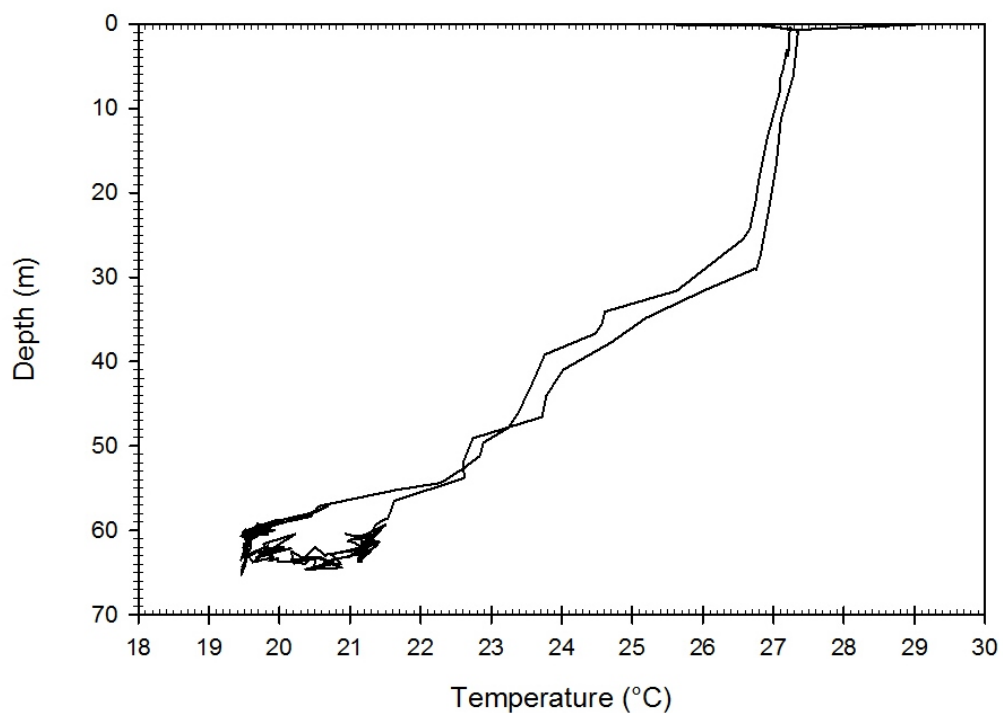
Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-48	Total Transect Length (km):	0.70
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-66	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	16:42	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.48°N; -76.99°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:43	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.48°N; -76.98°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-15



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -63.9 m
Soapfish and a lionfish

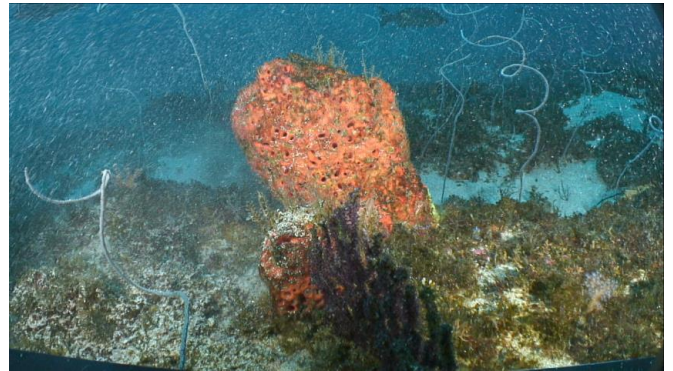


Figure 2: -63.9 m
Agelas sponge

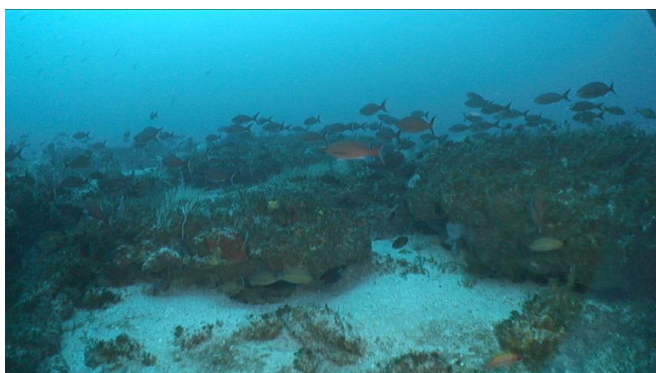


Figure 3: -62.5 m
Schools of fish hover over large rock boulders

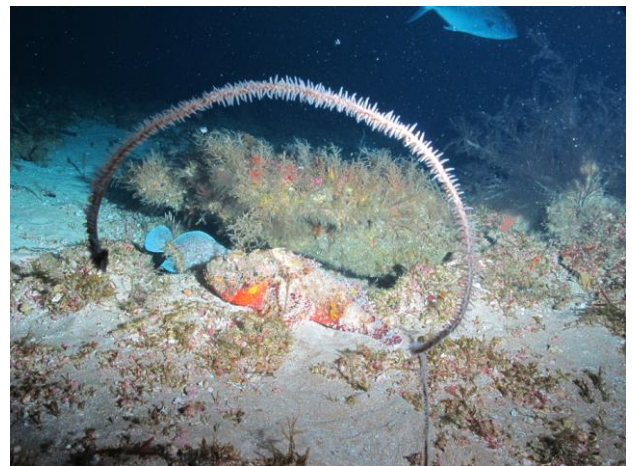


Figure 4: -62 m
Stichopathes and the tail of a soapfish on hard bottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-15, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 65; Site #- 22-VI-14-3. Target Site - North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_NC_SnowyWreck_Grid). Conduct video/photo along ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insitu Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-15.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transected top ridge of slope. Bottom was large boulders and cobble, with rough surface, covered in green or brown algae, and smooth barren sediment between. The top of the plateau was flatter pavement like hardbottom, the rim of the slope had more relief, 1-2 up to 3 m in parts. 80% hardbottom exposed. The slope was 10-30 degrees sloping to the south. After the dog-leg, the top of the ridge was 3 m tall rock outcrops with undercut ledges and the slope was rock cobble/rubble and small boulders on a 10-20 deg slope. The rocks were 100% covered in mostly algae and fauna: Stichopathes, hydroids (3+ species), Diodogorgia, Oculina, Agelas sponges common, Swiftia, Tanacetipathes, and white mesh fan black corals.

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

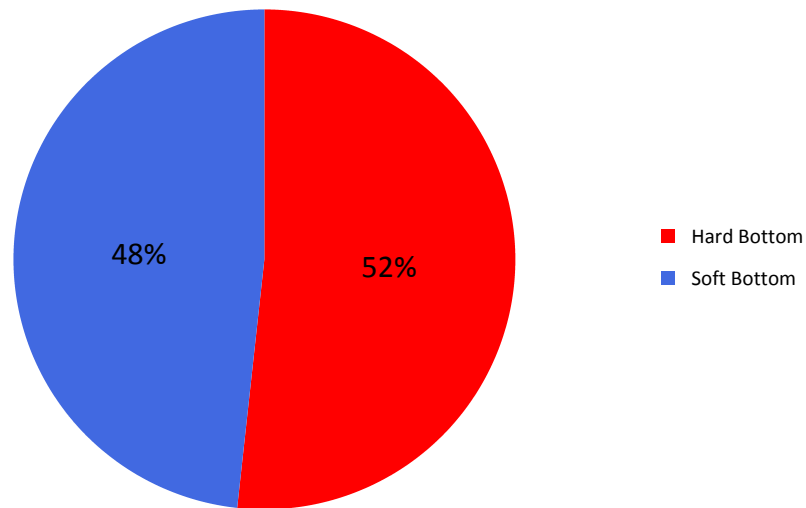
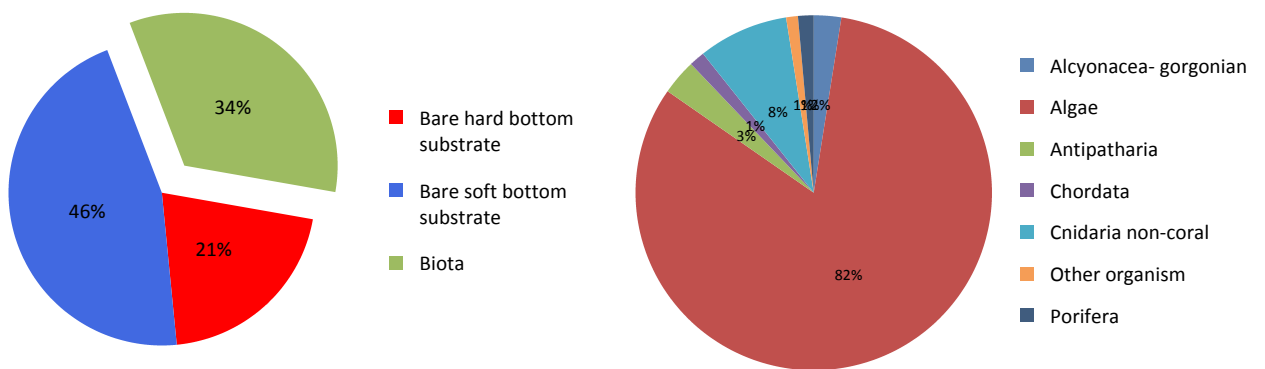


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-15. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-15.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-15.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	281	33.57%
Algae	231	27.60%
Chlorophyta	4	0.48%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	12	1.43%
Cyanophyta	7	0.84%
Phaeophyta	152	18.16%
Rhodophyta	56	6.69%
Porifera	4	0.48%
Demospongiae	1	0.12%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	1	0.12%
Spirastrellidae	2	0.24%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	7	0.84%
Gorgonacea	3	0.36%
Muricea sp.	1	0.12%
Nicella sp.	3	0.36%
Antipatharia	9	1.08%
Antipatharia	1	0.12%
Stichopathes lutkeni	3	0.36%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	5	0.60%
Cnidaria non-coral	23	2.75%
Hydroidolina	23	2.75%
Chordata	4	0.48%
Fish	4	0.48%
Other organism	3	0.36%
Bare soft bottom substrate	383	45.76%
Bare hard bottom substrate	173	20.67%
Bare hard bottom substrate	173	20.67%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	162	19.35%
Bare rubble- rock	11	1.31%
Grand Total	837	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-15.

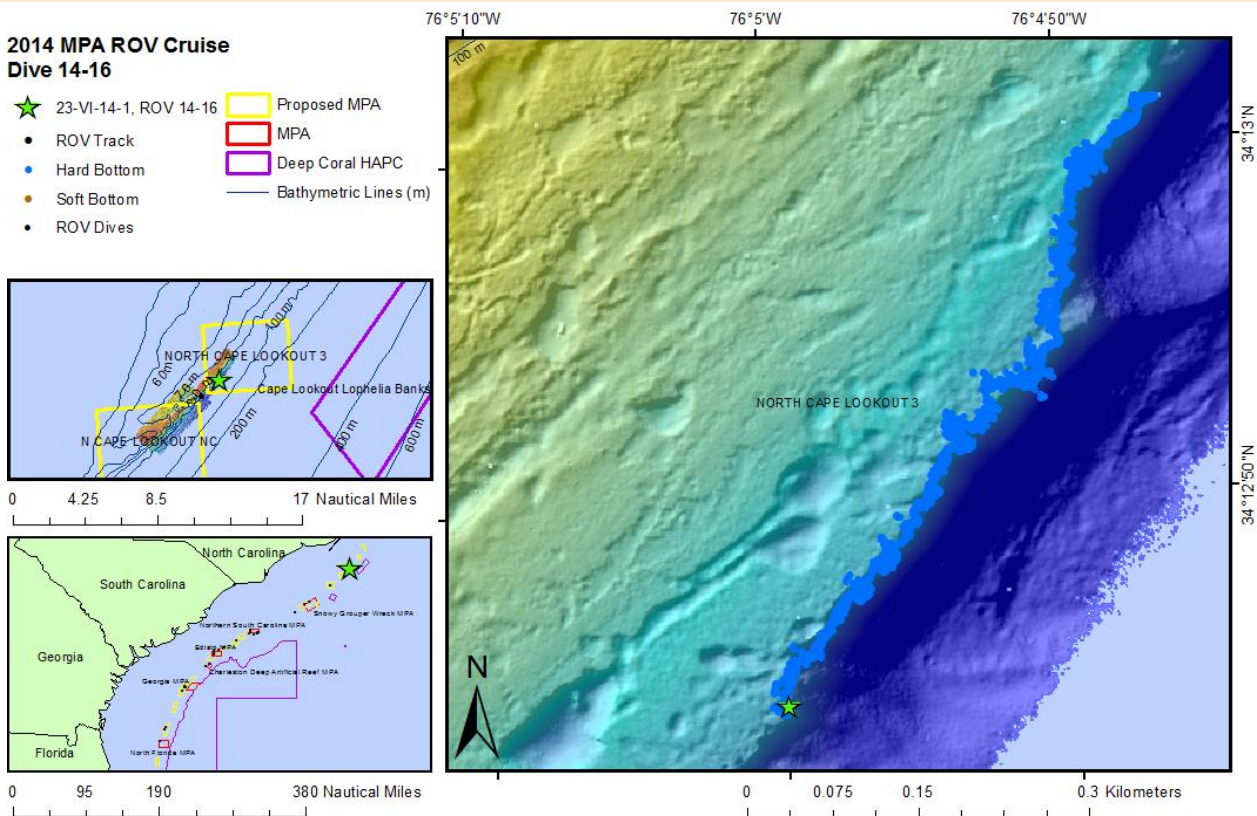
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0034
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0002
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0069
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0015
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0104
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0003
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0008
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0007
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0086
<i>Chromis cyaneus</i>	blue chromis	0.0039
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0096
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0027
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0033
<i>Clepticus parrai</i>	creole wrasse	0.0051
<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i>	rock hind	0.0003
<i>Epinephelus morio</i>	red grouper	0.0001
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0212
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt	0.0035
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0045
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0032
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0009
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0023
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0086
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0003
<i>Lutjanus buccanella</i>	blackfin snapper	0.0021
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0005
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0029
<i>Mycteroperca</i> sp.	grouper	0.0001
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0005
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0243
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0106
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0133
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0023
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0033
<i>Rypticus saponaceus</i>	greater soapfish	0.0013
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0002

Dive Site: ROV 14-15; North Carolina, Inside Snowy Grouper Wreck MPA, Edge of 72 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 65

<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0003
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0029
Serranidae	sea bass	0.0001
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0001
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0003
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0005

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW Dive 66

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_2014_NCapeLookout_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/23/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 146

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

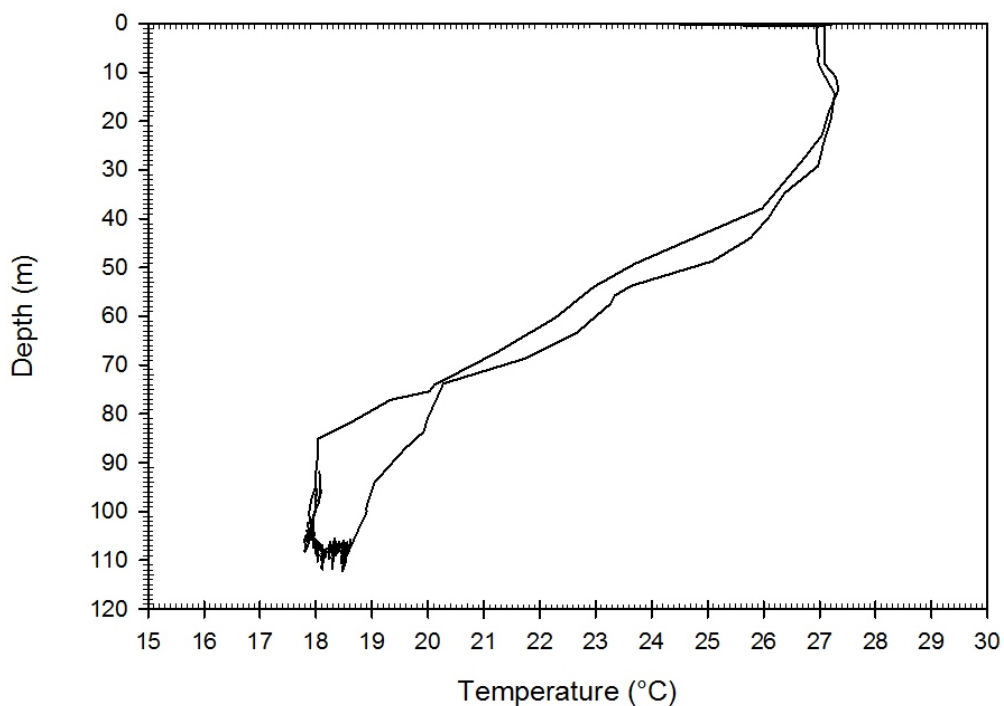
Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW Dive 66

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-92	Total Transect Length (km):	0.62
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-113	Surface Current (kn):	0.5
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:29	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	34.21°N; -76.08°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:08	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	34.22°N; -76.08°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-16



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW
Dive 66

Dive Imagery:

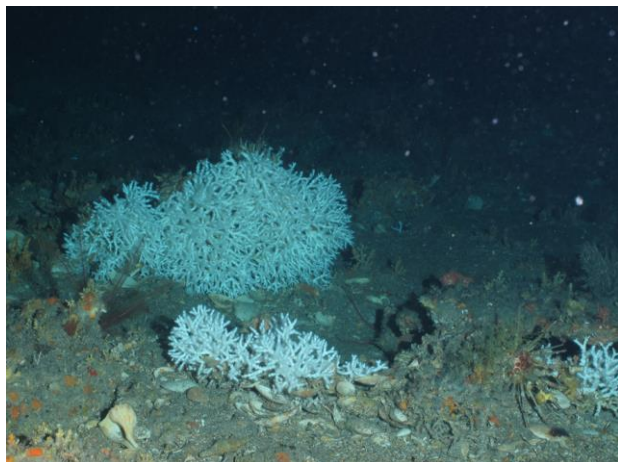


Figure 1: -109.4 m
Oculina colonies grow on the pavement

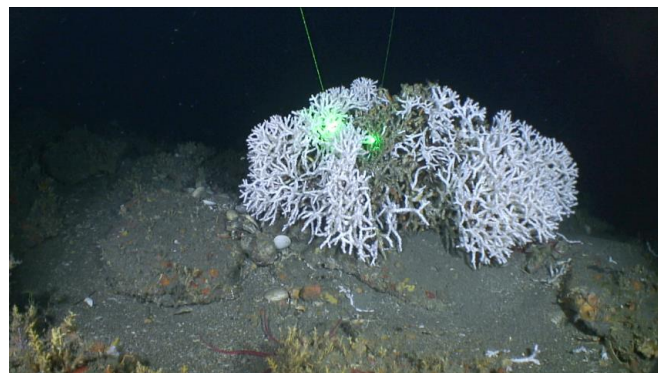


Figure 2: -109.4 m
Oculina colonies grow on the pavement

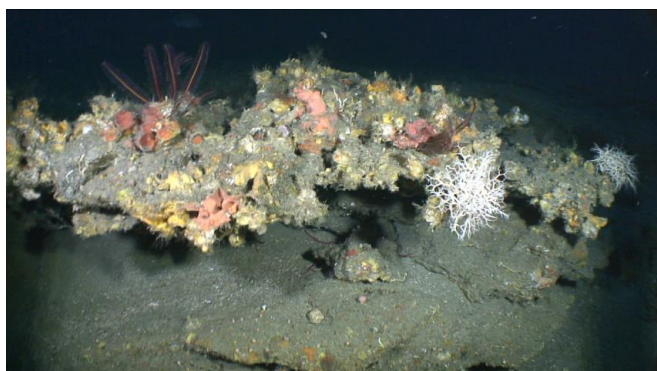


Figure 3: -107.3 m
Large rock outcrop covered in typical epifauna for this site

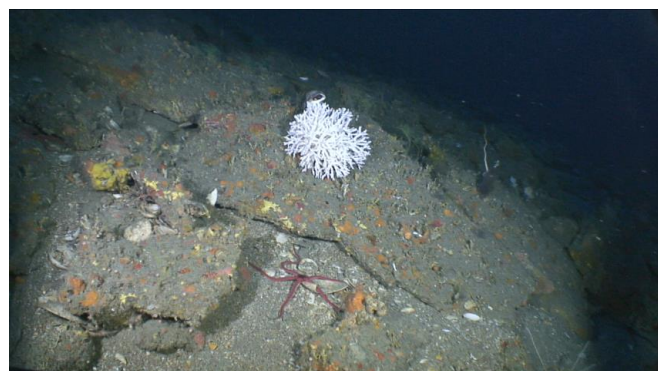


Figure 4: -108.1 m
Oculina on rocks

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW Dive 66

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-16, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 66; Site #- 23-VI-14-1. Target Site - North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_2014_NCapeLookout_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of NE-SW ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-16.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Landed on the bottom right next to a 40 cm *Oculina* colony. Top ledge running west is pavement and chunks of pavement; 0 deg slope, little relief (<.25 m). The edge of the slope toward the east is a sudden drop with a sharp edge, the rocks become jumped piles of slabs and boulders and cobble down the 40-60 deg slope to the east. Lots of overhangs, and holes for small fish. *Oculina* was common, mostly healthy, and most all at least 10 cm wide (41 counted) a few with standing dead corals. Rocks were covered in *Pycnodonte enodis*? bivalves, and encrusting sponges.

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW
Dive 66

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

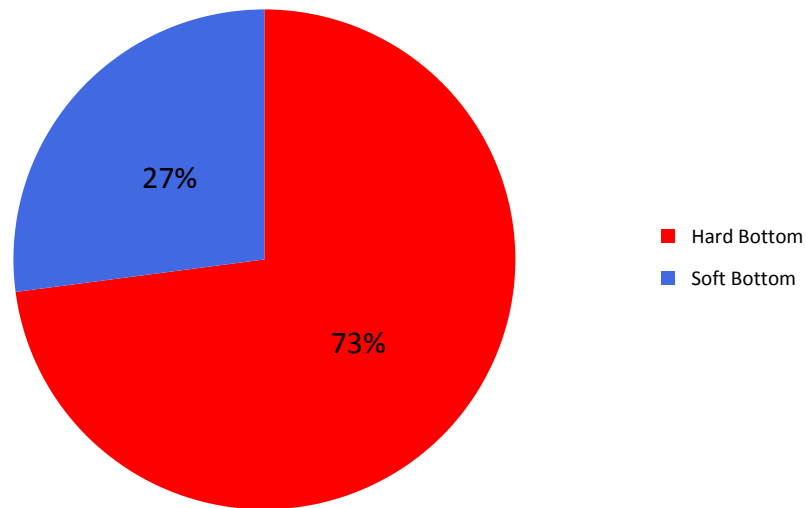
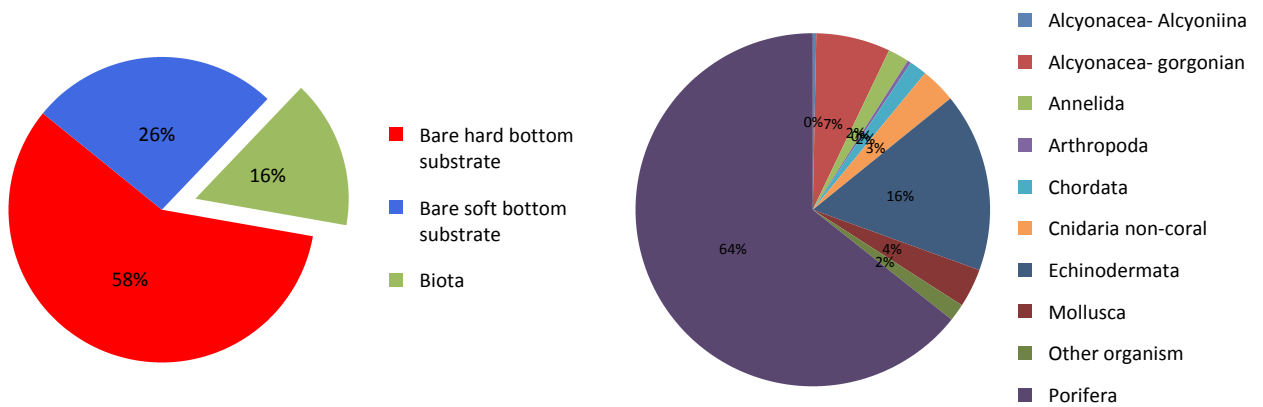


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-16. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-16.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW Dive 66

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-16.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	311	15.68%
Porifera	200	10.09%
Demospongiae	42	2.12%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.05%
Spirastrellidae	157	7.92%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	1	0.05%
Alcyonacea	1	0.05%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	21	1.06%
Diodogorgia sp.	1	0.05%
Gorgonacea	4	0.20%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	16	0.81%
Cnidaria non-coral	10	0.50%
Hydroidolina	10	0.50%
Annelida	6	0.30%
Sabellidae	4	0.20%
Serpulidae	2	0.10%
Mollusca	11	0.55%
Bivalvia	11	0.55%
Arthropoda	1	0.05%
Stenorhynchus seticornis	1	0.05%
Echinodermata	51	2.57%
Asteroidea	1	0.05%
Centrostephanus longispinus	3	0.15%
Cidaroidea	3	0.15%
Comactinia meridionalis	28	1.41%
Crinoidea	2	0.10%
Gorgonocephalidae	2	0.10%
Ophioderma devaneyi	12	0.61%
Chordata	5	0.25%
Fish	5	0.25%
Other organism	5	0.25%
Bare soft bottom substrate	520	26.22%
Bare hard bottom substrate	1152	58.09%
Bare hard bottom substrate	1152	58.09%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	1072	54.06%

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW
Dive 66

Bare rubble- rock	80	4.03%
Grand Total	1983	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-16; North Carolina, Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, 110 m Ledge, UNCW
Dive 66

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-16.

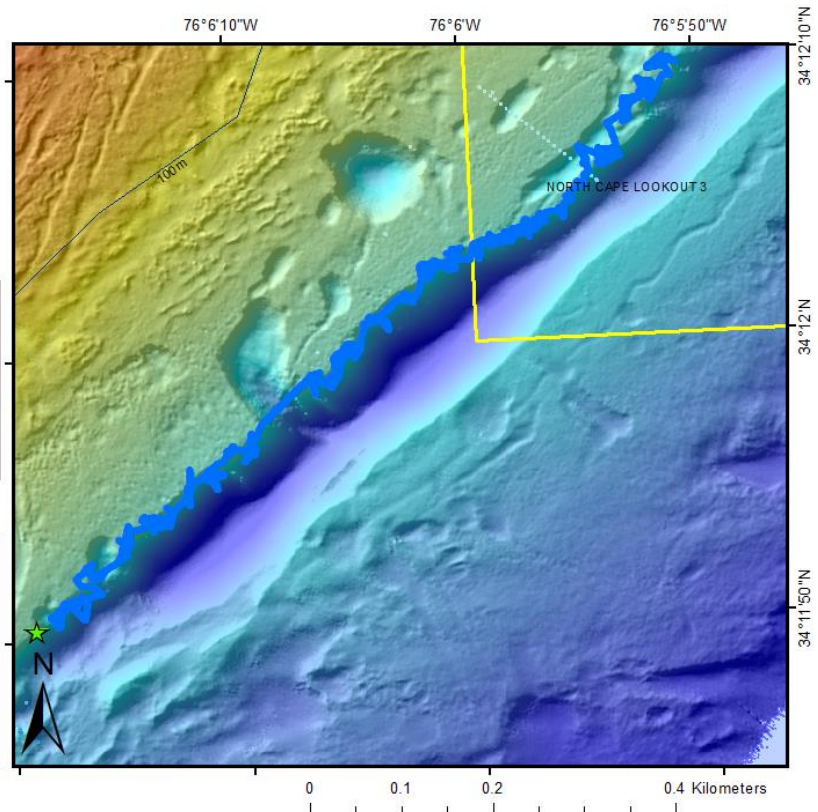
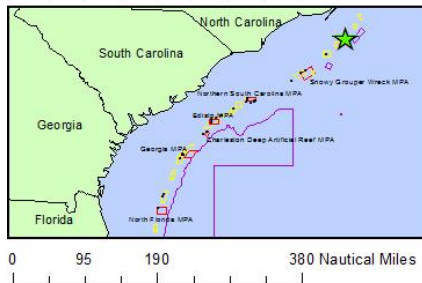
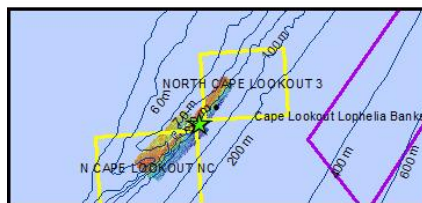
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0871
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0001
<i>Centropristis ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass	0.0001
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0005
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0004
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0078
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barbier	0.0060
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0001
<i>Hyporthodus niveatus</i>	snowy grouper	0.0002
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0012
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0007
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0014
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0067
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0011
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass	0.0009
<i>Plectrypops retrospinis</i>	cardinal soldierfish	0.0008
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0011
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0025
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0337
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0003
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0034
<i>Seriola fasciata</i>	lesser amberjack	0.0001
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0002
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0005

Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-17

- ★ 23-VI-14-2, ROV 14-17
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_Devilshole_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/23/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 90

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

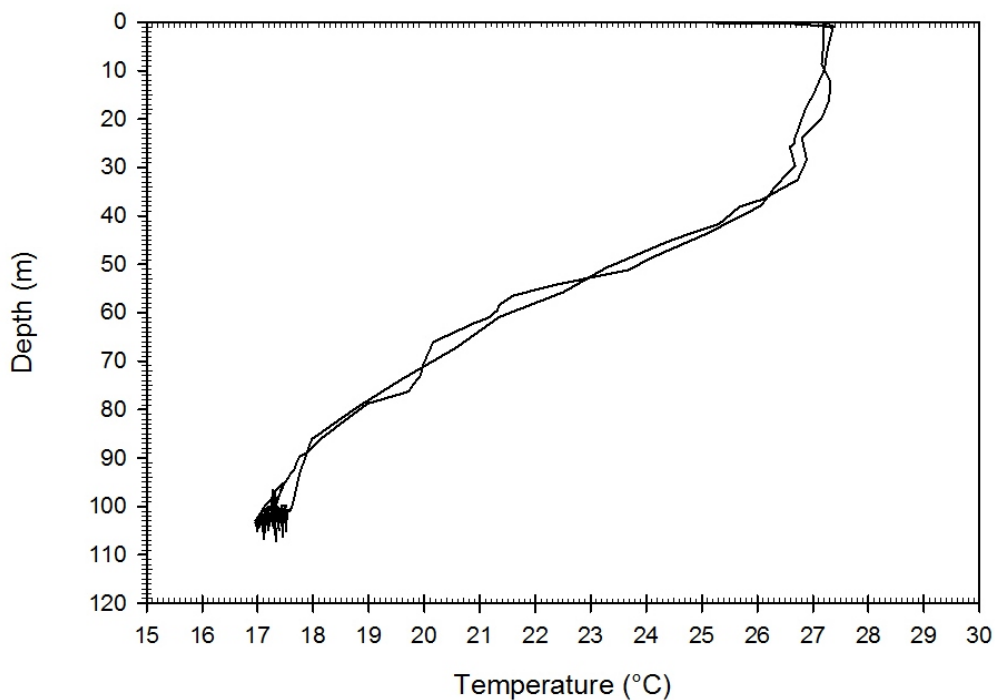
Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-95	Total Transect Length (km):	0.89
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-108	Surface Current (kn):	0.5
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	11:17	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	34.2°N; -76.11°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	12:39	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	34.2°N; -76.1°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-17



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -108 m
Oculina and *Ophioderma*



Figure 2: -108 m
Antipatharian fans

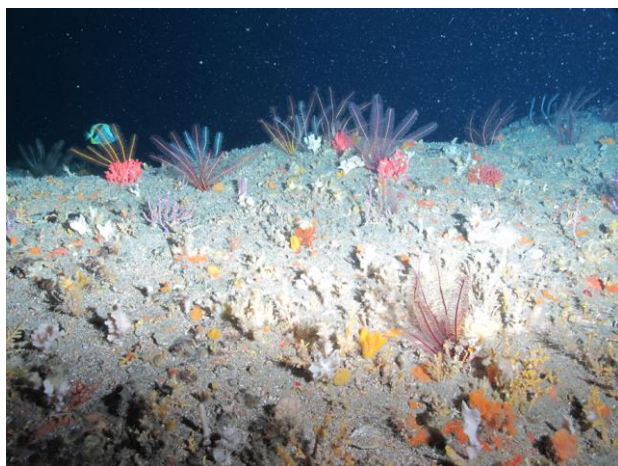


Figure 3: -102.8 m
Comatulid crinoids and butterflyfish on a rounded rocky bottom



Figure 4: -102.6 m
Scamp grouper over rocky bottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-17, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 67; Site #- 23-VI-14-2. Target Site - North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_Devilshole_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of NE-SW ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insitu Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-17.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

NW side of ravine outside of the proposed MPA. The top of the ledge was flat pavement with some broken slabs. The site is 30-50 deg to the SE. The pavement has broken from the plateau and is sliding down the slope. Pieces of the rim are still puzzle-pieced together and become more separated downslope. Many live *Oculina* colonies sighted, crinoids are common; no macro-sponges or gorgonians. Crossed two divot areas during the dive, both sloping hills with similar bottom to the eastern slope.

Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

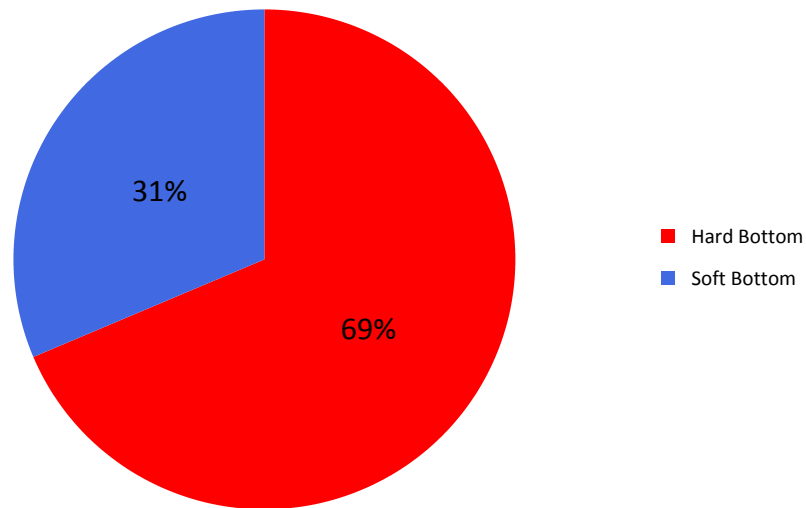
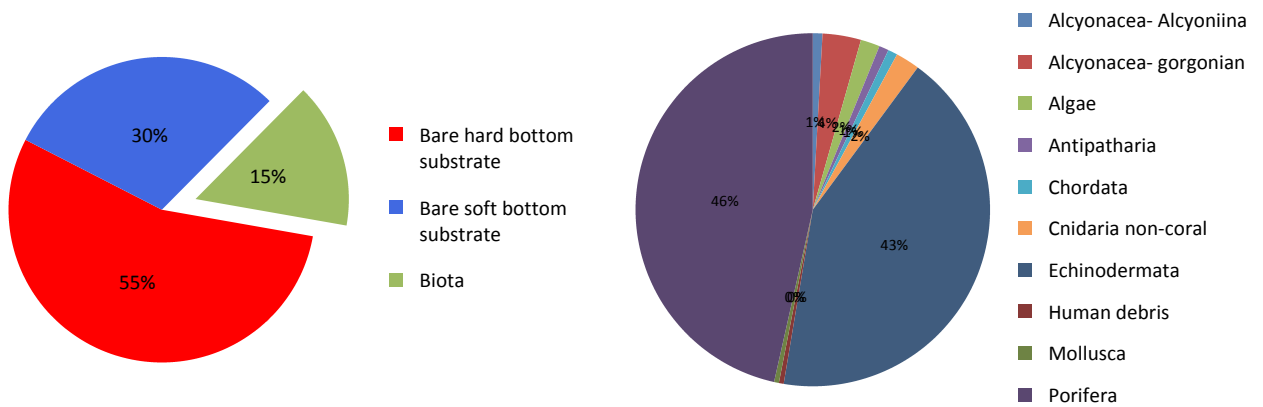


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-17. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-17.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-17.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	227	15.32%
Algae	4	0.27%
Cyanophyta	4	0.27%
Porifera	106	7.15%
Demospongiae	29	1.96%
Spirastrellidae	77	5.20%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	2	0.13%
Anthomastus sp.	2	0.13%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	8	0.54%
Diodogorgia sp.	1	0.07%
Gorgonacea	1	0.07%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	6	0.40%
Antipatharia	2	0.13%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	2	0.13%
Cnidaria non-coral	5	0.34%
Corallimorpharia	1	0.07%
Hydroidolina	4	0.27%
Mollusca	1	0.07%
Bivalvia	1	0.07%
Echinodermata	97	6.55%
Cidaroidea	2	0.13%
Comactinia meridionalis	62	4.18%
Crinoidea	20	1.35%
Davidaster sp.	8	0.54%
Ophioderma devaneyi	5	0.34%
Chordata	2	0.13%
Fish	2	0.13%
Human debris	1	0.07%
Human debris	1	0.07%
Fishing gear/line/long line	1	0.07%
Bare soft bottom substrate	442	29.82%
Bare hard bottom substrate	812	54.79%
Bare hard bottom substrate	812	54.79%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	745	50.27%
Bare rubble- rock	67	4.52%
Grand Total	1482	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-17; North Carolina, Outside/Inside Proposed North Cape Lookout 3, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 67

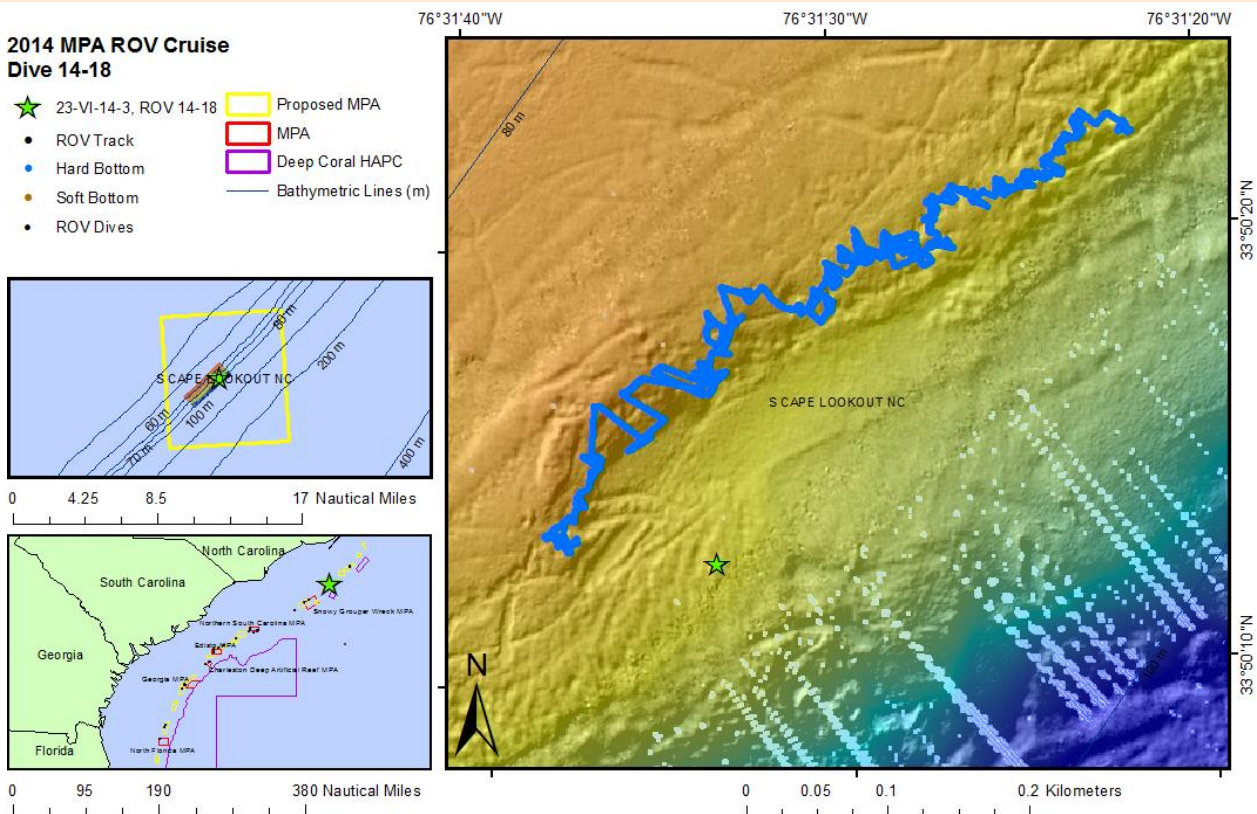
Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-17.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
Anthiinae	anthiid	0.0062
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0001
<i>Centropristis ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass	0.0000
<i>aCentropristis</i> sp.	sea bass	0.0000
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Decodon puellaris</i>	red hogfish	0.0000
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres bivitattus</i>	greenband wrasse	0.0000
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0010
<i>Hemanthias vivanus</i>	red barbier	0.0003
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0000
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0001
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0000
<i>Pareques iwamotoi</i>	blackbar drum	0.0005
<i>Pareques</i> sp.	drum	0.0006
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0001
<i>Plectranthias garrupellus</i>	apricot bass	0.0000
<i>Plectrypops retrospinis</i>	cardinal soldierfish	0.0001
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0000
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0004
<i>Pronotogrammus martinicensis</i>	rougtongue bass	0.0046
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0001
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0001
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0001
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0001
<i>Serranus notospilus</i>	saddle bass	0.0000
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0000

Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_NC_CapeLookout_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/23/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 50

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

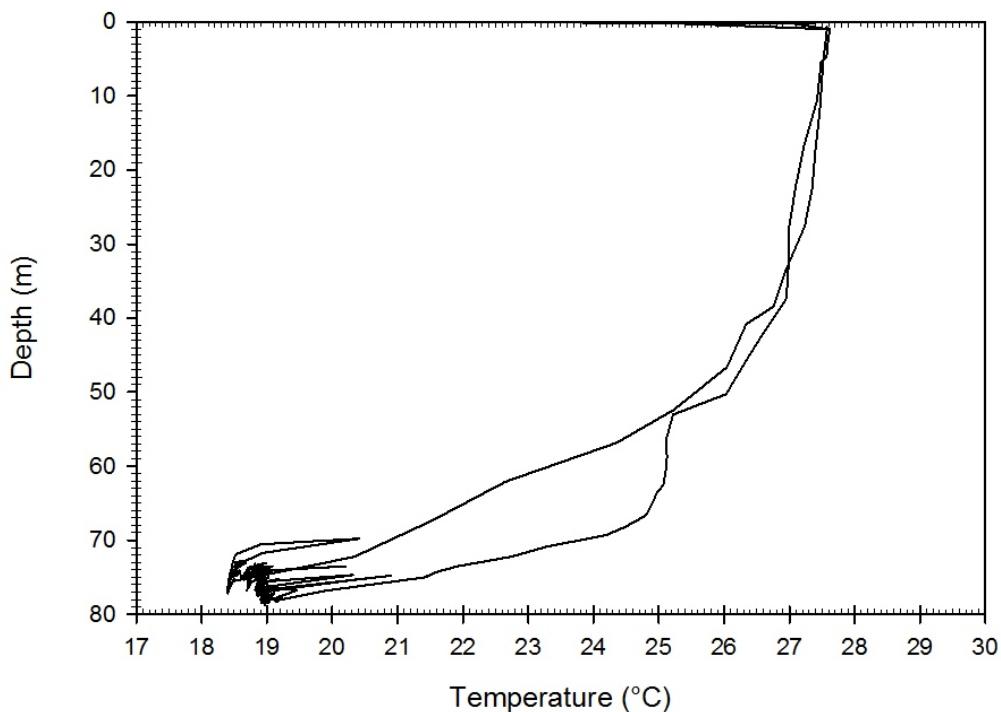
Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-70	Total Transect Length (km):	0.48
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-79	Surface Current (kn):	0.3
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	16:32	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.84°N; -76.53°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:32	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	33.84°N; -76.52°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-18



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -77.2 m
Cinachyra sponge



Figure 2: -77.2 m
Rock outcrop



Figure 3: -77.6 m
Lionfish and bigeye

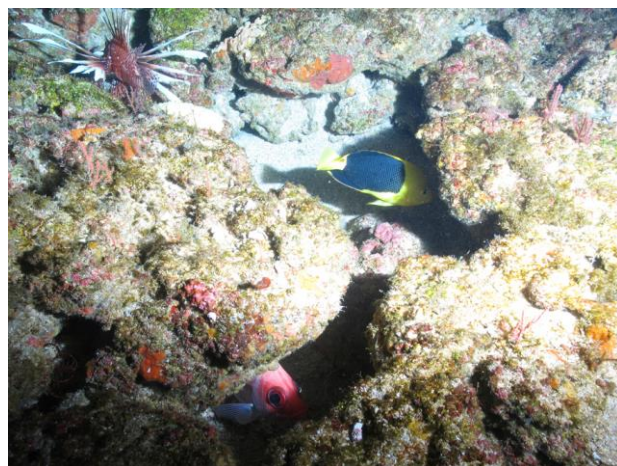


Figure 4: -78.8 m
Rock beauty, lionfish and squirrelfish

Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-18, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 68; Site #- 23-VI-14-3. Target Site - North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_NC_CapeLookout_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of NE-SW ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. The current was strong out of the NNW and 1+ knot. Difficulty station keeping and therefore taking still upshots. Logged the dive track 14-18.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Transected SW to NE along feature/slope on MB. Flat, rubble, 80-90% cover (the rubble may actually be hard rock boulders that are filled in with sand - based on a few overhangs). Mostly featureless except the occasional exposed rock overhang and burrows. Hard bottom was covered in algal mats, peyssonnelioid, Didemnidae, hydroids, Stichopathes, Aiolochoia crassa, and Cinachyrella? Very common; sand tilefish and burrows sighted; 1 graysby grouper and 10 lionfish.

Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

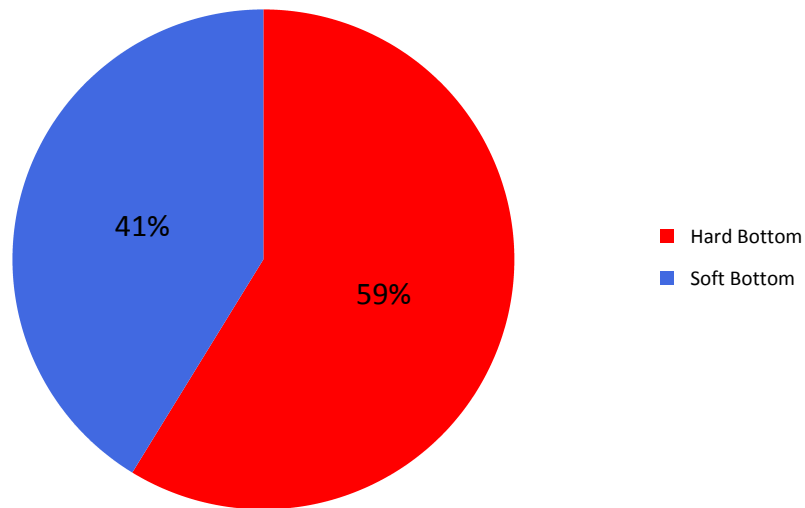


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-18. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).

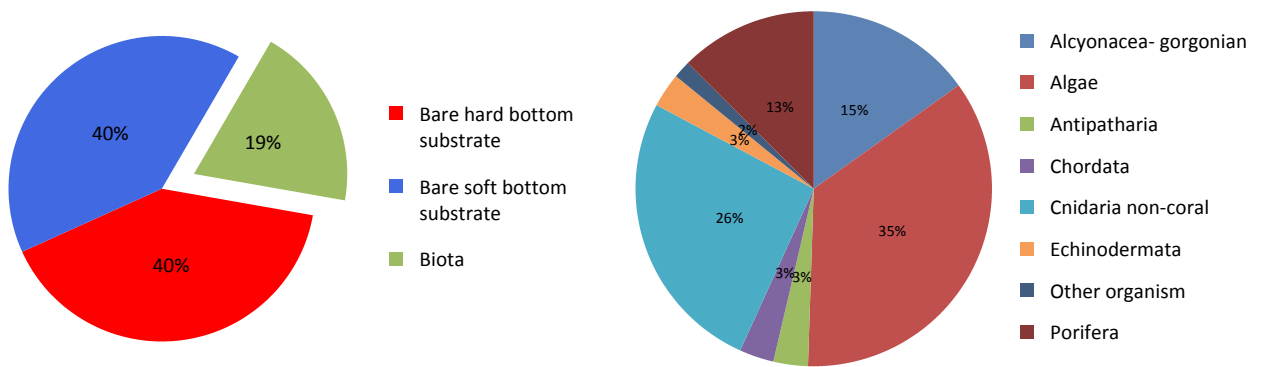


Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-18. A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-18.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	192	19.41%
Algae	68	6.88%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	47	4.75%
Cyanophyta	14	1.42%
Phaeophyta	3	0.30%
Rhodophyta	4	0.40%
Porifera	24	2.43%
Aiolochoiria crassa	1	0.10%
Demospongiae	16	1.62%
Spirastrellidae	7	0.71%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	29	2.93%
Diodogorgia sp.	1	0.10%
Ellisella sp.	1	0.10%
Ellisellidae	3	0.30%
Gorgonacea	6	0.61%
Nicella sp.	18	1.82%
Antipatharia	6	0.61%
Antipatharia	1	0.10%
Stichopathes lutkeni	5	0.51%
Cnidaria non-coral	50	5.06%
Hydroidolina	50	5.06%
Echinodermata	6	0.61%
Comactinia meridionalis	5	0.51%
Crinoidea	1	0.10%
Chordata	6	0.61%
Ascidacea	1	0.10%
Fish	5	0.51%
Other organism	3	0.30%
Bare soft bottom substrate	397	40.14%
Bare hard bottom substrate	400	40.44%
Bare hard bottom substrate	400	40.44%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	375	37.92%
Bare rubble- rock	25	2.53%
Grand Total	989	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-18; North Carolina, Inside Proposed South Cape Lookout NC, Edge of 104 m Ravine, UNCW Dive 68

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-18.

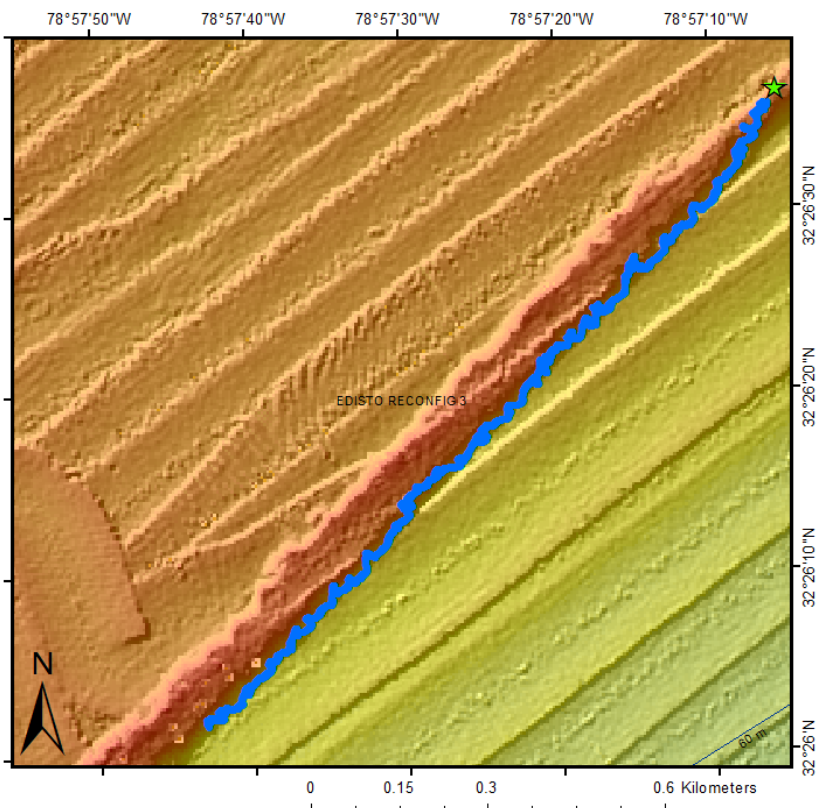
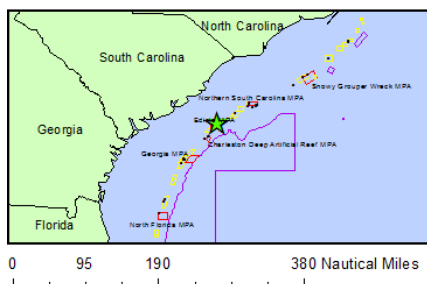
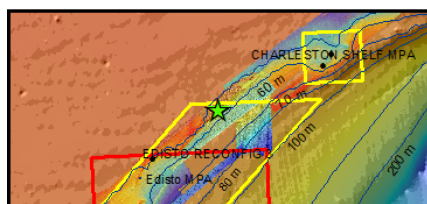
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0012
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0002
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0007
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0032
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0002
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0007
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0020
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0005
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0013
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0050
<i>Halichoeres bivittatus</i>	greenband wrasse	0.0007
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0036
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0010
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0008
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0022
<i>Malacanthus plumieri</i>	sand tilefish	0.0004
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0002
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0002
<i>Pomacanthus paru</i>	french angelfish	0.0005
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0002
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0025
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0010
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0003
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0011

Dive Site: ROV 14-19; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 69

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-19

- ★ 24-VI-14-1, ROV 14-19
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/24/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 169

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

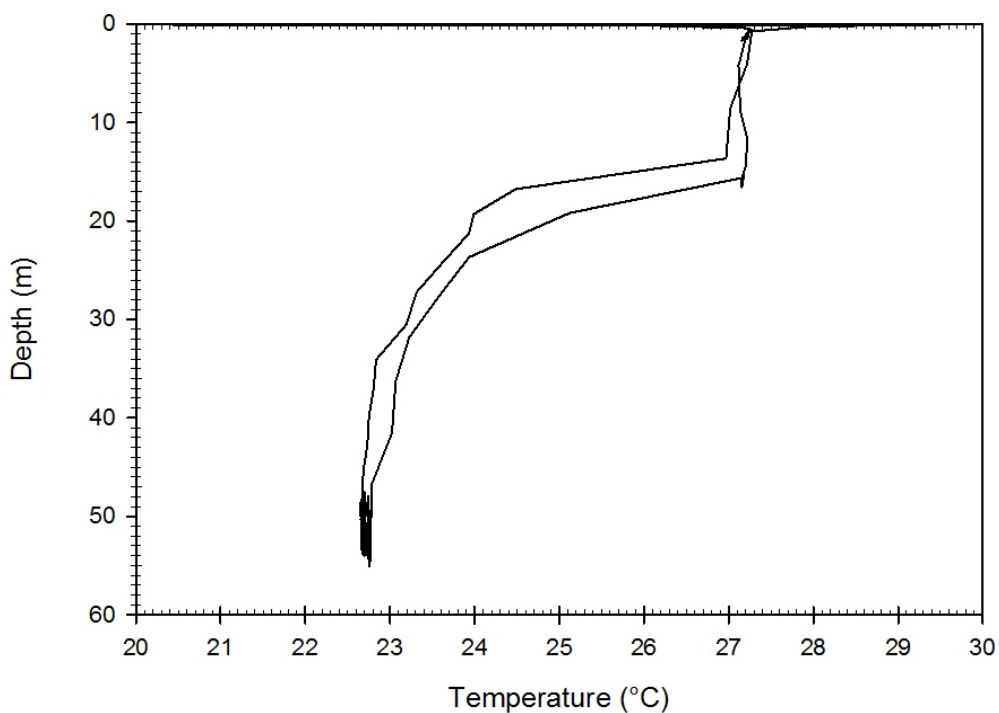
Dive Site: ROV 14-19; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 69

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-47	Total Transect Length (km):	1.43
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-55	Surface Current (kn):	0
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:12	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.44°N; -78.95°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:14	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.43°N; -78.96°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-19



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-19; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 69

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -51 m
Swiftia exserta

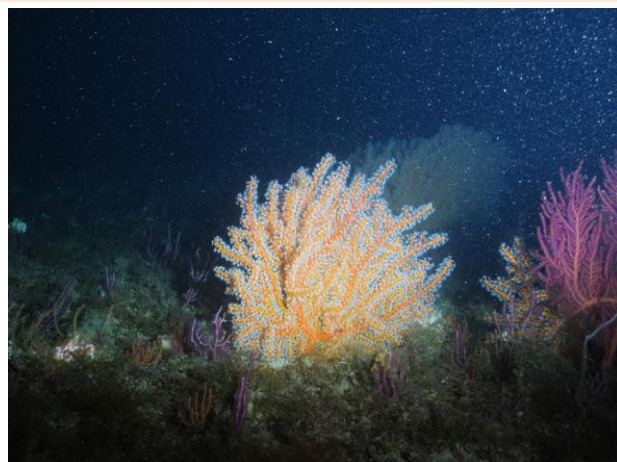


Figure 2: -51 m
Swiftia exserta

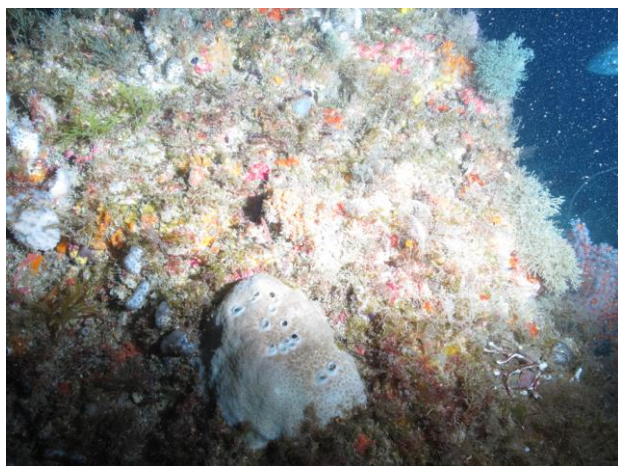


Figure 3: -53.3 m
Unidentified tan-starlet sponge



Figure 4: -52.7 m
Stichopathes and cubbyu

Dive Site: ROV 14-19; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 69

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-19, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 69; Site #- 23-VI-14-3. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of NE-SW ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-19.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Landed on a low relief ridge (1 m) and transected SW along the ridge in the MB. Bottom quickly became high-relief, sloping to the E-SE. Boulders are large 2-3+ m wide and tall in jumbled piles. All exposed hard bottom was 100% covered in fauna and mostly Dictyota-like green colored algae. Loads of large Swiftia (50+ cm wide) and Diodogorgia (10 cm), Antipatharia (grey mesh fans), one hard coral (*O. varicosa*, 10 cm, pink), hydroids, loggerhead turtle, cornetfish doing a courting dance (9:59) and 45+ lionfish. Depth 54-55 m in the sand and 50 m on the top of the ledge. The ledge ended abruptly in the sand on the east.

Dive Site: ROV 14-19; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 69

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

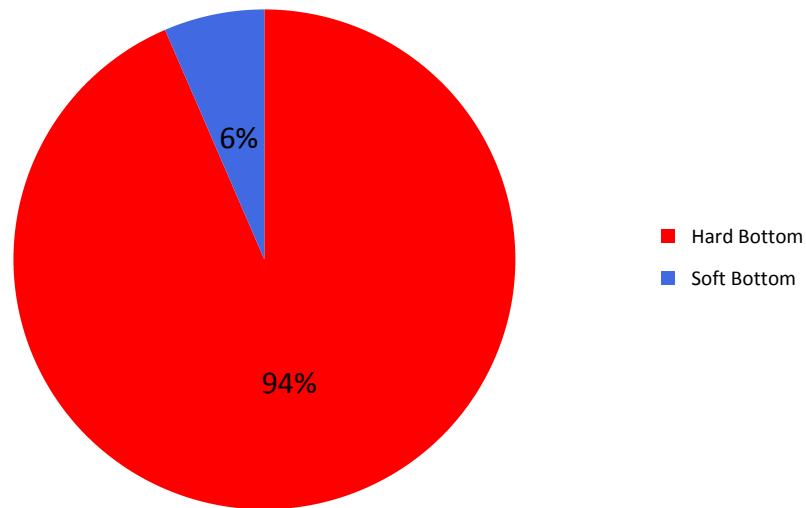
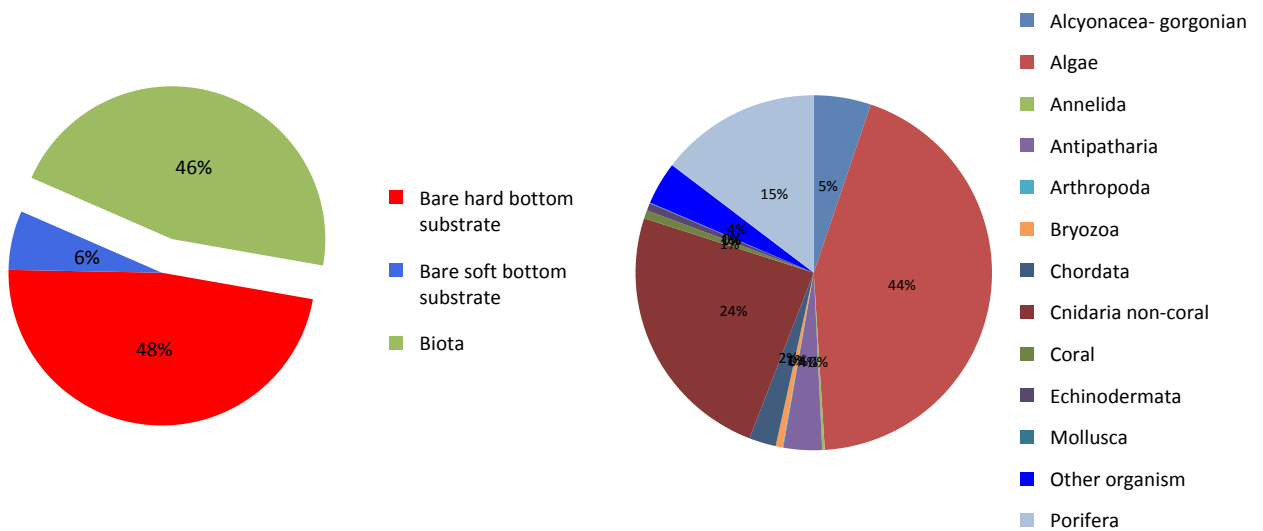


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-19. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-19.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV -19.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	1312	46.21%
Algae	575	20.25%
Chlorophyta	2	0.07%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	136	4.79%
Cyanophyta	9	0.32%
Phaeophyta	225	7.93%
Rhodophyta	203	7.15%
Porifera	192	6.76%
Aiolochoira crassa	6	0.21%
Auleta sp.	1	0.04%
Cinachyra sp./Cinachyrella sp.	1	0.04%
Clathria sp.	1	0.04%
Demospongiae	64	2.25%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	16	0.56%
Dictyoceratida	3	0.11%
Geodia sp.	5	0.18%
Ircinia sp.	7	0.25%
Niphates sp.	1	0.04%
Poecilosclerida	1	0.04%
Spirastrellidae	86	3.03%
Coral	10	0.35%
Oculina varicosa	1	0.04%
Scleractinia solitary	9	0.32%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	68	2.40%
Diodogorgia sp.	38	1.34%
Ellisella sp.	3	0.11%
Ellisellidae	6	0.21%
Gorgonacea	7	0.25%
Nicella sp.	10	0.35%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	1	0.04%
Swiftia exserta	3	0.11%
Antipatharia	46	1.62%
Antipatharia	5	0.18%
Antipatharia atlantica	7	0.25%
Antipathes sp. A	1	0.04%

Dive Site: ROV 14-19; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Edisto Reconfig 3, 52 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 69

Stichopathes lutkeni	27	0.95%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	6	0.21%
Cnidaria non-coral	316	11.13%
Hydroidolina	316	11.13%
Annelida	3	0.11%
Filograna sp.	2	0.07%
Spirobranchus gigantea	1	0.04%
Mollusca	1	0.04%
Bivalvia	1	0.04%
Arthropoda	1	0.04%
Decapoda	1	0.04%
Bryozoa	8	0.28%
Schizoporella sp.	8	0.28%
Echinodermata	9	0.32%
Comactinia meridionalis	8	0.28%
Crinoidea	1	0.04%
Chordata	32	1.13%
Asciacea	22	0.77%
Didemnidae	2	0.07%
Fish	8	0.28%
Other organism	51	1.80%
Bare soft bottom substrate	178	6.27%
Bare hard bottom substrate	1349	47.52%
Bare hard bottom substrate	1349	47.52%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	1283	45.19%
Bare rubble- rock	66	2.32%
Grand Total	2839	100.00%

Density of Fish:

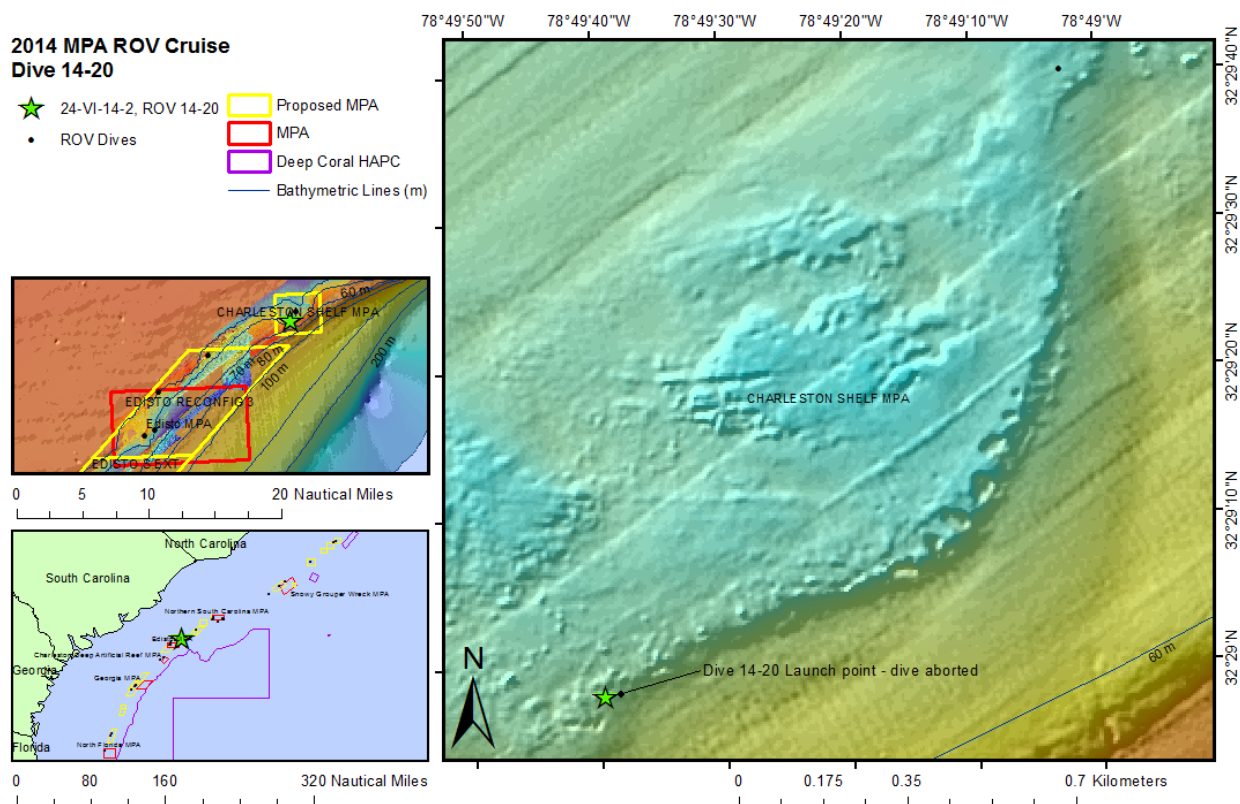
Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-19.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0011
<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	scrawled filefish	0.0145
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0006
<i>Aulostomus maculatus</i>	trumpetfish	0.0005
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0009
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish	0.0005
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0013
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0181
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0042
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0210
<i>Caranx bartholomaei</i>	yellow jack	0.0025
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0003
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0017
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0019
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0150
Chaetodontidae	butterflyfish	0.0019
<i>Chromis cyaneus</i>	blue chromis	0.0051
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0050
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0368
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0604
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0224
<i>Diplodus holbrooki</i>	spottail pinfish	0.0023
<i>Fistularia petimba</i>	red cornetfish	0.0003
<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	bluespotted cornetfish	0.0013
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.2320
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt	0.0454
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0006
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0090
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0100
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0003
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0029
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0006
<i>Lactophrys quadricornis</i>	scrawled cowfish	0.0003
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0006
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0004
<i>Monacanthus hispidus</i>	planehead filefish	0.0006
<i>Monacanthus</i> sp.	filefish	0.0003

<i>Muraenidae</i>	moray eel	0.0003
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0003
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0021
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0008
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0120
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0013
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0028
<i>Pomacanthus arcuatus</i>	grey angelfish	0.0003
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0010
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0003
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0017
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0045
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0042
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0459
<i>Scorpaenidae</i>	scorpionfish	0.0003
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0005
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0011
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0004
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0004
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0013
<i>Serranus</i> sp.	sea bass	0.0003
<i>Serranus tigrinus</i>	harlequin bass	0.0003
<i>Sparidae</i>	porgy	0.0010
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0017
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0005
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0011
<i>Tetraodontidae</i>	puffer	0.0006

Dive Site: ROV 14-20; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 70

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/24/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 0

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

Dive Site: ROV 14-20; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 70

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):		Total Transect Length (km):	0.05
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):		Surface Current (kn):	0.5
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	12:04	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.48°N; -78.83°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	12:10	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.48°N; -78.83°W

Physical Environment:

Dive Site: ROV 14-20; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 70

Dive Imagery:

Figure 1:
No images taken

Figure 2:
No images taken

Dive Site: ROV 14-20; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 70

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-20, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 70; Site #- 23-VI-14-3. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of S-N rounded (half circle) plateau slope.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-20.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Reached bottom, current too strong to station keep. Pulled ROV and going to redeploy from the north side of Site.

Dive Site: ROV 14-20; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 70

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

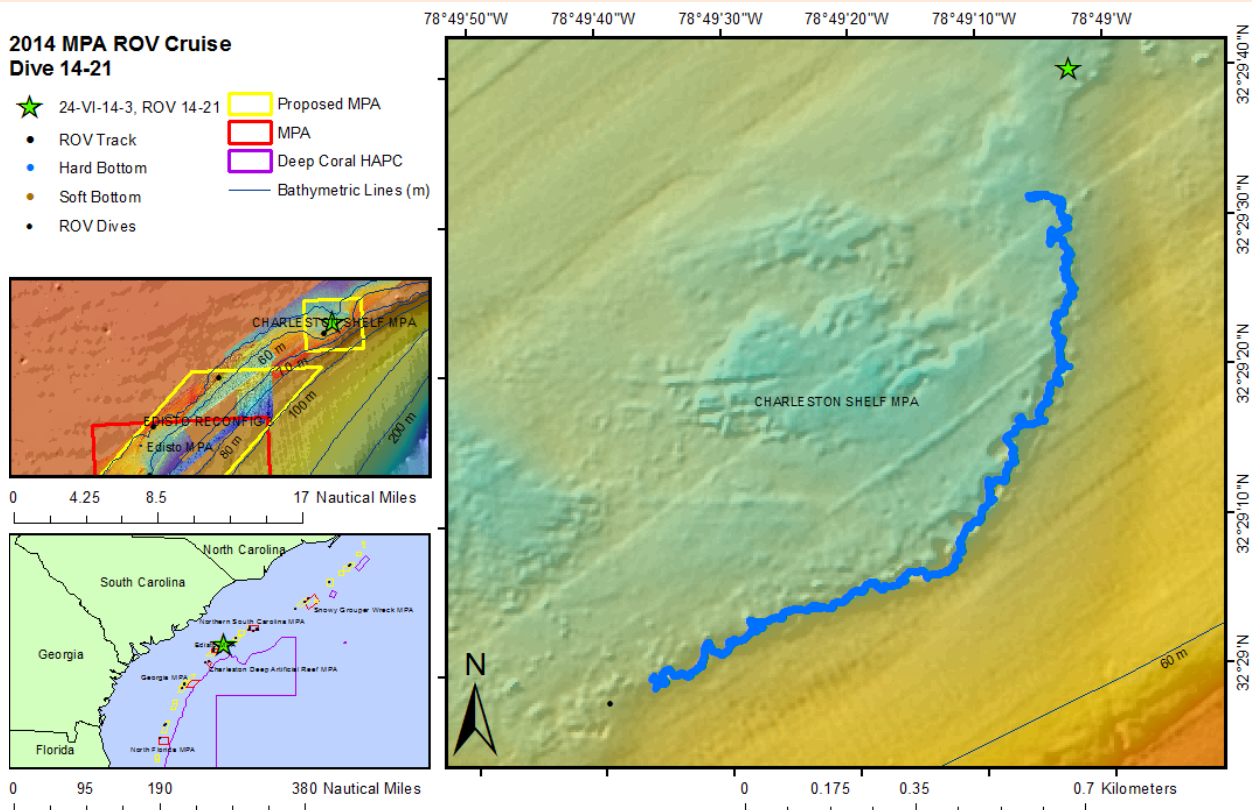
Table 2. No CPCe Analysis was completed for site ROV 14-20.

Density of Fish:

No Density of fish was completed for ROV 14-20.

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

General Location and Dive Track:



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/24/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 90

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

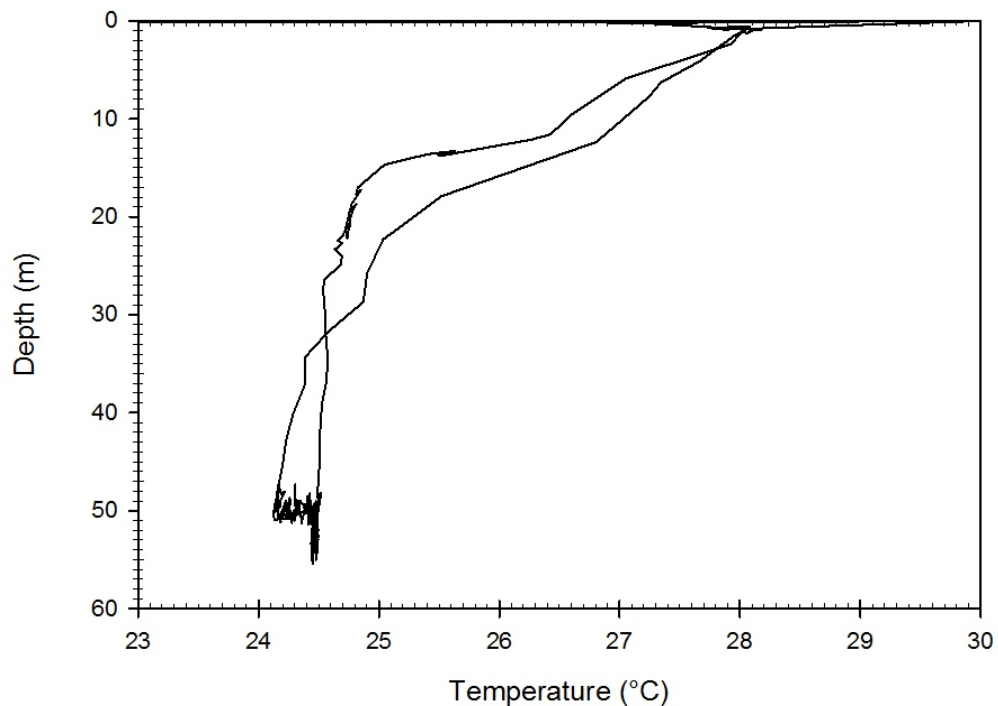
Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-48	Total Transect Length (km):	1.37
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-56	Surface Current (kn):	0.5
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	13:35	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.49°N; -78.82°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:25	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.48°N; -78.83°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-21



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -54.5 m
A large stingray swims by



Figure 2: -54.5 m
Teleso (Carijoa), *Filograna* and macroalgae dominate the pavement

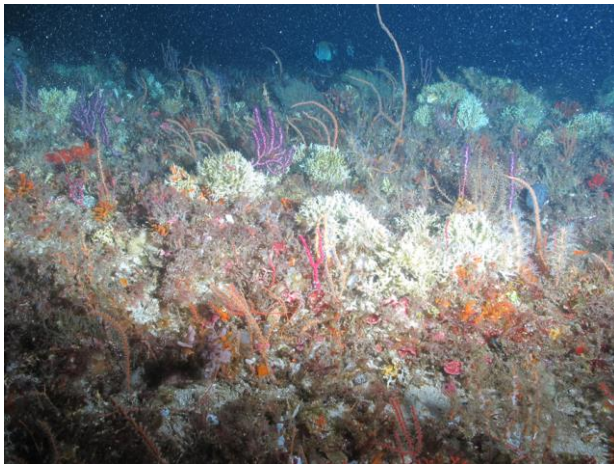


Figure 3: -55 m
Teleso (Carijoa), *Filograna*, *Diodogorgia*, *Ellisella* and macroalgae dominate the pavement



Figure 4: -55.2 m
Biotic rock pile

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-21, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 71; Site #- 23-VI-14-4. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of S-N rounded (half circle) plateau slope.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-21.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Landed on north side of feature in the soft bottom. Bottom changed to sediment veneered pavement with a sand veneer cover. Reached the ridge at 1:56, Rounded elongated rock knolls with sediment on the east and west; 1 or so m relief. The ridge was large rock ledge, 3 m relief, with a sharp edge facing the east and dropping fast to sand. West side was 10 deg slope and pavement on top. There were parts with high relief, 4 m ledges, with vertical and undercut ledges to the base. Most hard bottom was covered with 100% fauna; Telesto, Swiftia and Stichopathes all common to abundant.

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

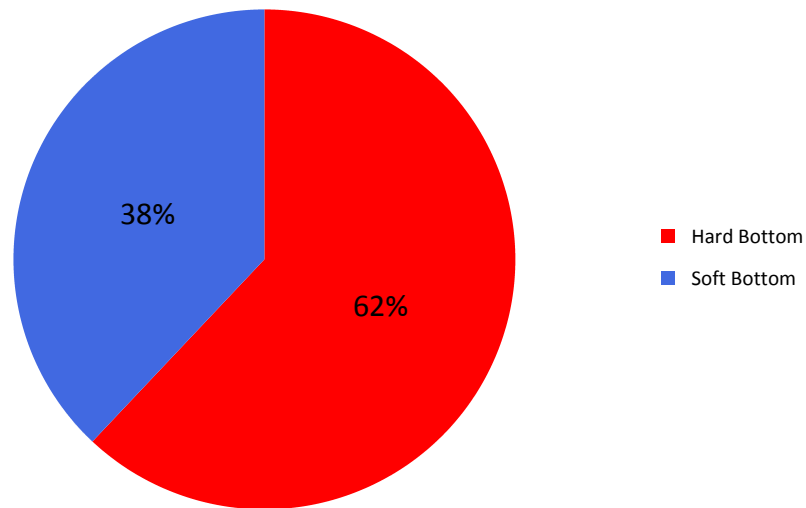
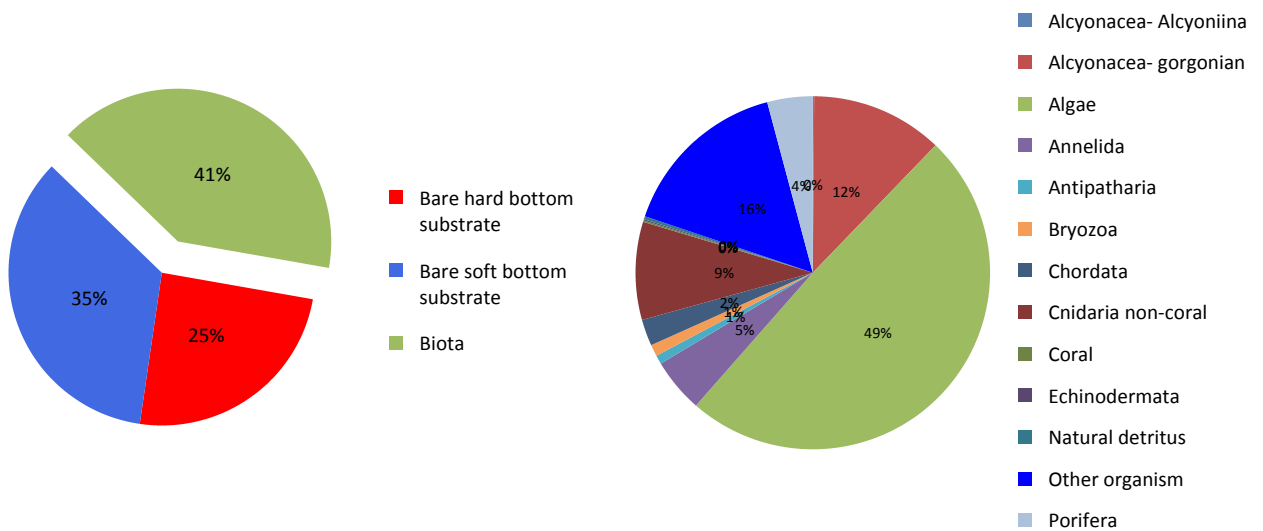


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-21. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-21.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-21.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	747	40.53%
Algae	368	19.97%
Chlorophyta	9	0.49%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	87	4.72%
Cyanophyta	53	2.88%
Phaeophyta	43	2.33%
Rhodophyta	176	9.55%
Porifera	31	1.68%
Aiolochoiria crassa	1	0.05%
Demospongiae	22	1.19%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	1	0.05%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.05%
Niphates sp.	1	0.05%
Spirastrellidae	5	0.27%
Coral	1	0.05%
Scleractinia solitary	1	0.05%
Alcyonacea- Alcyoniina	1	0.05%
Alcyonacea	1	0.05%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	90	4.88%
Diodogorgia sp.	23	1.25%
Ellisella sp.	27	1.47%
Ellisellidae	2	0.11%
Gorgonacea	8	0.43%
Nicella sp.	6	0.33%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	15	0.81%
Swiftia exserta	9	0.49%
Antipatharia	6	0.33%
Antipatharia	2	0.11%
Stichopathes lutkeni	4	0.22%
Cnidaria non-coral	67	3.64%
Hydroidolina	63	3.42%
Zoanthidae	4	0.22%
Annelida	37	2.01%
Filigrana sp.	37	2.01%
Bryozoa	8	0.43%

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

Schizoporella sp.	8	0.43%
Echinodermata	1	0.05%
Asteroidea	1	0.05%
Chordata	18	0.98%
Ascidiacea	12	0.65%
Didemnidae	2	0.11%
Fish	4	0.22%
Other organism	117	6.35%
Natural detritus	2	0.11%
Bare soft bottom substrate	644	34.94%
Bare hard bottom substrate	452	24.53%
Bare hard bottom substrate	452	24.53%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	402	21.81%
Bare rubble- rock	50	2.71%
Grand Total	1843	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-21.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0003
<i>Aluterus scriptus</i>	scrawled filefish	0.0001
<i>Apogon</i> sp.	cardinalfish	0.0001
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0003
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish	0.0003
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0003
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0042
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0011
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0052
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0005
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0003
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0007
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0079
Chaetodontidae	butterflyfish	0.0010
<i>Chilomycterus</i> sp.	burrfish	0.0001
<i>Chromis cyaneus</i>	blue chromis	0.0012
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0033
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0049
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0020
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0073
<i>Dasyatis</i> sp.	stingray	0.0001
<i>Epinephelus adscensionis</i>	rock hind	0.0006
Gobiidae	goby	0.0017
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0406
<i>Haemulon plumieri</i>	white grunt	0.0001
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0009
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0187
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0023
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0003
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0032
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0003
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0003
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0003
<i>Malacanthus plumieri</i>	sand tilefish	0.0001
<i>Monacanthus hispidus</i>	planehead filefish	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0002
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0004

Dive Site: ROV 14-21; South Carolina, Inside Proposed Charleston Shelf MPA, Edge of 50 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 71

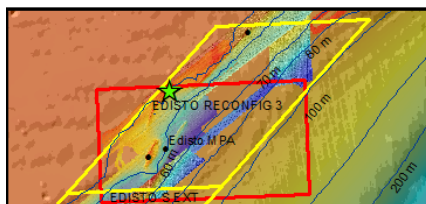
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0012
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0024
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0129
<i>Plectrypops retrospinis</i>	cardinal soldierfish	0.0001
<i>Pomacanthus paru</i>	french angelfish	0.0001
<i>Pomacanthus</i> sp.	angelfish	0.0001
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0005
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0020
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0001
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0009
<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>	cobia	0.0005
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0006
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0007
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0004
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0005
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0017
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0005
<i>Sphyraena barracuda</i>	barracuda	0.0007
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0003

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

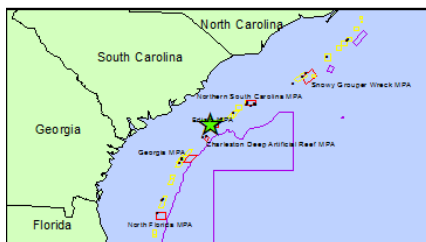
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-22

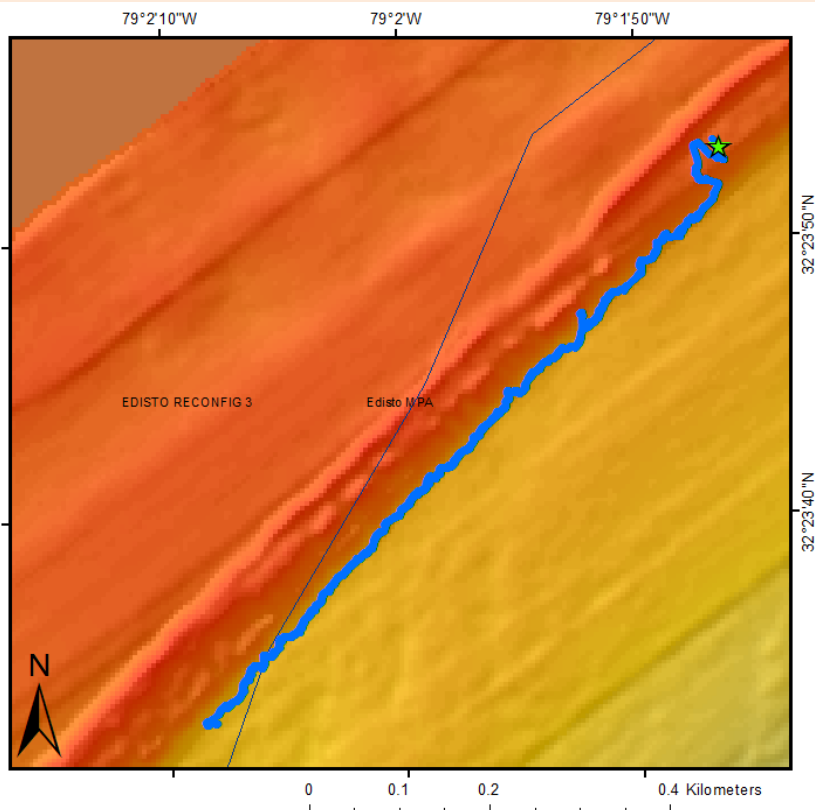
- ★ 24-VI-14-4, ROV 14-22
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 3.5 7 14 Nautical Miles



0 95 190 380 Nautical Miles



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/24/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 130

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

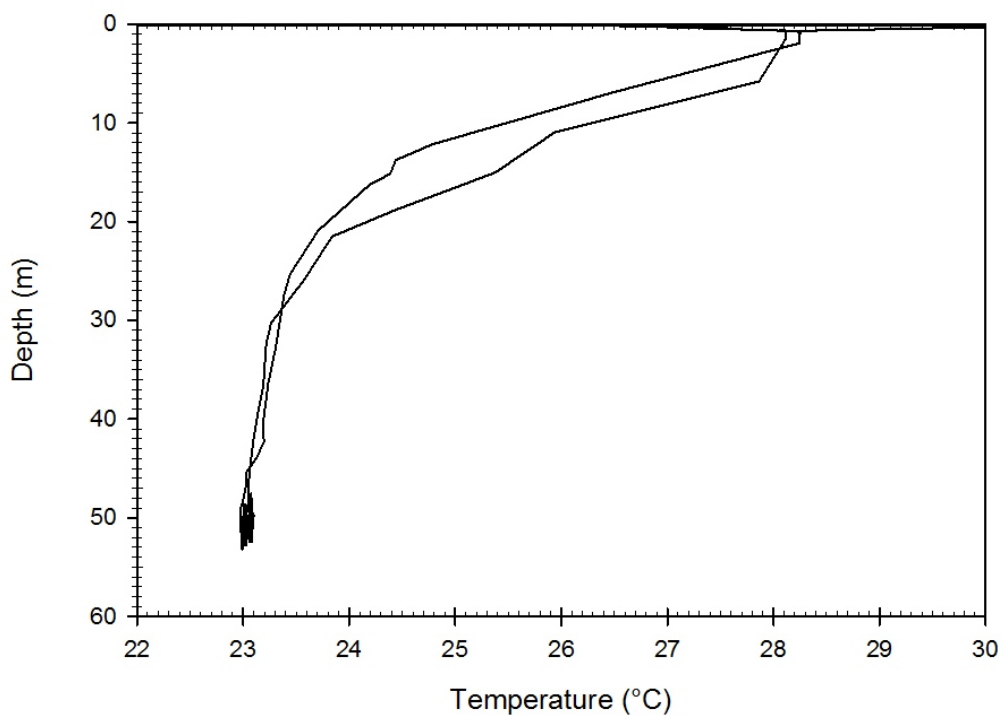
Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-48	Total Transect Length (km):	0.81
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-54	Surface Current (kn):	1-2
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:21	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.4°N; -79.03°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	18:52	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.39°N; -79.04°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-22



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -50.5 m
Blue angelfish and scorpionfish

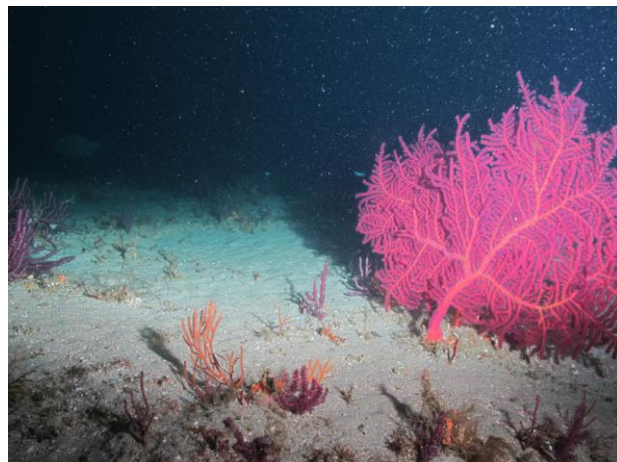


Figure 2: -50.5 m
Muricea gorgonian



Figure 3: -50.7 m
Scorpionfish



Figure 4: -52.1 m
Reef butterflyfish

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-22, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 72; Site #- 23-VI-14-4. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo along top of SW-NE rounded (half circle) ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insitu Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-22.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Exposed flat slabs with undercuts, 0.25-0.5 m thick and 2-3 m wide, with sediment veneered pavement, and sediment. The ledge became 4-5 m tall with thick slabs and rough surfaced boulders piled up. Lots of hidey holes and crevices. The ledge ended abruptly in sediment to the east. Skirted the base of the ridge (48.5 m to 52 m in sand). Hard bottom was 100 % covered in fauna: *Diodogorgia*, *Aiolochoia crassa*, hydroids (white fine), orange stalked *Axinellida* sponges, *C. vaginalis*, *I. campana*, *Antipatharians*, all common to abundant.

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

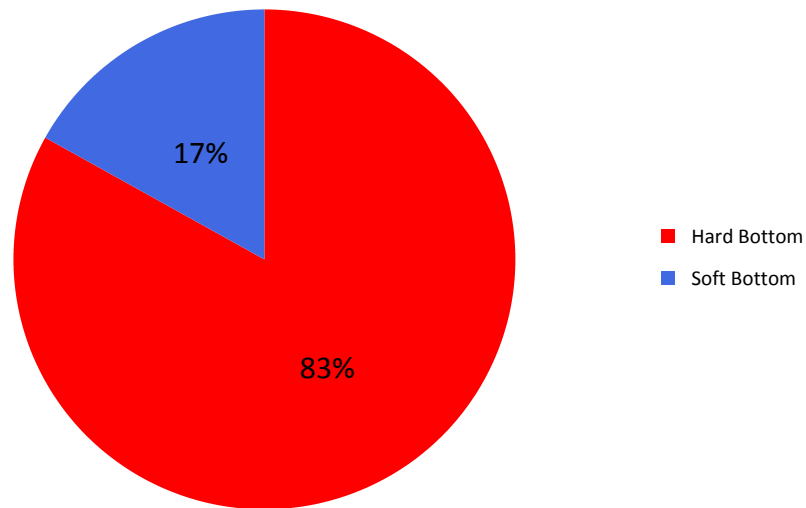
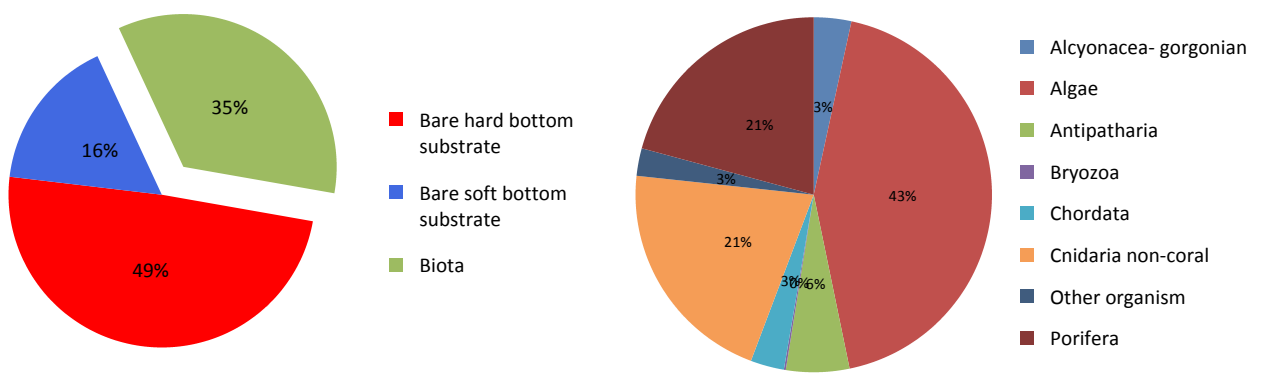


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-22. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-22.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-22.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	558	34.68%
Algae	242	15.04%
Chlorophyta	3	0.19%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	36	2.24%
Cyanophyta	2	0.12%
Phaeophyta	141	8.76%
Rhodophyta	60	3.73%
Porifera	116	7.21%
Aiolochoiria crassa	3	0.19%
Aplysina sp.	1	0.06%
Callyspongia vaginalis	1	0.06%
Clathria sp.	1	0.06%
Demospongiae	39	2.42%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	18	1.12%
Dictyoceratida	2	0.12%
Geodia sp.	1	0.06%
Ircinia campana	1	0.06%
Ircinia sp.	3	0.19%
Niphates sp.	1	0.06%
Scopalina sp.	1	0.06%
Spirastrellidae	44	2.73%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	19	1.18%
Diodogorgia sp.	8	0.50%
Ellisella sp.	1	0.06%
Ellisellidae	6	0.37%
Gorgonacea	2	0.12%
Muricea sp.	1	0.06%
Nicella sp.	1	0.06%
Antipatharia	32	1.99%
Antipatharia	23	1.43%
Stichopathes lutkeni	5	0.31%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	4	0.25%
Cnidaria non-coral	117	7.27%
Hydroidolina	117	7.27%
Bryozoa	1	0.06%

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

Schizoporella sp.	1	0.06%
Chordata	17	1.06%
Ascidacea	5	0.31%
Didemnidae	5	0.31%
Fish	7	0.44%
Other organism	14	0.87%
Bare soft bottom substrate	261	16.22%
Bare hard bottom substrate	790	49.10%
Bare hard bottom substrate	790	49.10%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	750	46.61%
Bare rubble- rock	40	2.49%
Grand Total	1609	100.00%

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-22.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0004
<i>Apogon</i> sp.	cardinalfish	0.0006
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0009
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish	0.0007
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0168
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0058
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0456
<i>Caranx lugubris</i>	black jack	0.0005
<i>Caranx</i> sp.	jack	0.0004
<i>Centropristis ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass	0.0008
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0046
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0007
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0101
Chaetodontidae	butterflyfish	0.0007
<i>Chromis cyaneus</i>	blue chromis	0.0025
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0052
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0023
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0096
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damsel fish	0.0016
<i>Diplodus holbrooki</i>	spottail pinfish	0.0019
<i>Fistularia</i> sp.	cornetfish	0.0003
<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	bluespotted cornetfish	0.0005
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.4992
<i>Haemulon plumieri</i>	white grunt	0.0003
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt	0.1502
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0007
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0117
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0078
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0046
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0003
<i>Lactophrys polygonia</i>	honeycomb cowfish	0.0004
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0007
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0015
<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	grey snapper	0.0003
<i>Lutjanus</i> sp.	snapper	0.0005
<i>Monacanthus hispidus</i>	planehead filefish	0.0005
<i>Mulloidichthys martinicus</i>	yellow goatfish	0.0042

Dive Site: ROV 14-22; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 47 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 72

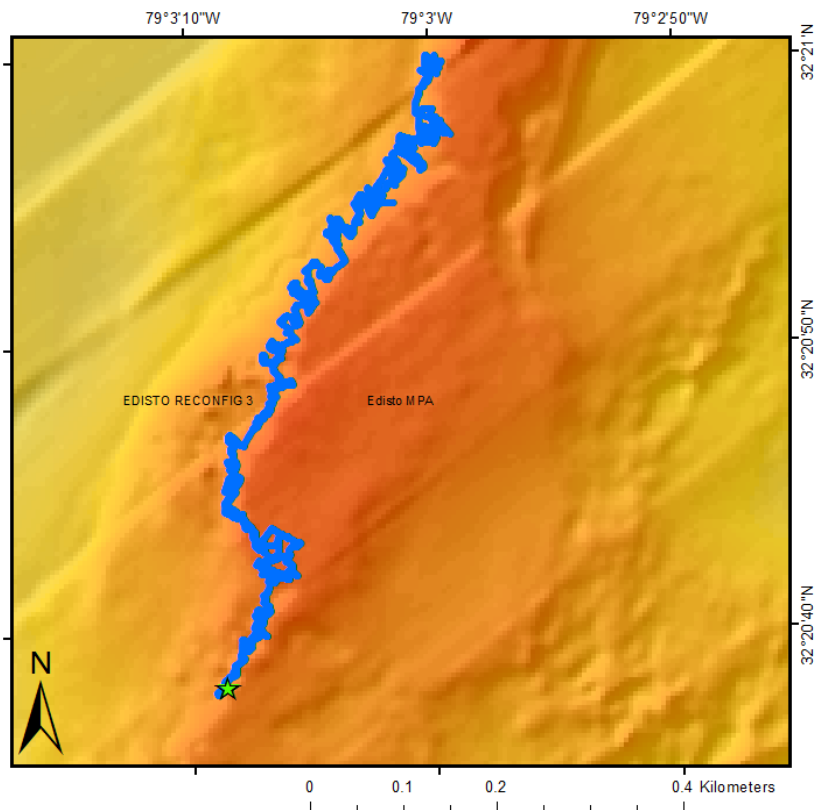
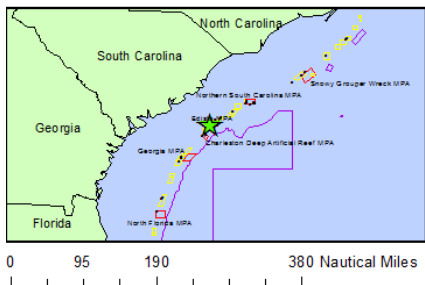
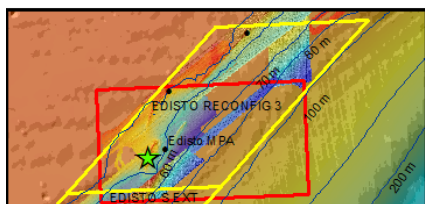
<i>Muraenidae</i>	moray eel	0.0004
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0008
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0028
<i>Mycteroperca</i> sp.	grouper	0.0005
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0076
<i>Opsanus</i> sp.	toadfish	0.0004
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0052
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0047
<i>Pomacanthus arcuatus</i>	grey angelfish	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0083
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0008
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0007
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0031
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0330
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.2280
<i>Rypticus maculatus</i>	whitespotted soapfish	0.0008
<i>Rypticus</i> sp.	soapfish	0.0003
<i>Scorpaena plumieri</i>	spotted scorpionfish	0.0003
<i>Scorpaena</i> sp.	scorpionfish	0.0004
<i>Scorpaenidae</i>	scorpionfish	0.0020
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0003
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0003
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0003
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0005
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0013
<i>Sparidae</i>	porgy	0.0008
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0010
<i>Sphyraena barracuda</i>	barracuda	0.0004
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0003
<i>Thalassoma bifasciatum</i>	bluehead wrasse	0.0003

Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-23

- ★ 25-VI-14-1, ROV 14-23
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/25/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 153

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

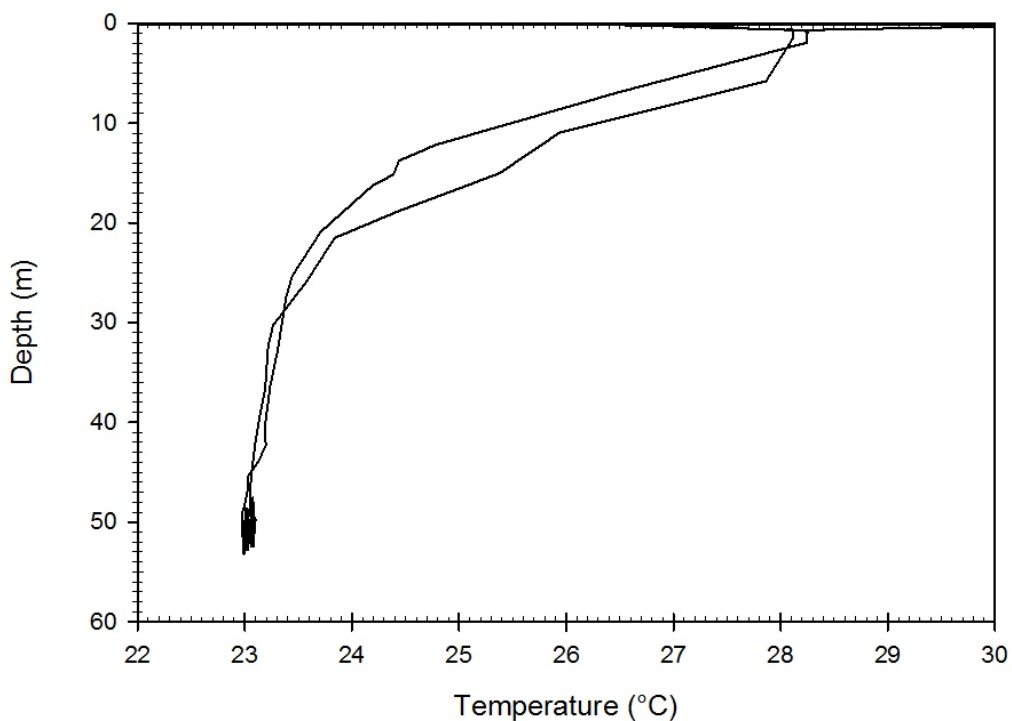
Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-40	Total Transect Length (km):	0.72
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-51	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:03	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.34°N; -79.05°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:09	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.35°N; -79.05°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-23



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

Dive Imagery:

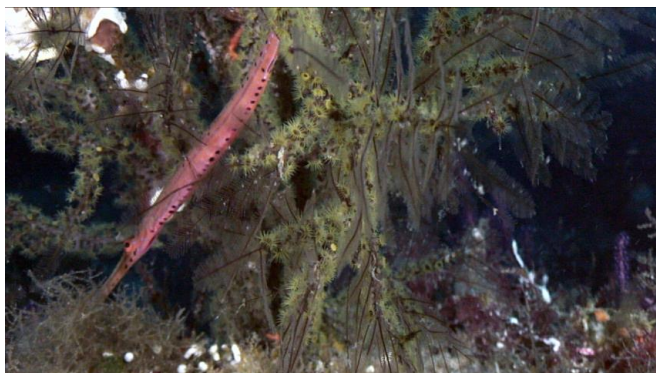


Figure 1: -47.3 m
Cornetfish hides in the hydroids

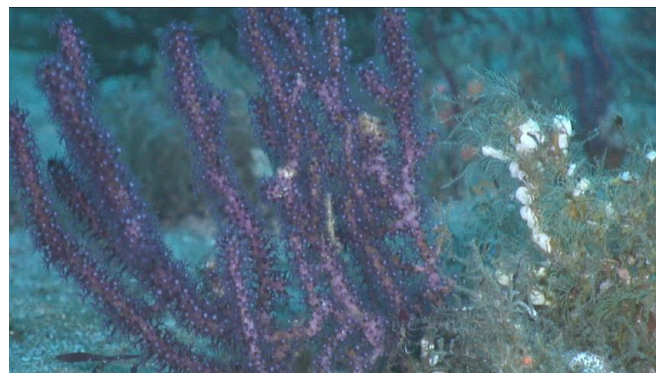


Figure 2: -47.3 m
Diodogorgia sp.

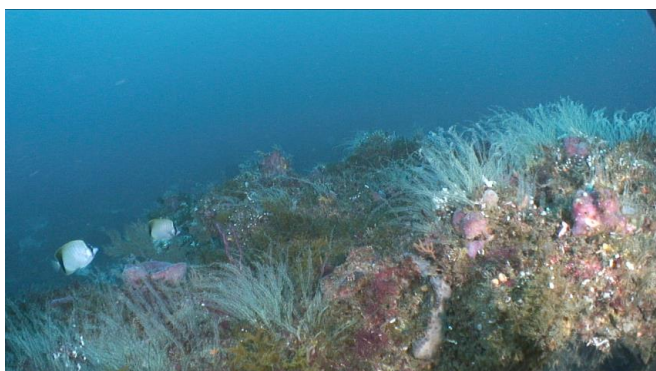


Figure 3: -48.3 m
Hydroid covered hard bottom



Figure 4: -47.1 m
Schools of fish under rock ledges

Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-23, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 73; Site #- 25-VI-14-1. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo along plateau.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-23.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Diving S to N on a plateau. 1 m tall rock ledges, 3-5 m wide with undercuts and overhangs; sediment between the outcrops. Hardbottom was 100 % covered in fauna and mostly algae with small hydroids or gorgonians. Top of the plateau, flat exposed hardbottom with 40 % exposed hardbottom, larger swaths of sand between. Few <1 m outcrops. Western edge of the plateau, hardbottom outcrops with 1-3 m relief (4 in small areas- 48.5 m on top), rounded knolls and overhangs and tapering out to the west into small boulders 1/4 m tall. Plateau flattened out to the east and became pavement. NW side of plateau tapered out into <1 m relief, 90% hardbottom, rock boulders. All hardbottom had 100% fauna/algal coverage. One very large patch with multiple colonies of *O. varicosa* on under hang.

Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

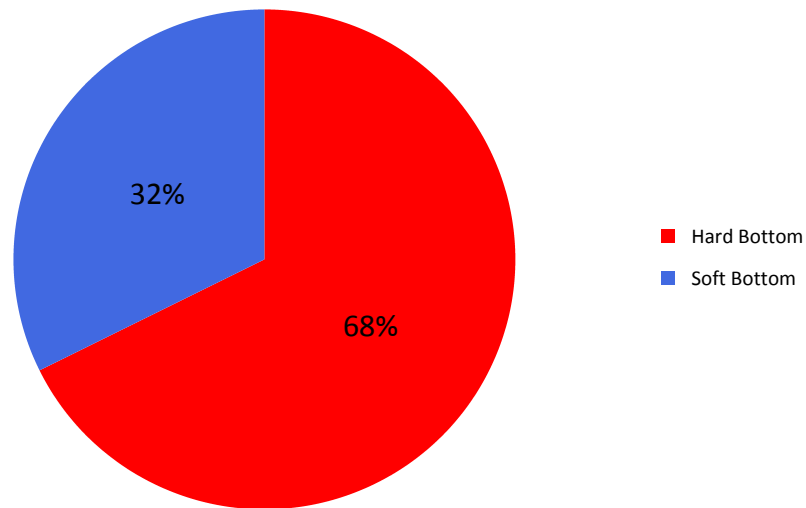
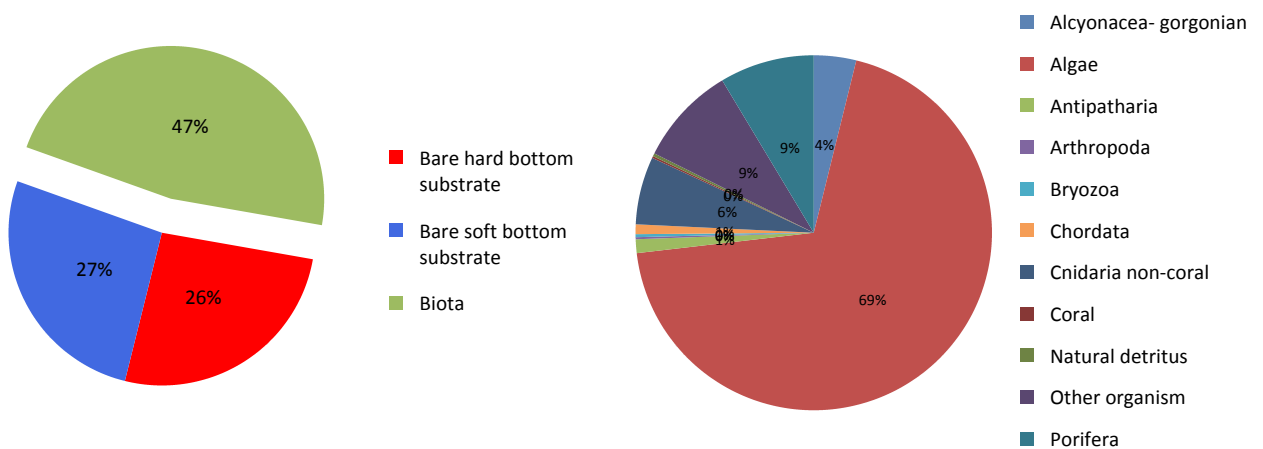


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-23. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-23.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-23.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	1118	47.29%
Algae	775	32.78%
Chlorophyta	3	0.13%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	91	3.85%
Cyanophyta	17	0.72%
Phaeophyta	535	22.63%
Rhodophyta	129	5.46%
Porifera	96	4.06%
Agelas sp.	3	0.13%
Aplysina sp.	1	0.04%
Callyspongia vaginalis	2	0.08%
Chondrilla sp.	1	0.04%
Demospongiae	33	1.40%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	2	0.08%
Dictyoceratida	3	0.13%
Geodia sp.	1	0.04%
Ircinia campana	18	0.76%
Ircinia sp.	5	0.21%
Ircinia strobilina	1	0.04%
Spirastrellidae	17	0.72%
Xestospongia sp.	5	0.21%
Erylus sp.	2	0.08%
Neofibularia sp.	2	0.08%
Coral	2	0.08%
Oculina varicosa	2	0.08%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	43	1.82%
Diodogorgia sp.	12	0.51%
Ellisella sp.	19	0.80%
Ellisellidae	5	0.21%
Gorgonacea	1	0.04%
Muricea sp.	2	0.08%
Nicella sp.	1	0.04%
Telesto sp./Carijoa sp.	3	0.13%
Antipatharia	14	0.59%
Antipatharia	10	0.42%

Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

Antipatharia atlantica	2	0.08%
Stichopathes lutkeni	2	0.08%
Cnidaria non-coral	69	2.92%
Hydroidolina	69	2.92%
Arthropoda	2	0.08%
Panulirus argus	2	0.08%
Bryozoa	3	0.13%
Bryozoa	1	0.04%
Schizoporella sp.	2	0.08%
Chordata	10	0.42%
Didemnidae	3	0.13%
Fish	7	0.30%
Other organism	101	4.27%
Natural detritus	3	0.13%
Bare soft bottom substrate	629	26.61%
Bare hard bottom substrate	617	26.10%
Bare hard bottom substrate	617	26.10%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	553	23.39%
Bare rubble- rock	64	2.71%
Grand Total	2364	100.00%

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-23.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0007
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0001
<i>Aulostomus maculatus</i>	trumpetfish	0.0003
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0007
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish	0.0002
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0002
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0040
<i>Bodianus rufus</i>	spanish hogfish	0.0005
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0007
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0086
Carangidae	jack	0.0001
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0033
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0008
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0005
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0067
<i>Chaetodon</i> sp.	butterflyfish	0.0007
Chaetodontidae	butterflyfish	0.0004
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0028
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0131
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0262
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0040
<i>Clepticus parrai</i>	creole wrasse	0.0001
<i>Diodon hystrix</i>	porcupinefish	0.0001
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0001
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.1992
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt	0.0497
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0023
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0048
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0031
<i>Holacanthus tricolor</i>	rock beauty	0.0006
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0045
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0003
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0003
<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	grey snapper	0.0114
<i>Lutjanus</i> sp.	snapper	0.0003
<i>Mulloidichthys martinicus</i>	yellow goatfish	0.0013
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-23; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, Large 48 m Plateau, UNCW Dive 73

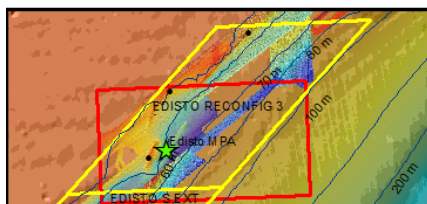
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0017
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0001
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0004
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0032
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0010
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0003
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0009
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0002
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0013
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0027
<i>Rachycentron canadum</i>	cobia	0.0001
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0074
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0008
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0002
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0004
<i>Serranus baldwini</i>	lantern bass	0.0005
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0006
Sparidae	porgy	0.0003
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0007
<i>Sparisoma</i> sp.	parrotfish	0.0011
<i>Sphyraena barracuda</i>	barracuda	0.0011
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0015
<i>Syngnathus</i> sp.	pipefish	0.0003
<i>Synodus intermedius</i>	sand diver	0.0001

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

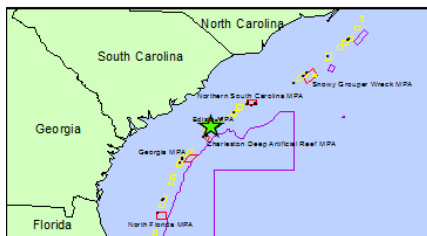
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-24

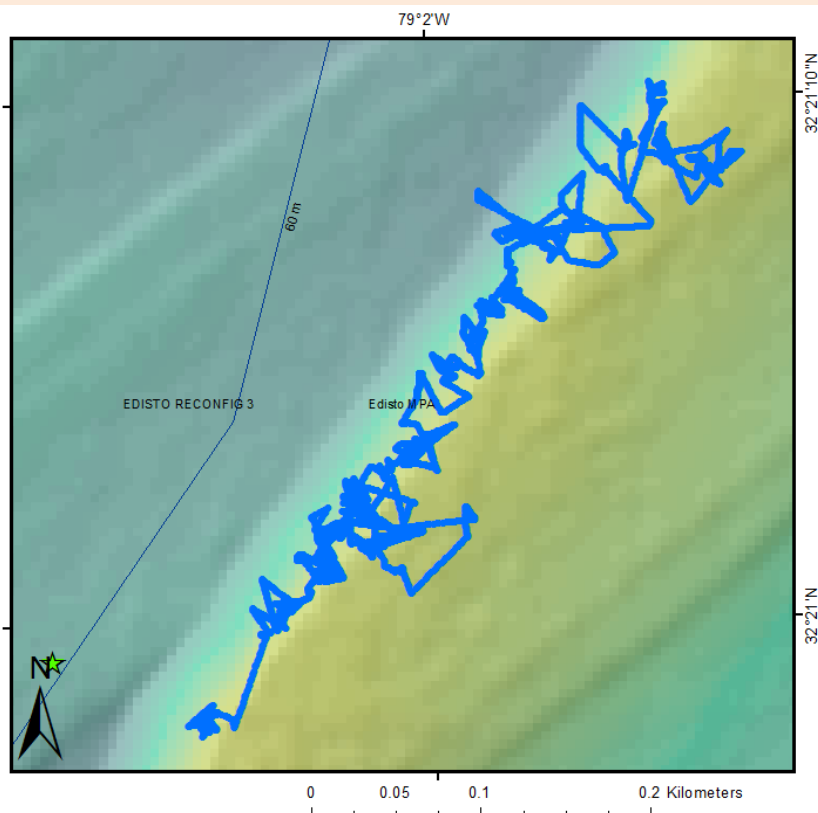
- ★ 25-VI-14-2, ROV 14-24
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 3.5 7 14 Nautical Miles



0 95 190 380 Nautical Miles



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/25/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 66

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

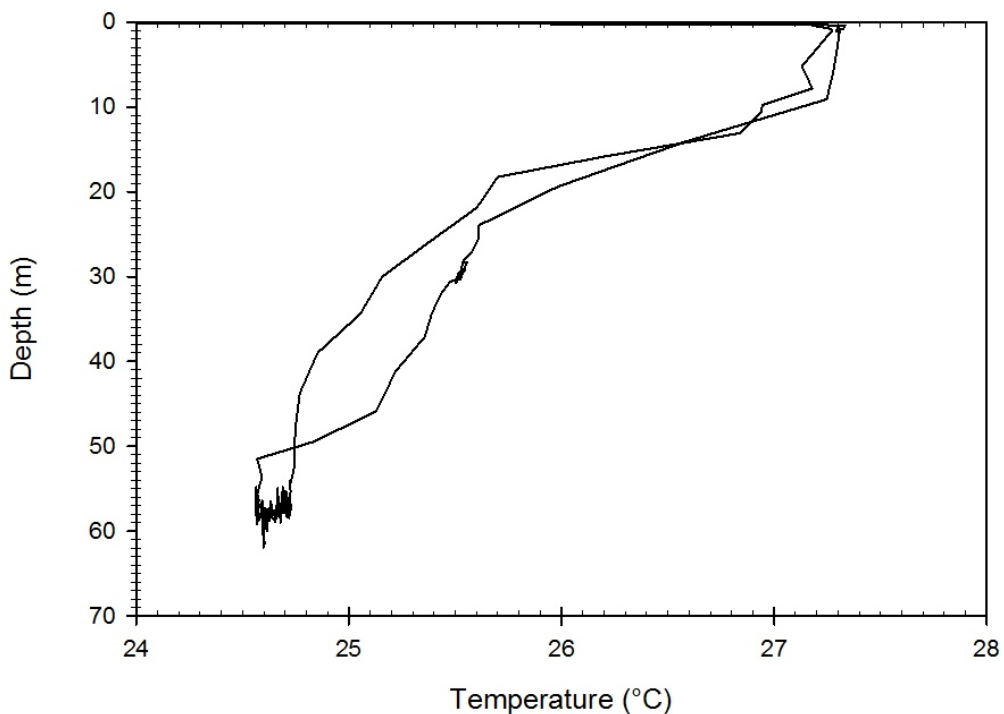
Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-55	Total Transect Length (km):	0.46
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-62	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:59	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.35°N; -79.03°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	12:23	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.35°N; -79.03°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-24



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

Dive Imagery:

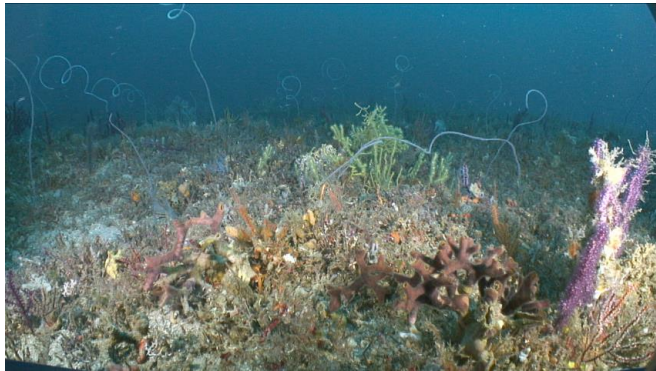


Figure 1: -59.3 m
Schizoporella, *Stichopathes* sp. and octocorals dominate this substrate



Figure 2: -59.3 m
octocorals and *Stichopathes* dominate this substrate



Figure 3: -58.6 m
Angelfish and grouper fish swim over the heavily encrusted hard bottom

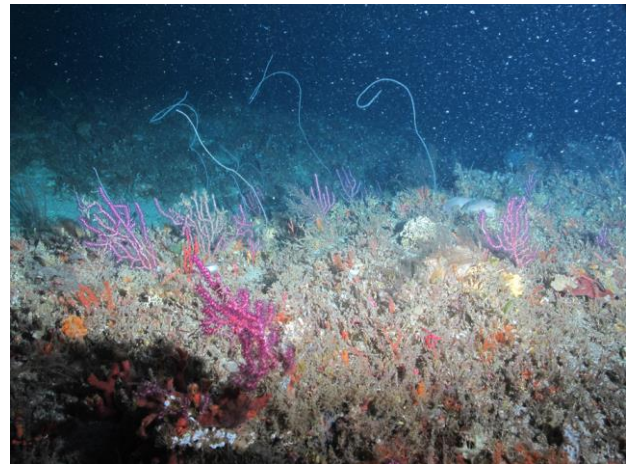


Figure 4: -58.2 m
Diodogorgia and *Stichopathes* are dominant fauna

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-24, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 74; Site #- 25-VI-14-2. Target Site - South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Pisces_2012_EdistoMPA_MB_Grid). Conduct video/photo along 4 km ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-24.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

On bottom: low relief rock boulders/ledges/pavement. West side of ridge was 2-3 m relief with undercut overhangs; top of ledge was more pavement, 45 deg slope over a few m to the west from the top of the rocks to the sediment; top rim of slope was rounded rocks. Western drop-off: 2 m tall with lots of undercuts tapering to rubble/cobble and ending abruptly in sand. 58.6 top/60 m bottom. All exposed hardbottom was covered with 100% fauna/algae. Upper plateau was rounded rock knolls. Flat - moderate rugosity, few undercuts. Common species: Stichopathes, hydroids, algae, and antipatharians.

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

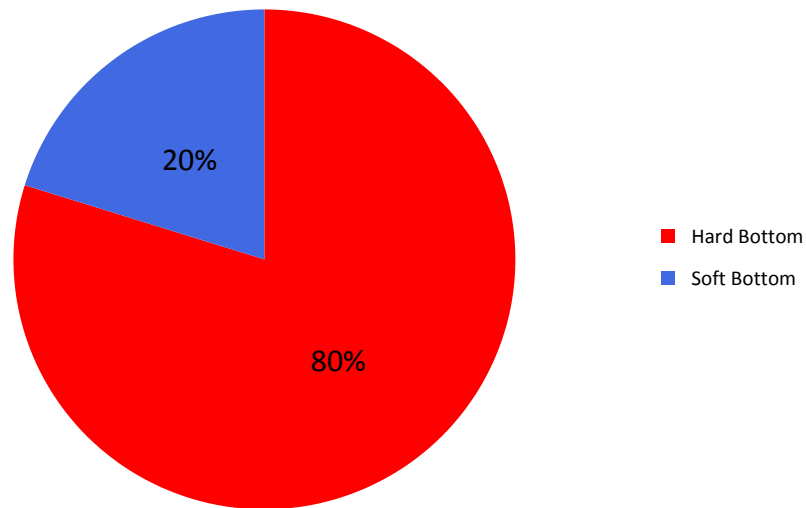
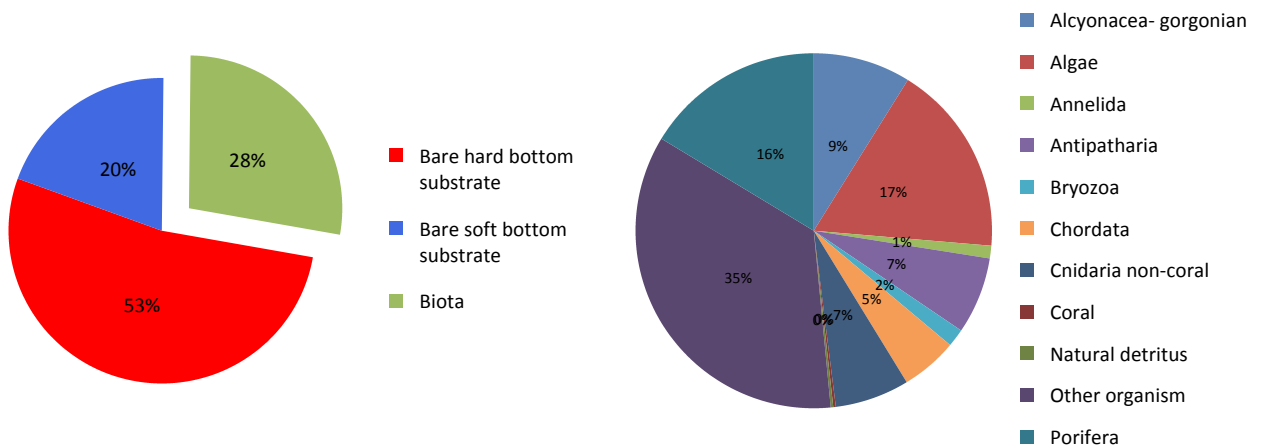


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-24. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-24.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-24.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	429	27.61%
Algae	75	4.83%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	45	2.90%
Cyanophyta	1	0.06%
Rhodophyta	29	1.87%
Porifera	70	4.50%
Aiolochoia crassa	2	0.13%
Auletta sp.	1	0.06%
Chondrilla sp.	1	0.06%
Cliona sp.	1	0.06%
Demospongiae	28	1.80%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	2	0.13%
Geodia sp.	13	0.84%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.06%
Niphates sp.	1	0.06%
Spirastrellidae	20	1.29%
Coral	1	0.06%
Scleractinia colonial	1	0.06%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	38	2.45%
Diodogorgia sp.	9	0.58%
Ellisella sp.	5	0.32%
Ellisellidae	8	0.51%
Gorgonacea	12	0.77%
Nicella sp.	4	0.26%
Antipatharia	30	1.93%
Antipatharia	6	0.39%
Antipatharia atlantica	6	0.39%
Stichopathes lutkeni	15	0.97%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	3	0.19%
Cnidaria non-coral	29	1.87%
Corallimorpharia	1	0.06%
Hydroidolina	28	1.80%
Annelida	5	0.32%
Filigrana sp.	4	0.26%
Spirobranchus gigantea	1	0.06%

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

Bryozoa	7	0.45%
Bryozoa	1	0.06%
Schizoporella sp.	6	0.39%
Chordata	22	1.42%
Ascidacea	12	0.77%
Fish	10	0.64%
Other organism	151	9.72%
Natural detritus	1	0.06%
Bare soft bottom substrate	305	19.63%
Bare hard bottom substrate	820	52.77%
Bare hard bottom substrate	820	52.77%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	791	50.90%
Bare rubble- rock	29	1.87%
Grand Total	1554	100.00%

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-24.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Aluterus monoceros</i>	unicorn filefish	0.0001
<i>Aulostomus maculatus</i>	trumpetfish	0.0000
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0003
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish	0.0000
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0012
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0004
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0008
Carcharhinidae	shark	0.0000
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0001
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0000
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0002
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0009
Chaetodontidae	butterflyfish	0.0001
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0017
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0113
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0075
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0029
<i>Clepticus parrai</i>	creole wrasse	0.0013
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0000
<i>Fistularia</i> sp.	cornetfish	0.0001
<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	bluespotted cornetfish	0.0002
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0801
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt	0.0194
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0000
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0003
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0008
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0014
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0000
<i>Lutjanus griseus</i>	grey snapper	0.0000
<i>Lutjanus jocu</i>	dog snapper	0.0000
<i>Lutjanus</i> sp.	snapper	0.0000
<i>Monacanthus hispidus</i>	planehead filefish	0.0000
<i>Mycteroperca microlepis</i>	gag grouper	0.0000
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0007
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0014
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0004
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0004

Dive Site: ROV 14-24; South Carolina, Inside Edisto MPA, 58 m Deep- 4 km Ridge, UNCW Dive 74

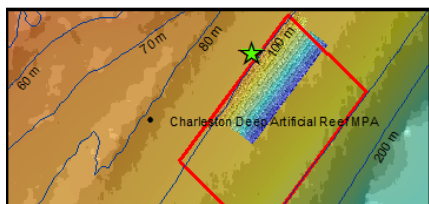
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0001
<i>Prognathodes aculeatus</i>	longsnout butterflyfish	0.0000
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0002
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0003
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0006
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0109
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0000
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0001
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0002
<i>Sparisoma atomarium</i>	greenblotch parrotfish	0.0001
<i>Sphoeroides spengleri</i>	bandtail puffer	0.0000

Dive Site: ROV 14-25; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 95 m Barge 1, UNCW Dive 75

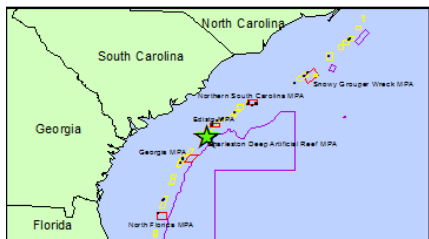
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-25

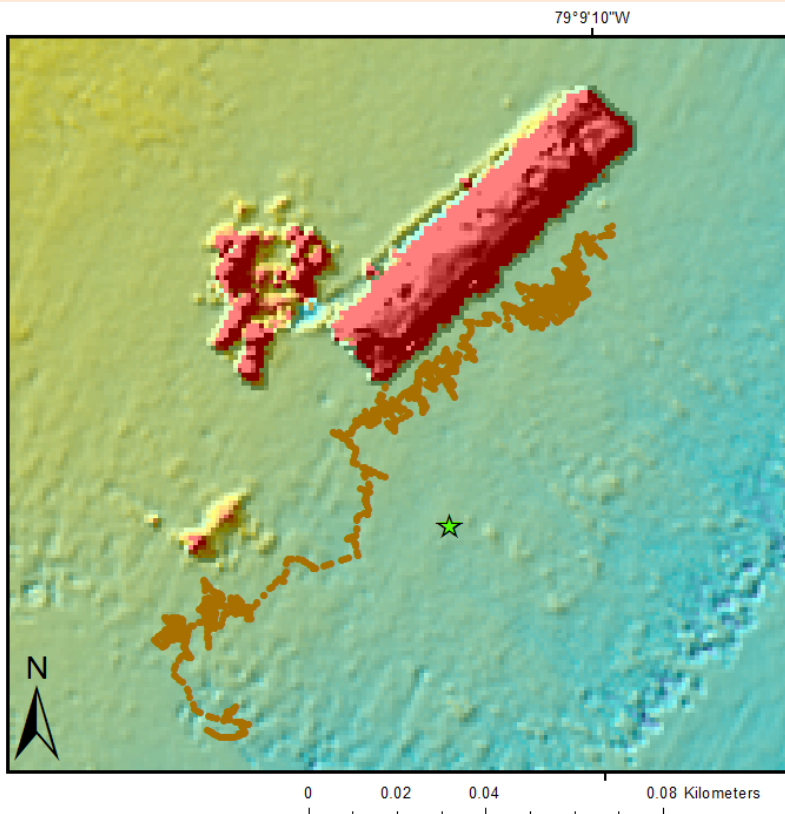
- ★ 25-VI-14-3, ROV 14-25
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 2.25 4.5 9 Nautical Miles



0 95 190 380 Nautical Miles



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_Barge1_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/25/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 7

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

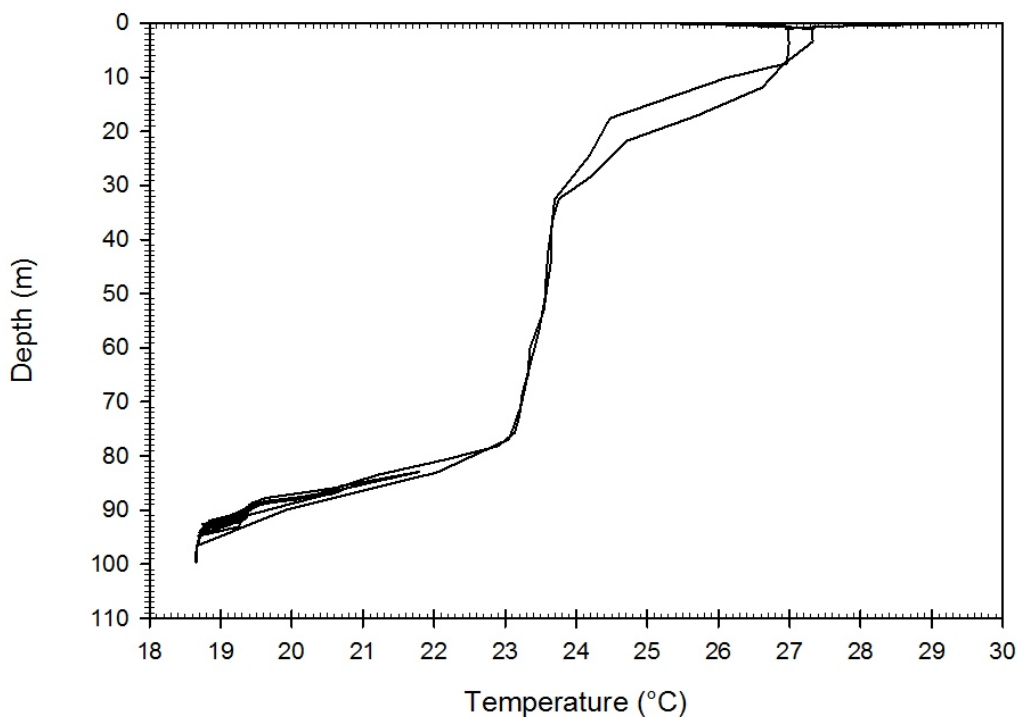
Dive Site: ROV 14-25; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 95 m Barge 1, UNCW Dive 75

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-83	Total Transect Length (km):	0.16
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-101	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:06	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.12°N; -79.15°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:34	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.12°N; -79.15°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-25



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-25; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 95 m Barge 1, UNCW Dive 75

Dive Imagery:

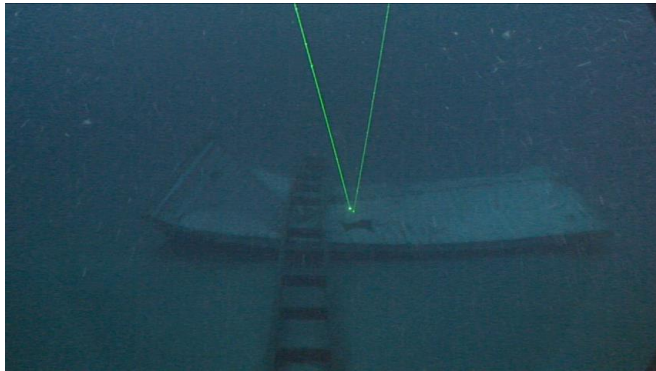


Figure 1: -98.3 m
Sunken barge

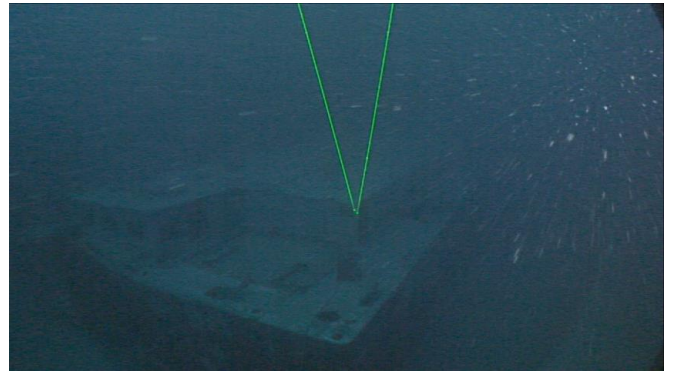


Figure 2: -98.3 m
Sunken barge



Figure 3: -92.5 m
Sunken barge

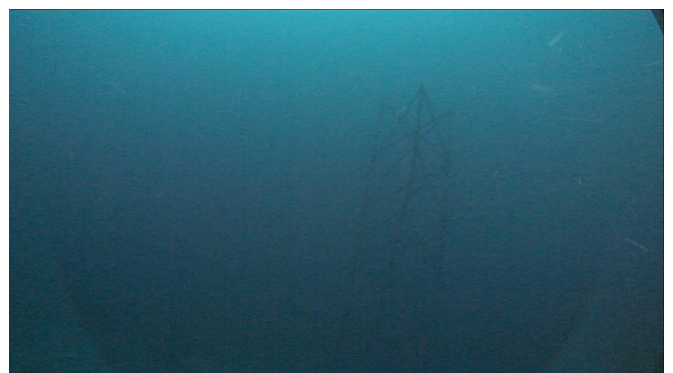


Figure 4: -90.2 m
Sunken barge

Dive Site: ROV 14-25; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 95 m Barge 1, UNCW Dive 75

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-25, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 75; Site #- 25-VI-14-3. Target Site - South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 95 m Barge 1. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_Barge1_Grid). Conduct video/photo along sunken Barge 1. (per Stacey Harter: plans are to move the Charleston Deep MPA to cover the 2 barges that were sunk between April and June 2014. They had accidentally placed them too far NW of the planned box.)

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-25.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Dive sunken Barge 1; landed in soft sediment to the SW of the barge. There was a shipping container box about 20 m SW of the barge with a ladder(?) laying across it. Traveled the starboard side of the barge from aft to forward. Barge intact with the debris/boxes that were sunk with it to the NW of the main barge. There was a school of amberjacks swimming above the barge but no other fish/inverts sighted. Too far for good usable still images; screen grabs could be taken. No analysis of benthic biota was conducted on this site. The site was solely for the purposes of artificial reef landing reporting.

Dive Site: ROV 14-25; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 95 m Barge 1, UNCW Dive 75

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 2. No CPCe analysis was completed for dive site ROV 14-25.

Density of Fish:

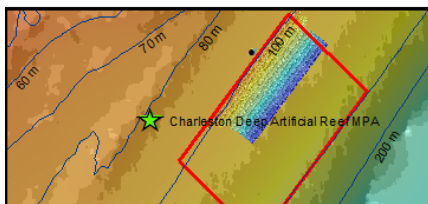
No Density of fish was completed for ROV 14-25.

Dive Site: ROV 14-26; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 80 m Barge 2, UNCW Dive 76

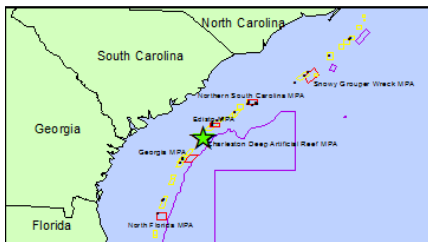
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-26

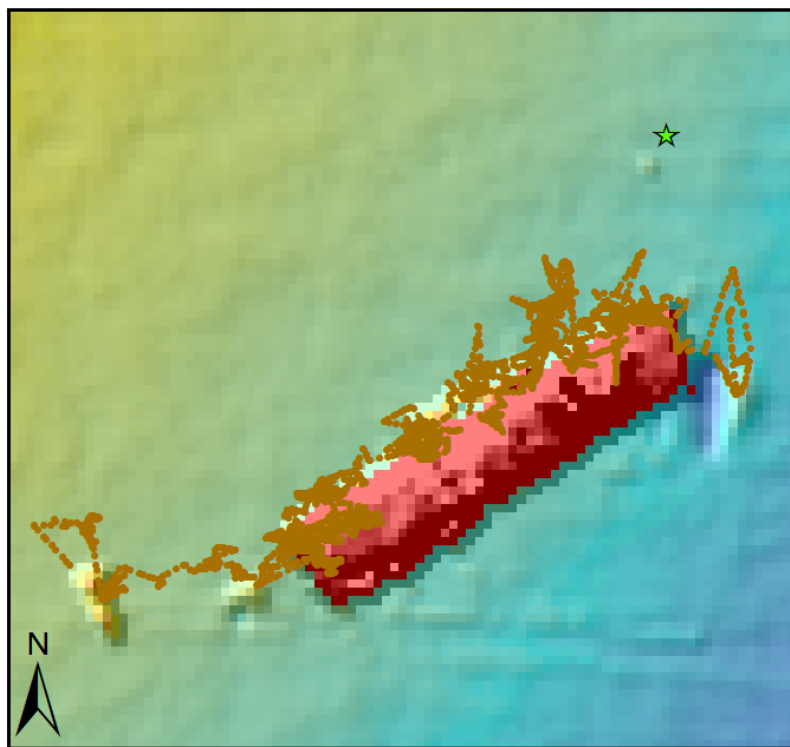
- ★ 25-VI-14-4, ROV 14-26
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 2.25 4.5 9 Nautical Miles



0 95 190 380 Nautical Miles



0 0.015 0.03 0.06 Kilometers

Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 11/4/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_Barge2_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/25/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 62

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

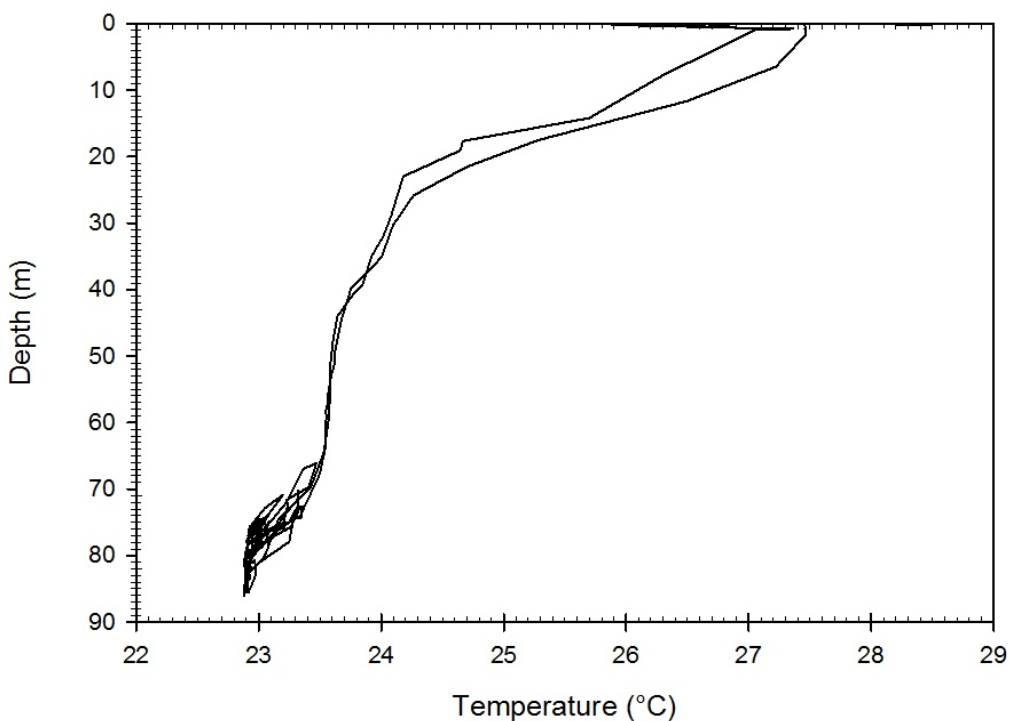
Dive Site: ROV 14-26; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 80 m Barge 2, UNCW Dive 76

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-65	Total Transect Length (km):	1.45
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-87	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	16:56	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.09°N; -79.22°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	17:36	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	32.09°N; -79.2°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-26



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-26; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 80 m Barge 2, UNCW Dive 76

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -72.8 m
Sunken barge



Figure 2: -72.8 m
Sunken barge



Figure 3: -77.7 m
Sunken barge



Figure 4: -84.6 m
Sunken barge

Dive Site: ROV 14-26; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 80 m Barge 2, UNCW Dive 76

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-26, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 76; Site #- 25-VI-14-4. Target Site - South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 80 m Barge 2. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_Barge2_Grid). Conduct video/photo along sunken Barge 2. (Per Stacey Harter- plans are to move the Charleston Deep MPA to cover the 2 barges that were sunk between April and June 2014. They had accidentally placed them too far NW of the Planned box.)

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-26.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Dive on sunken Barge 2. Landed on the bow of the ship and transected port side toward the aft (SW). Many of the original structure were still intact but fallen over or displaced. The bow was fractured and bent toward the surface. Bottom surrounding the ship was soft sediment. No analysis of benthic biota was conducted on this site. The site was solely for the purposes of artificial reef landing reporting

Dive Site: ROV 14-26; South Carolina, Outside Charleston Deep Artificial Reef MPA, 80 m Barge 2, UNCW Dive 76

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 2. No CPCe analysis was completed for dive site ROV 14-26.

Density of Fish:

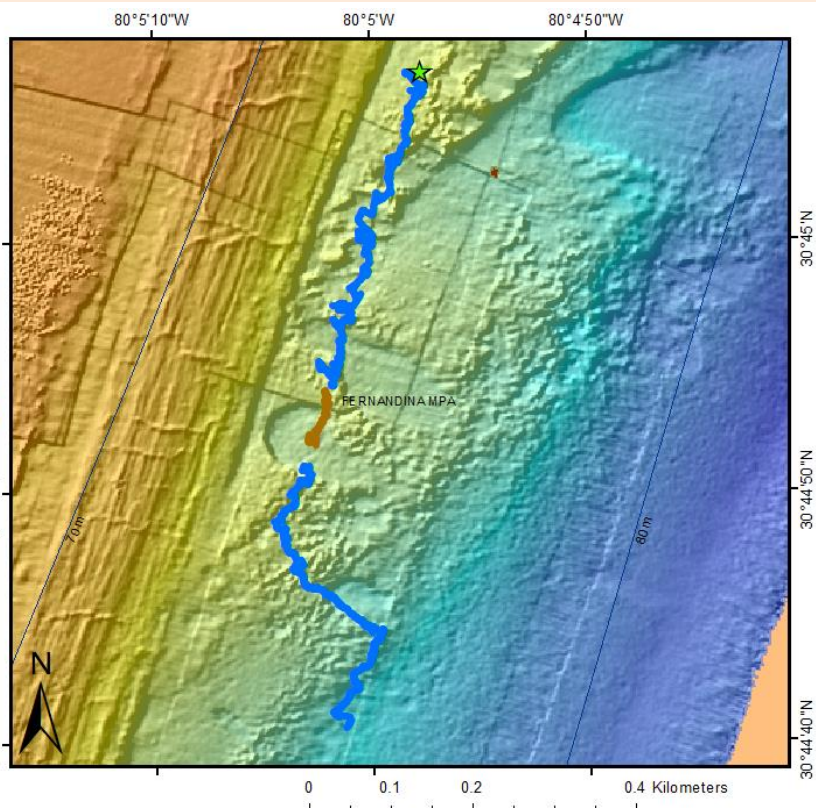
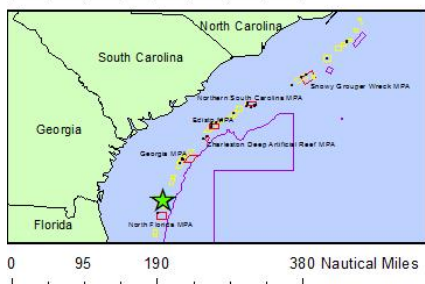
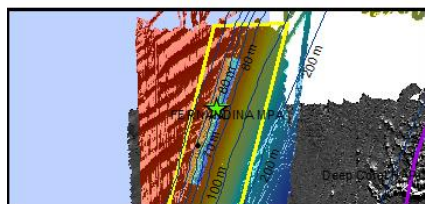
No Density of fish was completed for ROV 14-26.

Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-27

- ★ 26-VI-14-1, ROV 14-27
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_Fernandina_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/26/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 58

DVD: 1

Hard Drive: 1

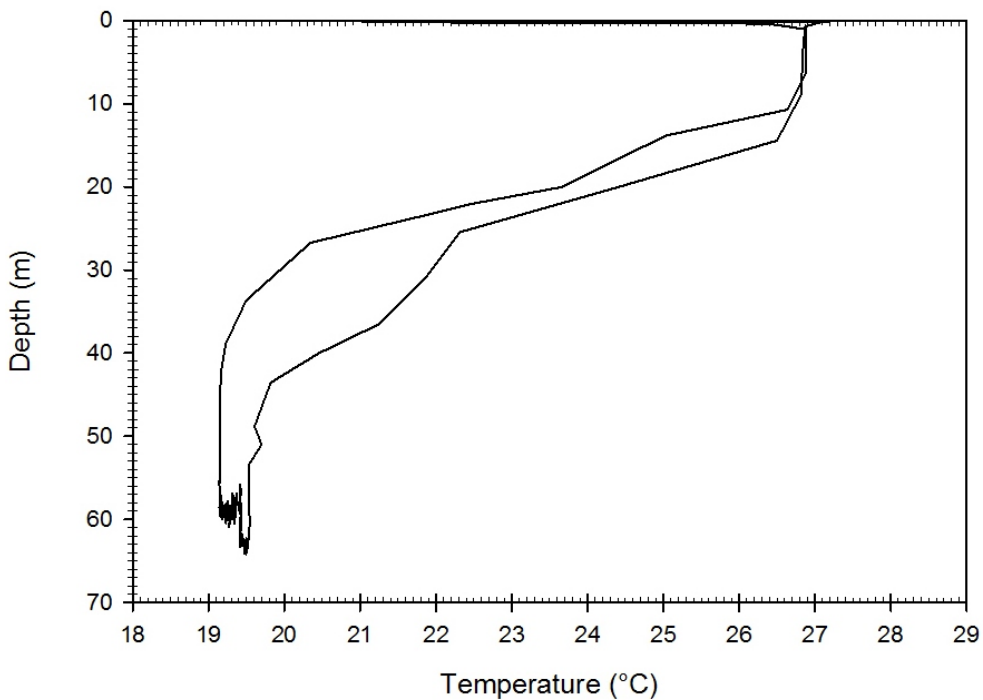
Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-56	Total Transect Length (km):	0.82
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-65	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	8:11	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	30.75°N; -80.08°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	9:09	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	30.74°N; -80.08°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-27



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

Dive Imagery:

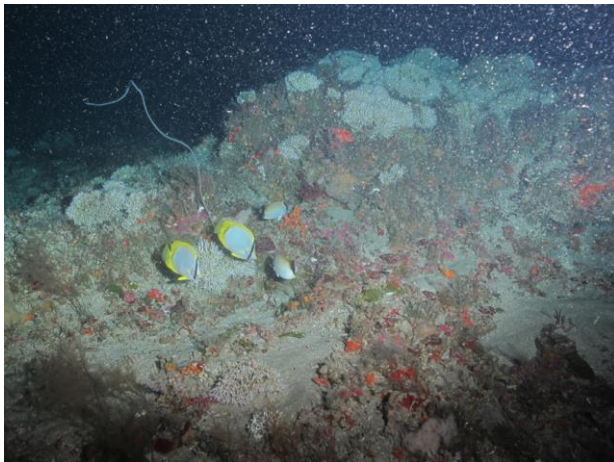


Figure 1: -59.8 m
Butterflyfish swim over encrusted hardbottom

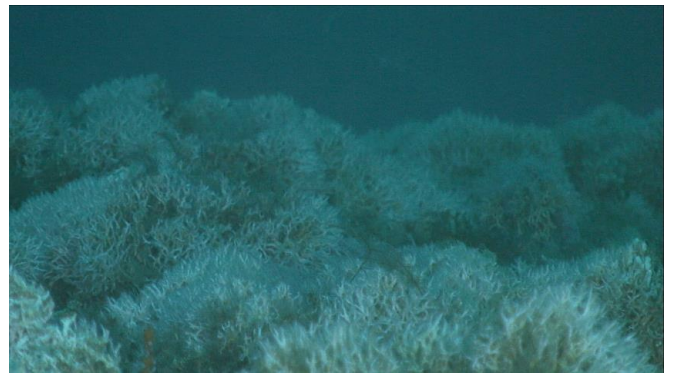


Figure 2: -59.8 m
A field of *Filograna* polychaete tubes



Figure 3: -60.1 m
Grey triggerfish nesting



Figure 4: -58.3 m
Large *Ellisella* gorgonian on encrusted hardbottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-27, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 77; Site #- 26-VI-14-1. Target Site -Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_Fernandina_Grid). Conduct video/photo along 70 m N-S ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-27.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Landed east of the apparent ridge; soft bottom, few rounded rock knolls, <1 wide and <1/4 m tall. Occasional small ridge with 1 m relief and undercuts. Filograna dominate. Most of the dive was spent on sand.

Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

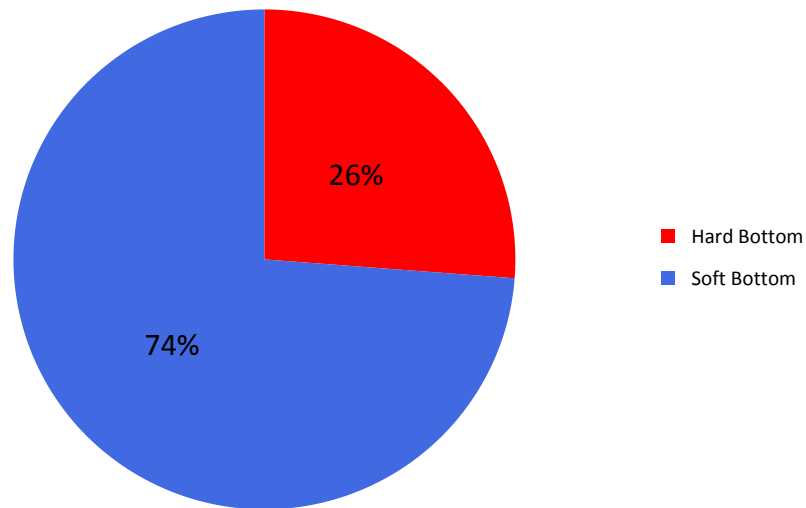
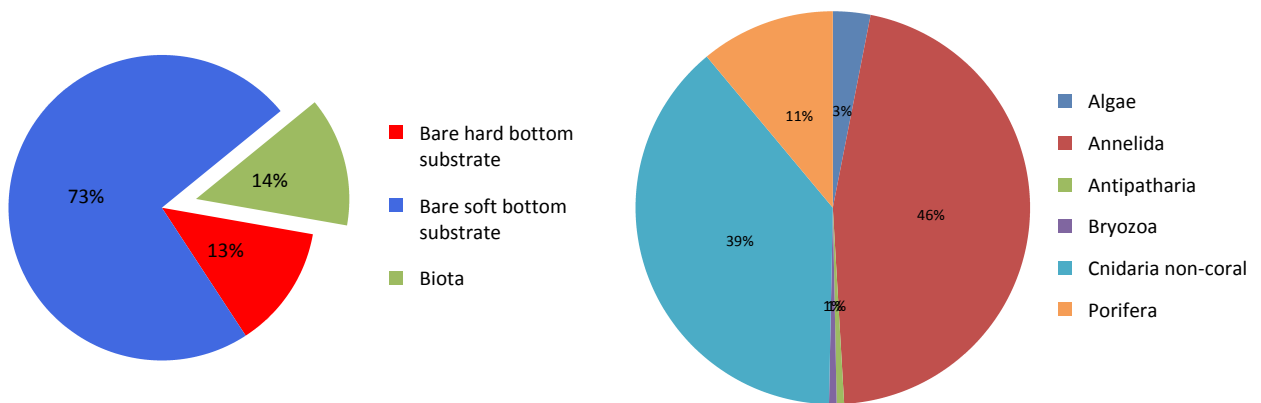


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-27. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-27.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-27.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	163	13.69%
Algae	5	0.42%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	4	0.34%
Phaeophyta	1	0.08%
Porifera	18	1.51%
Demospongiae	12	1.01%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.08%
Spirastrellidae	5	0.42%
Antipatharia	1	0.08%
Stichopathes lutkeni	1	0.08%
Cnidaria non-coral	63	5.29%
Hydroidolina	63	5.29%
Annelida	75	6.30%
Filograna sp.	75	6.30%
Bryozoa	1	0.08%
Schizoporella sp.	1	0.08%
Bare soft bottom substrate	873	73.30%
Bare hard bottom substrate	155	13.01%
Bare hard bottom substrate	155	13.01%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	95	7.98%
Bare rubble- rock	60	5.04%
Grand Total	1191	100.00%

Dive Site: ROV 14-27; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 77

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-27.

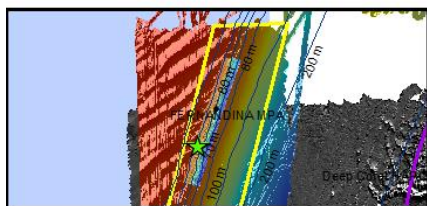
Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0004
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0003
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0001
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0025
<i>Centropristis ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass	0.0002
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0020
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0004
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0042
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0037
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0006
<i>Diodon holocanthus</i>	balloonfish	0.0006
<i>Gymnothorax vicinus</i>	purplemouth moray eel	0.0001
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0007
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0013
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0050
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0005
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0008
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0001
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0001
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0001
<i>Opsanus</i> sp.	toadfish	0.0001
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0028
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0006
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0005
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0018
Scorpaenidae	scorpionfish	0.0002
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0006
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0001
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0010
<i>Serranus baldwini</i>	lantern bass	0.0001
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0023
<i>Serranus</i> sp.	sea bass	0.0006
Sparidae	porgy	0.0020
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0007

Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

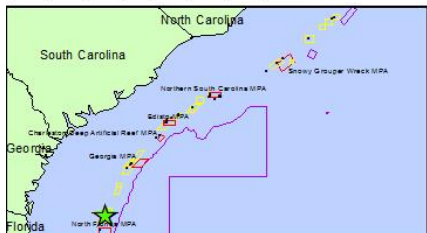
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-28

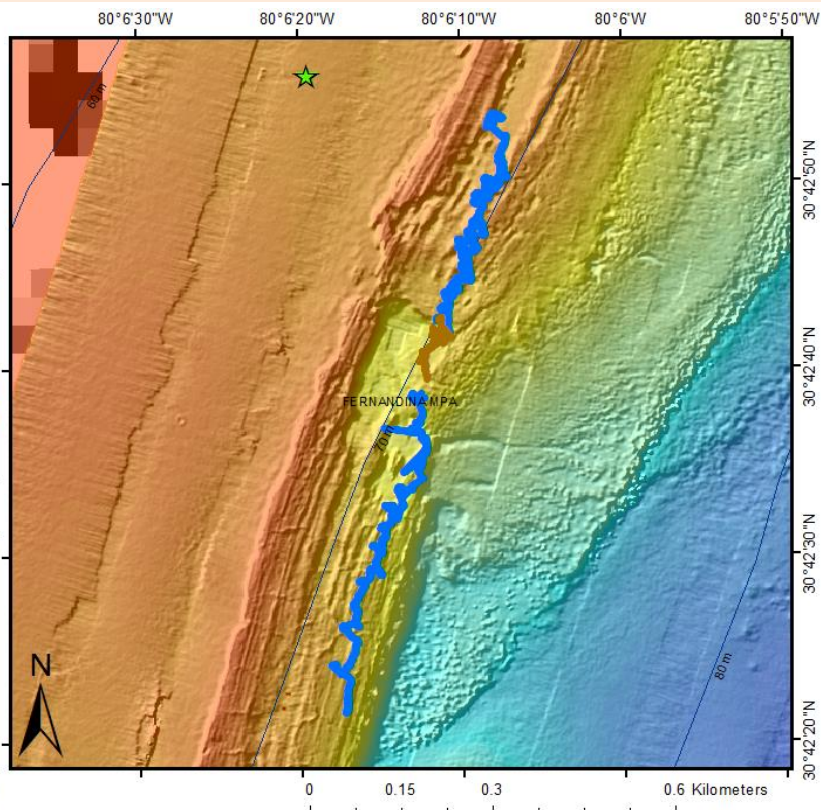
- ★ 26-VI-14-2, ROV 14-28
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 4.25 8.5 17 Nautical Miles



0 80 160 320 Nautical Miles



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_Fernandina_Grid

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/26/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 62

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

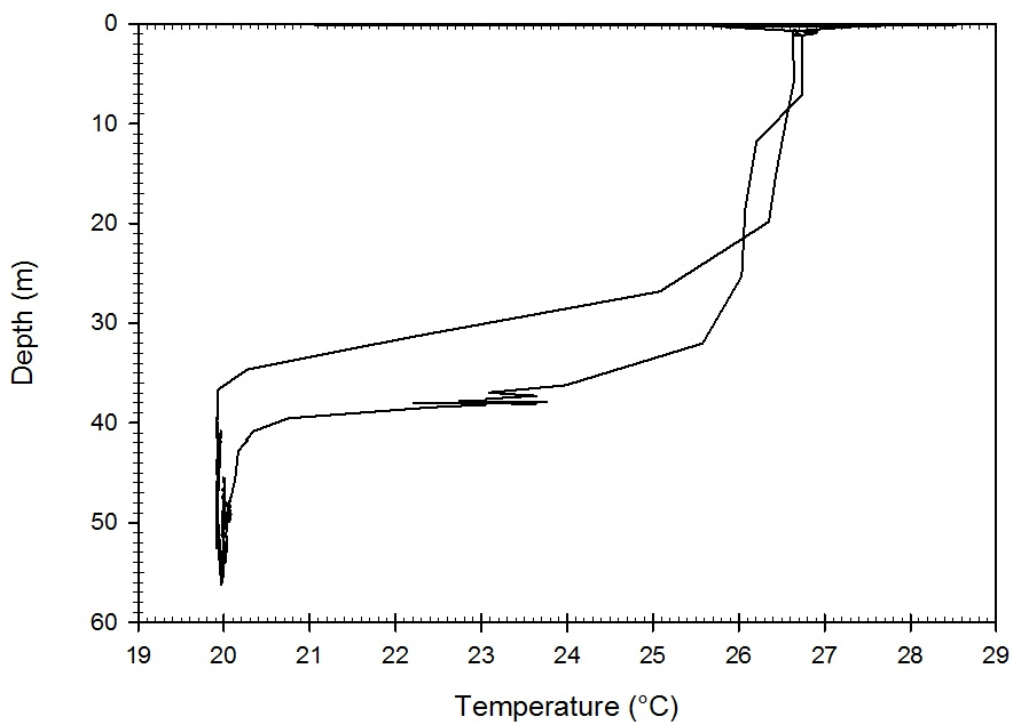
Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-41	Total Transect Length (km):	1.06
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-57	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	10:06	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	30.71°N; -80.1°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	11:49	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	30.71°N; -80.1°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-28



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

Dive Imagery:

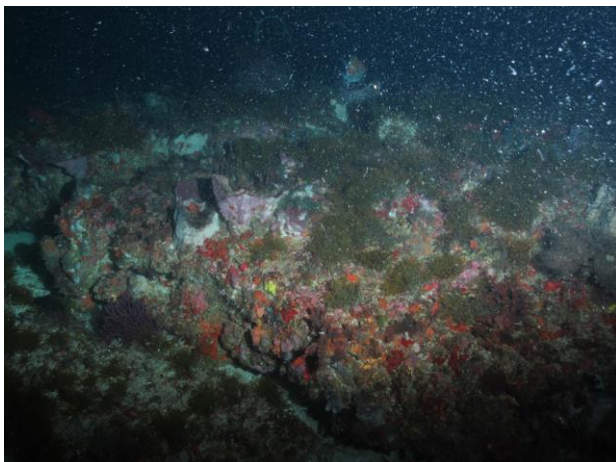


Figure 1: -51.9 m
Brown algae, *Diadogorgia* and *Ircinia* are common

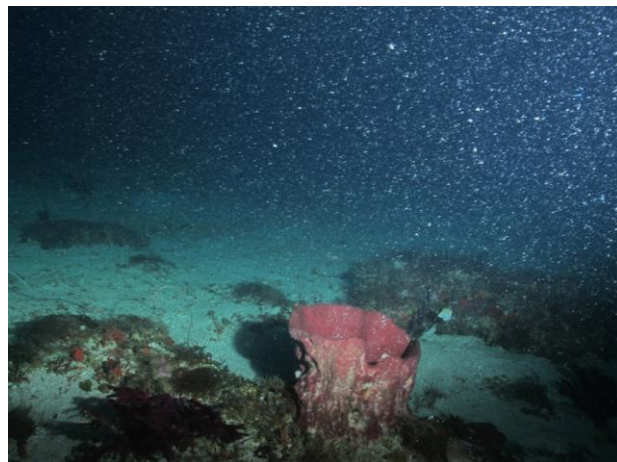


Figure 2: -51.9 m
Diadogorgia and *Ircinia* are common



Figure 3: -51.6 m
Ircinia are common

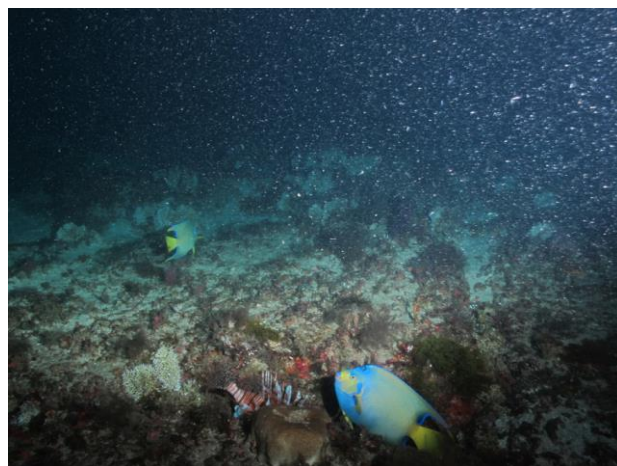


Figure 4: -51.8 m
Queen angelfish with lionfish on encrusted hardbottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-28, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 78; Site #- 26-VI-14-2. Target Site -Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (NancyFoster_14_08_MPA_Fernandina_Grid). Conduct video/photo along 70 m N-S ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-28.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Rock ledge, low slope, low relief, covered in fauna. Ridge tapers out to the west to small boulders then rubble and 100% sand. Crossed area of pavement and rounded rock knolls with thick sediment veneer. Changed to sediment with a few rock ledges, *Diodogorgia*, hydroids, *I. campana*, *Stichopathes* all common on the exposed hard bottom. *Filograna* was also very abundant through most of the dive. Came off bottom for about 10 minutes and landed back on a rock ledge, small outcrops, low relief. Some of the exposed pavement had exposed edges with slight undercuts and some were square puzzle-piece breaks. Square blocks of pavement with sand on top and between. We were on this site 2 years ago and we had exposed hardbottom with a goliath grouper. Now from above (5 m altitude) we can see there is little to no habitat and no large fish. The bottom had pavement with square puzzle-piece blocks, but the site was filled in with sand.

Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

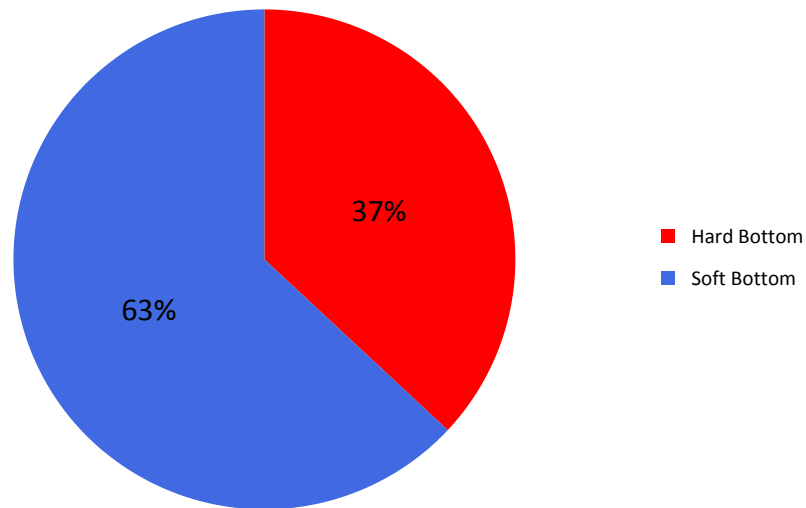
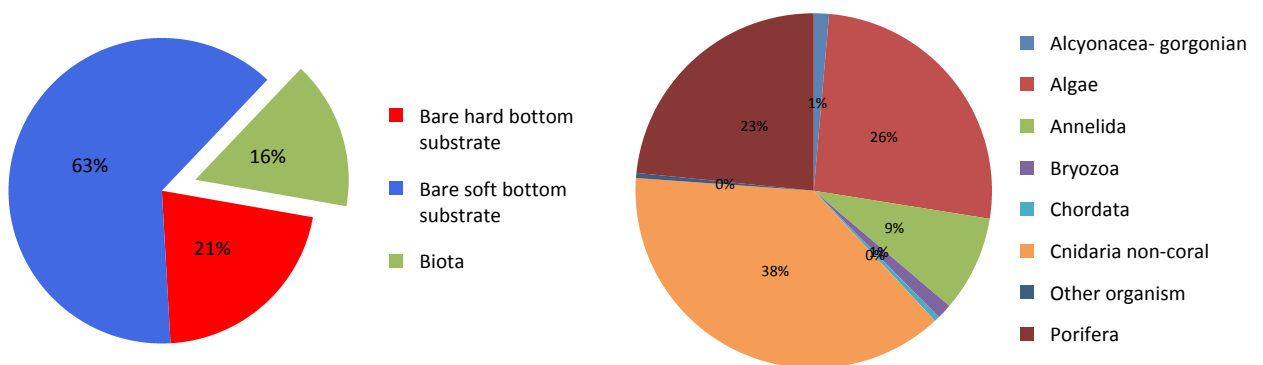


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-28. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-28.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-28.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	218	15.71%
Algae	57	4.11%
Chlorophyta	1	0.07%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	10	0.72%
Cyanophyta	2	0.14%
Phaeophyta	6	0.43%
Rhodophyta	38	2.74%
Porifera	51	3.67%
Cinachya sp./Cinachyrella sp.	1	0.07%
Clathria sp.	1	0.07%
Demospongiae	14	1.01%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	6	0.43%
Geodia sp.	1	0.07%
Holopsamma sp.	1	0.07%
Ircinia campana	9	0.65%
Ircinia sp.	1	0.07%
Ircinia strobilina	1	0.07%
Spirastrellidae	16	1.15%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	3	0.22%
Diodogorgia sp.	2	0.14%
Leptogorgia sp.	1	0.07%
Cnidaria non-coral	83	5.98%
Hydroidolina	83	5.98%
Annelida	19	1.37%
Filograna sp.	19	1.37%
Bryozoa	3	0.22%
Bryozoa	1	0.07%
Schizoporella sp.	2	0.14%
Chordata	1	0.07%
Fish	1	0.07%
Other organism	1	0.07%
Bare soft bottom substrate	874	62.97%
Bare hard bottom substrate	296	21.33%
Bare hard bottom substrate	296	21.33%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	253	18.23%

Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

Bare rubble- rock	43	3.10%
Grand Total	1388	100.00%

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-28.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0019
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0008
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0004
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0026
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0049
Carangidae	jack	0.0050
<i>Centropyge argi</i>	cherubfish	0.0004
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0011
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0079
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0084
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0009
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0035
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damsel fish	0.0007
<i>Equetus lanceolatus</i>	jack-knife fish	0.0003
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0332
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0021
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0084
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0019
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0024
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0006
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0008
<i>Malacanthus plumieri</i>	sand tilefish	0.0003
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0019
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0021
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0016
<i>Paranthias furcifer</i>	creole-fish	0.0019
<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0019
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0007
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0008
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0003
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0018
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0019
<i>Seriola dumerili</i>	greater amberjack	0.0012
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0009
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0003
<i>Serranus baldwini</i>	lantern bass	0.0012
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0024

Dive Site: ROV 14-28; Florida, Inside Proposed Fernandina MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 78

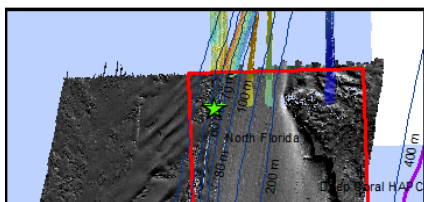
<i>Serranus</i> sp.	sea bass	0.0006
Sparidae	porgy	0.0005
<i>Sparisoma</i> sp.	parrotfish	0.0006
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0003

Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

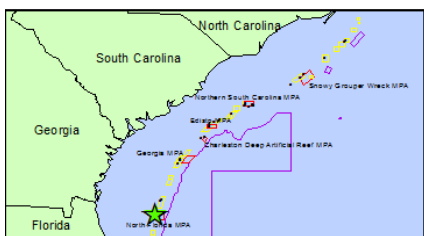
General Location and Dive Track:

2014 MPA ROV Cruise Dive 14-29

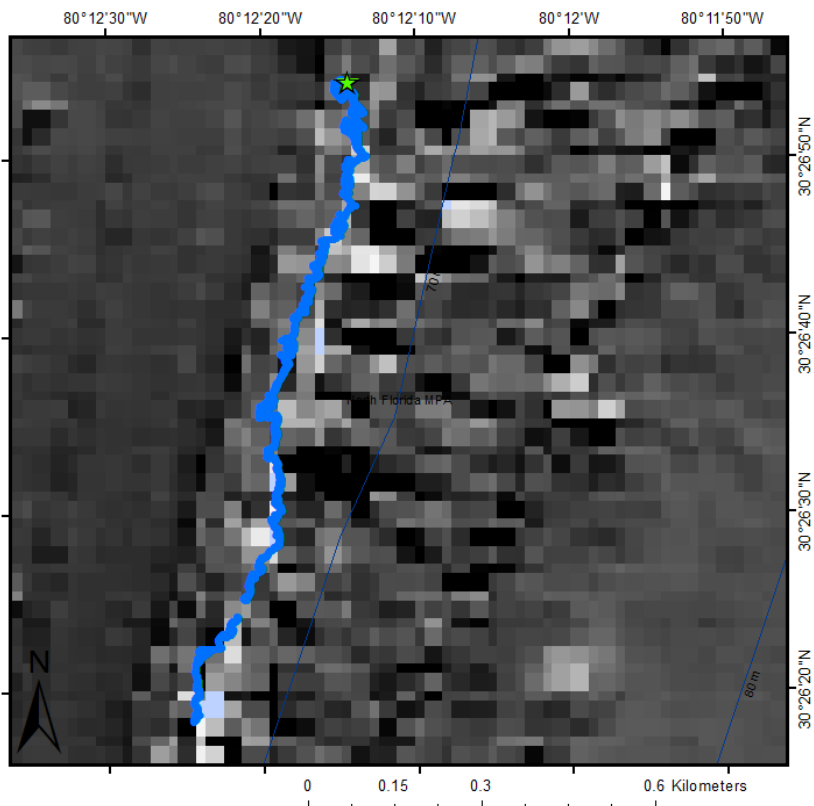
- ★ 26-VI-14-3, ROV 14-29
- ROV Track
- Hard Bottom
- Soft Bottom
- ROV Dives
- Proposed MPA
- MPA
- Deep Coral HAPC
- Bathymetric Lines (m)



0 4.25 8.5 17 Nautical Miles



0 95 190 380 Nautical Miles



Site Overview:

Project: 2014 MPA Cruise

Principal Investigator: Stacy Harter

PI Contact Info: 3500 Delwood Beach Rd., Panama City, FL 32444

Website: <http://teacheratsea.noaa.gov/2014/biota.html>

Scientific Observers: Andy David, Heather Moe, Jason White, Lance Horne, Stacy Harter, Stephanie Farrington

Data Management: Access Database

ROV Navigation Data:

Ship Position System: DGPS

Report Analyst: John Reed, Stephanie Farrington

Date Compiled: 10/22/2014

Dive Overview:

Vessel: NOAA Ship *Nancy Foster*

Sonar Data: Navy_2011_CONFIDENTIAL_USWTR_Tif

Purpose: Conduct ROV surveys and multibeam sonar of shelf-edge MPAs

ROV: Mohawk ROV

ROV Sensors: Temperature (°C), Depth (m)

Date of Dive: 6/26/2014

Specimens: 0

Digital Photos: 139

DVD: 2

Hard Drive: 1

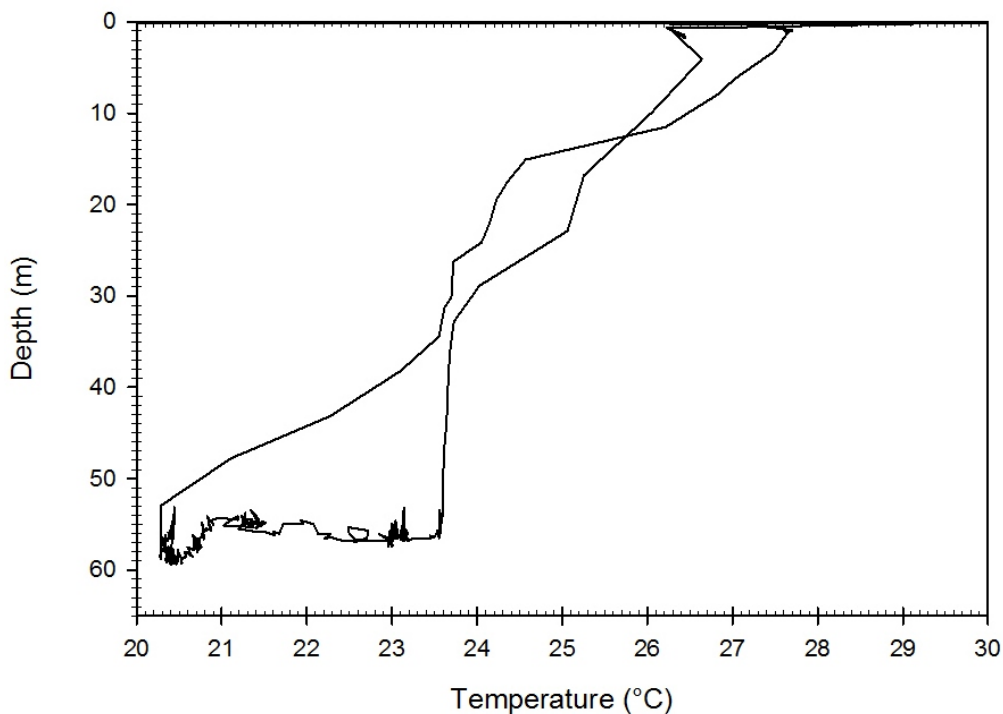
Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

Dive Data:

Minimum Bottom Depth (m):	-53	Total Transect Length (km):	1.15
Maximum Bottom Depth (m):	-60	Surface Current (kn):	N/A
On Bottom (Time- EDT):	13:56	On Bottom (Lat/Long):	30.45°N; -80.2°W
Off Bottom (Time- EDT):	15:54	Off Bottom (Lat/Long):	30.44°N; -80.21°W

Physical Environment:

ROV 14-29



ROV CTD: Temperature (°C) and Depth (m) were recorded throughout the dive.

Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

Dive Imagery:



Figure 1: -56.3 m
Tanacetipathes sp. black coral



Figure 2: -56.3 m
Human debris attached to an zoanthid encrusted
piece of fishing filament



Figure 3: -58.5 m
Stenorhynchus seticornis arrow crab under a
Tanacetipathes black coral



Figure 4: -59.5 m
Neofibularia fire sponge and *Stichopathes* wire coral
on heavily encrusted hardbottom

Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

Dive Notes:

Objectives, Site Description, Habitat, Fauna:

Site/Objectives:

ROV Dive 14-29, UNCW Mohawk ROV Dive 79; Site #- 26-VI-14-3. Target Site -Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge. Ground-truth multibeam sonar of site (Navy_2011_CONFIDENTIAL_USWTR_Tif). Conduct video/photo along 70 m N-S ridge.

ROV Setup/Dive Events:

Video time ESDT. Dive Notes depth recorded as total depth (ROV altitude + ROV depth in meters). COG is ROV heading. Events, habitat and fauna are recorded directly into Access database. Fish data recorded by David and Harter in separate Access Database to be added to Faunal Access database at end of cruise. Continuous video taken with a high definition video camera (Insite Pacific Mini Zeus high definition CMOS color zoom camera with 2,000,000 effective pixels) which is angled ~20-30° down with 10 cm parallel lasers for scale. Digital still images are taken for quantitative analysis of habitat and benthic macrobiota with a high definition digital still camera (Kongsberg OE14-408, with resolution of 3648x2736 pixels), pointed down 90° with 10 cm parallel lasers. Still images are captured with the digital still camera every 2 minutes throughout the dive at a height of 1.3 m to provide relatively consistent area for each image. Logged the dive track 14-29.

Site Description/Habitat/Biota:

Landed on rock outcrops, 0.5-2 m wide and <1 m tall, sediment between; 100% fauna/algal coverage on hardbottom. Many very large Tanacetipathes (50+ cm). Boulders became larger, taller and more abundant, 1-2 m tall and totally covered in fauna/algae. From above, can tell the rocks are puzzle-pieced. Boulders and low relief hardbottom tapered out to the sides of the ridge into sand. Changed to flat pavement with sediment veneer and minimal fauna: Stichopathes, hydroids, didemnid, and tilefish burrows. Dive ended on hardbottom pavement turning to rock ledge.

Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

CPCe Percent Cover Analysis:

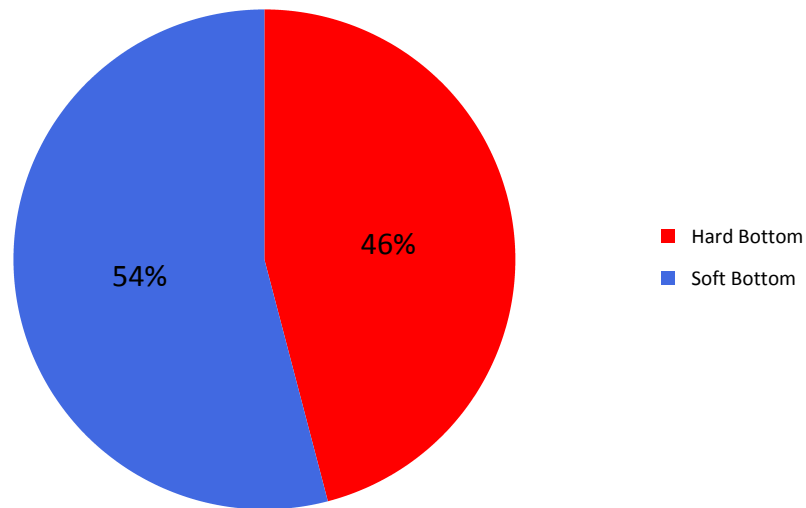
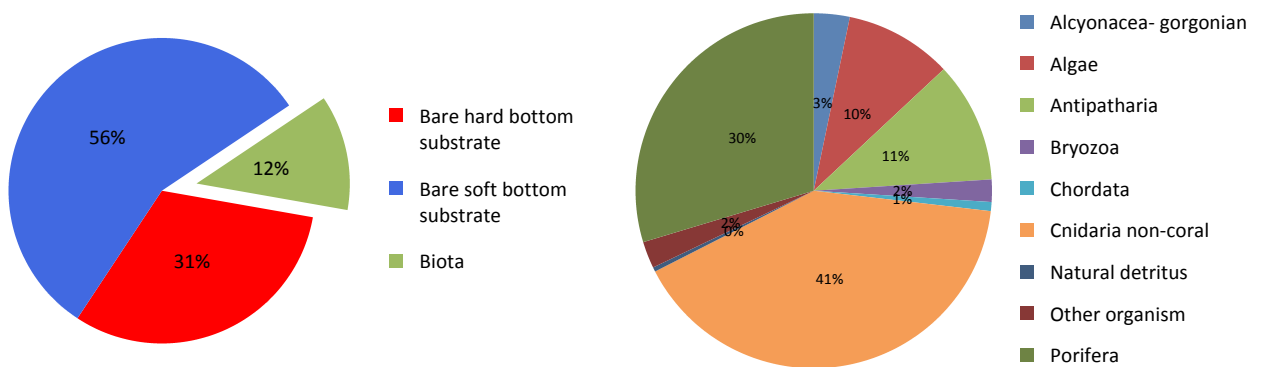


Figure 1. Percent cover of hard and soft bottom substrate at dive site ROV 14-29. CPCe© points on organisms were scored as the underlying substrate (hard or soft).



A

B

Figure 2. Percent cover of bare substrate and benthic macro-biota at dive site ROV 14-29.

A. CPCe percent cover of biota and bare substrate (hard or soft bottom). B. CPCe percent cover of biota and human debris.

Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

Percent Cover of Benthic Macro-Biota and Substrate:

Table 1. Percent cover of benthic macro-biota and substrate types from CPCe Point Count analysis of photographic transects at dive site ROV 14-29.

Benthic Macro-biota and Substrate Type	Point Count	% Cover
Biota	246	12.20%
Algae	24	1.19%
Corallinales/crustose coralline	3	0.15%
Cyanophyta	5	0.25%
Rhodophyta	16	0.79%
Porifera	73	3.62%
Demospongiae	27	1.34%
Demospongiae- ze tan starlet	8	0.40%
Ircinia sp.	2	0.10%
Spirastrellidae	36	1.79%
Alcyonacea- gorgonian	8	0.40%
Diodogorgia sp.	3	0.15%
Ellisellidae	2	0.10%
Gorgonacea	3	0.15%
Antipatharia	27	1.34%
Antipatharia	1	0.05%
Stichopathes lutkeni	11	0.55%
Tanacetipathes barbadensis	15	0.74%
Cnidaria non-coral	100	4.96%
Actiniaria	1	0.05%
Hydroidolina	97	4.81%
Zoanthidae	2	0.10%
Bryozoa	5	0.25%
Bryozoa	4	0.20%
Schizoporella sp.	1	0.05%
Chordata	2	0.10%
Ascidiacea	2	0.10%
Other organism	6	0.30%
Natural detritus	1	0.05%
Bare soft bottom substrate	1135	56.30%
Bare hard bottom substrate	635	31.50%
Bare hard bottom substrate	635	31.50%
Bare rock- pavement boulder ledge	505	25.05%
Bare rubble- rock	130	6.45%
Grand Total	2016	100.00%

Density of Fish:

Table 2. Density (# of individuals m⁻³) of fish from video transects at dive site ROV 14-29.

Scientific Name	Common Name	Density
<i>Acanthurus</i> sp.	doctorfish	0.0005
<i>Apogon pseudomaculatus</i>	twospot cardinalfish	0.0004
<i>Balistes capriscus</i>	grey triggerfish	0.0004
<i>Balistes</i> sp.	triggerfish	0.0001
<i>Balistes vetula</i>	queen triggerfish	0.0001
<i>Bodianus pulchellus</i>	spotfin hogfish	0.0034
<i>Calamus</i> sp.	porgy	0.0001
<i>Canthigaster rostrata</i>	sharpnose puffer	0.0067
<i>Centropristis ocyurus</i>	bank sea bass	0.0001
<i>Cephalopholis cruentata</i>	graysby	0.0001
<i>Chaetodon ocellatus</i>	spotfin butterflyfish	0.0004
<i>Chaetodon sedentarius</i>	reef butterflyfish	0.0057
<i>Chaetodon</i> sp.	butterflyfish	0.0016
Chaetodontidae	butterflyfish	0.0003
<i>Chromis enchrysurus</i>	yellowtail reeffish	0.0128
<i>Chromis insolata</i>	sunshinefish	0.0011
<i>Chromis scotti</i>	purple reeffish	0.0025
<i>Chromis</i> sp.	damselfish	0.0007
<i>Fistularia</i> sp.	cornetfish	0.0001
<i>Fistularia tabacaria</i>	bluespotted cornetfish	0.0001
<i>Gymnothorax moringa</i>	spotted moray eel	0.0007
<i>Haemulon aurolineatum</i>	tomtate	0.0240
<i>Haemulon striatum</i>	striped grunt	0.0133
<i>Halichoeres garnoti</i>	yellowhead wrasse	0.0005
<i>Halichoeres</i> sp.	wrasse	0.0106
<i>Holacanthus bermudensis</i>	blue angelfish	0.0025
Holocentridae	squirrelfish	0.0010
<i>Lachnolaimus maximus</i>	hogfish	0.0003
<i>Lactophrys quadricornis</i>	scrawled cowfish	0.0001
<i>Lactophrys</i> sp.	cowfish	0.0002
<i>Liopropoma eukrines</i>	wrasse bass	0.0003
<i>Lutjanus analis</i>	mutton snapper	0.0001
<i>Muraena retifera</i>	reticulate moray eel	0.0001
Muraenidae	moray eel	0.0002
<i>Mycteroperca phenax</i>	scamp	0.0001
<i>Myripristis jacobus</i>	blackbar soldierfish	0.0009
<i>Pagrus pagrus</i>	red porgy	0.0003

Dive Site: ROV 14-29; Florida, Inside North Florida MPA, 70 m Ridge, UNCW Dive 79

<i>Pareques umbrosus</i>	cubbyu	0.0005
<i>Pomacanthus paru</i>	french angelfish	0.0002
Priacanthidae	bigeye	0.0001
<i>Priacanthus arenatus</i>	bigeye	0.0003
<i>Pristigenys alta</i>	short bigeye	0.0003
<i>Prognathodes aya</i>	bank butterflyfish	0.0005
<i>Pseudupeneus maculatus</i>	spotted goatfish	0.0003
<i>Pterois volitans</i>	lionfish	0.0020
<i>Rhomboplites aurorubens</i>	vermillion snapper	0.0238
<i>Rypticus</i> sp.	soapfish	0.0001
<i>Seriola rivoliana</i>	almaco jack	0.0001
<i>Seriola</i> sp.	amberjack	0.0001
<i>Serranus annularis</i>	orangeback bass	0.0010
<i>Serranus baldwini</i>	lantern bass	0.0007
<i>Serranus phoebe</i>	tattler	0.0024
<i>Sparisoma</i> sp.	parrotfish	0.0001
<i>Stegastes partitus</i>	bicolor damselfish	0.0001